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DREER'S GARDEN GARDEN

1880.

Philadelphia.

Spring Grove Nurseries

ANI

SEED FARM, RIVERTON, N. J.

E invite our friends and patrons to visit our establishments at No. 714 Chestnut street, and Riverton, N. J. In the former may be found Vegetable and Flower Seeds of undoubted character, and every requisite for the garden and conservatory. The latter, which is located on the Delaware River, opposite the city, is reached by the steamboats Columbia and Twilight, excepting in mid-winter, steamboats leaving Chestnut street wharf; and the Pennsylvania Railroad (Amboy Division) by hourly trains leaving from Market street ferry. The trip on the river (30 minutes) makes it one of the most delightful excursions that can be had around Philadelphia. Information as to the running of trains and boats will be given at the Seed Establishment, or by consulting any daily paper. The grounds are within five minutes' walk of the Railroad Station or the Steamboat Landing.

OUR PLANT DEPARTMENT

contains one of the largest and finest selections of plants in the country. Direct correspondence with and personal visits to the leading houses in Europe enable us to import every novelty as it appears. Especial attention is paid to the introduction of the best new varieties of

ROSES, FUCHSIAS, GERANIUMS, GLADIOLUS, Etc., Etc.

Nearly fifty acres are devoted to the growing of the more hardy kinds of Shrubs, Roses, Dahlias, Bulbs, and Flower Seeds, and upwards of 50,000 square feet of glass are employed in the propagation and cultivation of choice Exotics and plants suitable for the decoration of the house or garden.

THE SEED AND TRIAL GROUNDS

are under our personal supervision. Every new variety is fully tested, and all new and choice varieties grown with great care for seed stock, thus insuring our customers at all times from loss by spurious or defective seeds. In short, every effort is made on our part in the sending out of Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, etc., in the character of the article sent, as well as in packing, to insure the purchaser against loss.

DREER'S

GARDEN CALENDAR



REVISED EDITION.

DESIGNED TO FURNISH BRIEF DIRECTIONS FOR THE CULTIVATION AND
MANAGEMENT OF

The Pegetable and Flower Harden.

Illustrated with Engravings, and containing

SELECT LISTS OF

VEGETABLE, FLOWER AND GRASS SEEDS,

BULBS, PLANTS, SMALL FRUITS,

ANT

EVERYTHING FOR THE GARDEN.

HENRY A. DREER,

Seedsman and florist,

HORTICULTURE AND SEED WAREHOUSE,

No. 714 Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

WILLIAM F. DREER.

WILLIAM H. SMITH.

Directions to Correspondents.

OUR government still adhering to the obnoxious postal laws governing the distribution of seeds, plants, etc., through the mails, and in protection to our large home-trade, we are compelled to revise the former rules and prices established, and request your attention to the following, which we propose doing.

1st. We will deliver POSTAGE-PAID, to any Post Office in the United States, Vegetable and

Flower Seeds in PACKETS AND OUNCES when ordered at catalogue rates.

2d. In ordering Vegetable, Grass, or Agricultural Seeds by the POUND OR QUART or fraction thereof, 16 cents per pound or 25 cents per quart, or at this rate for the fraction, must be remitted to cover postage.

3d. We will deliver POSTAGE-PAID to any Post Office in the United States, Plants and Bulbs at the single rate. If ordered by the dozen or hundred, the SINGLE PRICE must be remitted to cover postage.

4th. Brackets, Rustic Work, Pots, Implements, Liquid Insect Destroyers, and miscellaneous

articles can be sent only by Express or Freight at the purchaser's expense.

5th. It will be very much cheaper to the purchaser if goods are ordered to be sent by Express, Freight or Steamer at their expense, when desired, in quantities of pounds, quarts, and upwards. No charge made for boxes and packing, except bags, which are charged at the following prices, for $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, 1 and 2 bushel bags, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cts. each.

How to Send Money.—All sums of one dollar and upwards may only be sent at our risk and expense, if forwarded according to the following directions, viz.:

Post Office Money Orders, to be obtained at many Post Offices, costing from 10 to 25 cents. This is the best way where obtainable in your own or neighboring town.

Drafts on Philadelphia or New York can be obtained from any bank.

Registered Letters.—When neither a Post Office order nor draft may be obtained, money may be enclosed in a Registered Letter. The cost of registering is 10 cents.

Postage Stamps.—These we can use to great advantage, and will prove to many a convenient way of remitting, where paper currency is not obtainable.

The expense of forwarding money in either of the above ways may be deducted from the amount of the order, or we will send seeds as an equivalent when so desired. We disclaim all responsibility when remittances are not made as above directed.

Forward Money with the Order.—Please send money with the order, sufficient to cover the whole bill, to facilitate the execution of your orders. During the busy season, to make out bills for customers, mail, charge, and in a few days receive the money, make the proper credit, and send receipt, requires more work than we can possibly perform during the great press of business in the spring.

C. O. D.—We decline sending perishable goods Collect on Delivery to distant points, unless a remittance be made on account to guarantee the acceptance. Persons often order small packages sent in this way, and the express charges sometimes amount to more than the goods.

ERRORS.—We exercise the utmost care in the filling of orders, striving to do a little more than we offer, yet in the press of business errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact, and will make such corrections as will be perfectly satisfactory. Please keep copies of all orders.

The Safe Arrival of Packages Guaranteed.—We guarantee the safe arrival of packages of Seeds, Bulbs and Plants in good condition in every case. If a package is injured or lost, we will replace it as soon as informed of the fact.

Name and Address.—Please remember to write your Name, Post Office, County and State as distinctly as possible, especially the name; also the nearest Express Office, when goods are ordered to be shipped in this way.

Please Write the Orders Legibly in a list apart from the body of the letter, to facilitate execution and prevent errors; orders for plants should be on a separate sheet; the departments are separate, but shipments of seeds and plants are made in one parcel, to save additional express charges.

Address,

HENRY A. DREER, No. 714 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Lock-Box 37.

VEGETABLE GARDEN.

PREPARATION OF THE GROUND.—To secure a fair return in seasonable crops, for the labor and outlay invested, it is essential that the soil of the Vegetable Garden should be well underdrained, thoroughly trenched or subsoiled, and enriched by a judicious application of fertilizing material. It is still the current opinion, based on experience, that for all purposes well-composted barn-yard manure, when available, is the best material. We do not deny, however, that several of the concentrated manures, now manufactured, are useful and convenient, especially for a succession of crops.

The exposure of a garden has much to do with the early maturity of the crops; an exposure to the morning sun is desirable. The soil must be in a friable state to secure the prompt vegetation of the seeds, and the destruction, or rather prevention, of weeds, is one of the most desirable results of frequent stirring of the surface. Soils are susceptible of alteration and improvement in texture; heavy clays can be rendered open and porous, and light sandy soils may be consolidated and rendered more retentive of moisture. For all such details we must refer the amateur to more extensive treatises on these subjects, to be found in our "Farmer's and Gardener's Library." See page 128.

GARDEN REQUISITES.—There are several aids to the economical management of the garden, which are almost indispensable; one of these is the HOT-BED frame for the forwarding of plants

for early planting. A frame, such as is shown in the cut, may be made of various sizes, according to the size of garden, from four sashes upwards. The length of sash is generally 6 feet by 4 wide, the size of glass, 8 by 10 inches, including sash bearers, making the entire frame of four sashes 16 feet 3 inches by 6 feet. The frame should have a southern or southeastern exposure, should be made up with fresh horse



manure and a few leaves mixed with it: this must be laid in a heap preparatory to being used, and when in a proper state of fermentation, is prepared for the reception of the frame. 10 inches of rich loamy soil must be spread over the manure, then cover the frame with the sashes and after standing a few days to allow the rank heat and steam to pass off, the seed can be sown. Where the ground is well drained, a better plan is to dig out a space the size of the frame, from 1 to 2 feet deep, according to the season and the heat required, in which the manure is placed, care being taken to pack it firmly and evenly.

The Cold Frame for wintering Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce Plants, etc., should be constructed of inch boards 1 foot high at the back by 9 inches high in front and 6 feet wide; five short posts to the length of 16 feet boards will answer to keep in position. The shutters should be 6 feet 4 inches long by 3 feet wide. The soil should be enriched by old manure unless in good order; the object being to preserve and not to grow during the winter. Give plenty of air by raising the shutters, but on no consideration open the frame or expose the plants to the sun when the ground or plants are frozen.

Very many who read this article on hot-beds and cold frames have never seen either, and are perhaps never likely to have one; to such there is an excellent substitute on hand in most dwellings, in the kitchen or basement windows, facing South or East, inside of which is a temperature usually not far from that required for the vegetation of seeds, and where seeds of early vegetables, or tender plants for the flower border, may be raised nearly as well and with far less attention than in a hot-bed.

In addition to the Hot-bed Frame, mats or shutters will be required to cover the sash during cold days and nights. To work the garden, the necessary implements—spade, fork, shovel, rakes, hoes, trowel, garden-line and reel, watering-pot, and wheelbarrow, are the most important.

ROTATION OF CROPS.—As different plants appropriate different substances, care should be taken that deep-rooted plants, such as Beets, Carrots, Parsnips, etc., are not planted successive seasons on the same soil, but should be followed by those plants whose roots extend but little below the surface, such as Onions, Lettuce, Cabbage, Spinach, etc.

REMARKS ON THE FAILURE OF SEEDS.

FROM a conviction that the Seedsman's fair reputation is often unjustly defamed, through the failure of seeds, we would with brevity state some of the causes:

1. That some cultivators, through ignorance or forgetfulness of the fact that the products of a garden, being natives of various soils and climates, require peculiar management, deposit their seeds in the ground at an improper season. To aid such we have prepared brief directions, founded on practical experience in the vicinity of Philadelphia, where gardening operations are generally commenced early in March. These directions may, however, be applied to all other parts of the United States, by a minute observance of the difference in temperature.

Thus, to the North, the directions for March will apply to April; and at the South to January, February or whatever season gardening operations may commence in the respective States. The early and most hardy species and varieties should not be planted until the ground can be brought into good condition, as some species of plants, that in an advanced stage of growth will stand a hard winter, are often cut off by a very slight frost while young, especially if exposed to the sun after a frosty night.

- 2. That some species of seeds, such as Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Lettuce, Radish, Salsify, Turnip, etc., being from their nature apt to vegetate quickly, are often destroyed while germinating, through variableness of the weather, and some are liable to be devoured by insects in forty-eight hours after they are sown, and before a plant is seen above ground, unless a suitable remedy is applied in time to annoy the insects.
- 3. That some species, such as Carrot, Celery, Leek, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Spinach, etc., being naturally of tardy growth, taking (in unfavorable seasons) from two to three or four weeks to vegetate, are apt to perish through incrustation of the soil, or other untoward and unaccountable circumstances which cannot always be controlled.
- 4. That the failures often occur through Seeds being deposited too deeply in the ground, or left too near the surface. Sometimes, for want of sufficiency of Seed in a given spot, solitary plants will perish, they not having sufficient strength to open the pores of the earth, and very frequently injudicious management in manuring and preparing the soil will cause defeat.
- 5. That in some sowings of Seed made during dry weather with a drought following, a total failure often occurs from neglecting to firmly press or roll in the Seeds, so when they germinate the action of the heat and drought may not affect the germ. We are satisfied that thousands of pounds of Turnip, late Cabbage, Celery and other summer-sown Seeds are annually lost from this neglect. Never tread or roll in the Seeds when the ground is wet.

For instructions on these and all other subjects of Gardening, the reader is referred to "American Gardener's Assistant," "Gardening for Profit," or other works on this subject to be found in our "Farmer's and Gardener's Library." See page 128.

Extract.—Some Gardeners raise Egg-Plants, etc., in the same hot-bed frame with Cabbage, and such other half hardy plants as require air every mild day; by such management one or the other must suffer for want of suitable aliment—heat being the principal food of tender plants, and air that of the more hardy species.

TO THE MARKET GARDENERS.

OUR advantages in growing and having specially grown for our trade the varieties best adapted to soil and climate, as well as testing and cleaning seeds, together with our long experience in supplying the wants of the trade, around this city and the larger cities of the country, enable us to offer the best stock, which cannot fail to give the best possible results to the market gardener, as well as the amateur who may desire to grow a few choice vegetables.

The first seed catalogue issued by our house was sent out in 1839, in a circular form; but the first edition of this annual was published in 1861 in a 12mo. form of 48 pages. The contrast may assure you that the forty-two years of faithful devotion to our patrons' interests has been fully rewarded and appreciated, and it is our earnest aim and endeavor to pursue the same policy in the future to merit a continuance of your patronage by liberal and prompt dealing, and sending out only fresh and genuine seeds and reliable stock at reasonable prices.

USEFUL TABLES.

The following tables may be useful to the Farmer and Gardener in showing the number of plants or trees that may be raised on an acre of ground; also, the quantity of seed required for an acre, with the number of plants that can be grown from an ounce of seed, should the weather be favorable and the seed be preserved from the destruction of insects. We would however recommend a slight increase on the quantities to allow for these contingencies.

NUMBER OF PLANTS OR TREES TO THE ACRE AT GIVEN DISTANCES.

DISTANCE APART.	NO. OF PLANTS.	DISTANCE APART.	NO. OF PLANTS
½ "by 1 ft ½ " by 1 ft		20 "	680 533 434 434 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195

QUANTITY OF SEED USUALLY SOWN TO THE ACRE.

Beans, Dwarf, drills	u.
" Pole, hills Parsnip, drills 5 H	25
Beet, drills	u.
Broom Corn, hills	"
Buckwheat, broadcast	os.
Cabbage, hills	11
Carrot, drills	26
Corn Salad, drills	m.
" Field, hills 6 qts. Salsify, drills 8 lb	S.
" Sweet, hills	6
" (for soiling), drills 3 bu. Squash (bush varieties), hills 3 "	6
Cueumber, hills	
Melon, Musk, hills 2 " Turnip, drills 11 12 "	6
" Water, " 3 " broadcast	6
Onion (for bulbs), drills	6
" (for sets), drills	u.

QUANTITY OF GRASS SEEDS USUALLY SOWN TO THE ACRE.

White Clover	10 lbs.	Millet	. 1	bn
Red "	15 "	Blue and Green Grass	3	66
Lucerne "	20 "	Rye "	. 2	66
Alsike "	15 "	Orchard "	. 2	46
Timothy, alone	½ bu.	Red Top or Herd "	. 3	"
Hungarian	1 "	Mixed Lawn "	. 3	23

NUMBER OF PLANTS PRODUCED FROM ONE OUNCE OF SEED, AS FOLLOWS:

PLANTS.	PLANTS.
Broccoli " 2,000 Cabbage " 2,000 Cauliflower " 2,000 Celery " 3,000 Egg Plant " 1,000	Kale about 2,000 Leek. " 1,000 Lettuce. " 3,000 Pepper. " 2,000 Tomato. " 3,000 Sage. " 1,000
Endive " 3,000	Thyme

Novelties and Special Varieties IN VEGETABLE SEEDS for 1880, will be found in our Supplement following page 80 in this Garden Calendar.

SELECT LIST

OF

VEGETABLE SEEDS.

In submitting our Calendar containing this select list of vegetable seeds, it is only necessary to state that our stock has been selected with great care, either grown by ourselves or by responsible growers under our personal supervision. We invariably test our seed, that nothing may be sent out but what we know will vegetate and prove true to name and description. Aware of the importance in distributing such seeds that can be relied upon, great care is used to supply every article true to name and of good quality, but nothing is warranted. The varieties of vegetable seeds, which we have printed in heavy type, are such as have proved to be the best for general cultivation.

To prevent misunderstanding we have annexed a list of prices to each article by the *Packet*, *Ounce*, *Pound*, or *Quart* and *Bushel*. Orders of one Peck or one quarter pound, will be supplied at bushel or pound rates. Ounces or half ounces, quarts or pints, at ounce or quart rates. When ordered to be sent BY MAIL, 16 cents per pound or 25 cents per quart or fraction thereof, must be remitted to cover postage; when ordered by the packet or ounce, we will mail free of postage as heretofore. Please see Directions to Correspondents, page 2.

ARTICHOKE.

Artischoke, GER. Artichaut, FR. Alcachofa, SPAN.

Sow the seeds early in April, in rich soil, in drills 1 inch deep and about 12 inches apart. When one year old transplant in well-manured ground, in rows 5 feet apart, and 2 feet from plant to plant. Protect during the winter with a covering of manure or leaves. After being once planted the bed will remain in bearing for years.

ASPARAGUS.

Spargel, Ger. Asperge, Fr. Esparragos, SPAN.

Soak the seed in warm water for 24 hours before sowing. Sow in March or April, in rich soil. Drill it thinly in rows a foot apart. When two years old, transplant into permanent beds, which should be well and deeply manured. Set out the plants from 3 to 4 feet apart each way and 6 inches deep. On the approach of winter clear off the bed, and cover with a dressing of manure, or compost; fork up the beds early in the spring, and apply a dressing of salt annually to the bed, after the season or cutting—which is not only beneficial to the plants, but will keep the bed clear of weeds.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL. The best variety, unrivalled in size, productiveness, Pkt. and quality..... 60 Two YEAR OLD ROOTS of the above............Per 100, \$1.25; per 1000, \$8. By mail \$2 per 100.

BEANS-English Dwarfs.

Puffbohnen, Ger. . Feve de Marais, Fr. Haba, SPAN.

To succeed well, these must be planted early, as the summer heat causes the blossoms to drop off prematurely. Being quite hardy, plant as soon as the frost is out of the ground, in strong, loamy soil, in drills 2 feet apart. Pinch off the tops as soon as the lower pods begin to fill.

		Pkt.		
EARLY MAZAGAN.	Very early and hardy	10	40	8 00
Broad Windsor.	The best for general culture	10	40	8 00

BEANS-Dwarf, or Snap-Short.

Buschbohnen, GER. Haricot, Fr. Frijolenano, SPAN.

All the varieties of this class are tender, and will not bear the cold, except the Mohawk, Yellow Six Weeks and Refugee varieties, which can be planted earlier than the rest, and are the first in our market. We have only made a selection of the best of the many varieties of the Dwarf, Bush, or Snap. Plant about the middle of April, if the ground is warm and the season favorable, and at intervals throughout the season for a succession, finishing about the 15th of August. The best mode of culture is in rows 2 feet apart, and the beans 2 or 3 inches in the rows. Keep well hoed, and draw the earth up to their stems, but only when dry, as earth scattered on the leaves when wet with rain or dew, will cause them to rust and injure the crop.

Novelties and Special Varieties in Vegetable Seeds for 1880, will be found in our Supplement following page 80 in this Garden Calendar.

BEANS-Dwarf, or Snap-Short-Continued.

Early Mohawk. The hardiest and most productive of the early varieties, productive and will endure a light frost	kt.	Qt.	Bu.
and will endure a light trost.	10	30	
EARLY LONG TELLOW SIX WEEKS. Hardy and profine as the above	10	30	6 00
REFUGEE, OR BROWN VALENTINE. Very productive, and will stand a slight			
	10	30	6 00
EARLY CHINA RED EYE. Very early, of good quality, as a string or shelled			
bean, green or dry	10	25	5 00
EXTRA EARLY NEWINGTON WONDER. Very productive, pods round, crisp,			
and tender valuable for forcing	10	25	5 00
Early Red Speckled Valentine. One of our leading market varieties,			
pods round, fleshy, tender, and succulent, remaining longer in the green			
state than most varieties	10	30	6 00
Early White Valentine. Produced from the Red Speckled Valentine, of			
equal productiveness and quality, the seed being white gives it addi-			
	10	35	7 00
German Black Wax. One of our best varieties; pods, when fit for use, are			
	10	40	9 00
WHITE WAX. A variety of the above: pods vellow and of good quality, and	-		
valued for its white seed	10	40	9 00
valued for its white seed		10	0 0.5
Wax; pods long, brittle, entirely stringless, of a rich golden color; as a			
snap it excels all others in rich, buttery flavor, while as a bean for win-			
ter use it has few equals	10	50	10 00
white Marrowfat. Extensively grown for sale as a dry bean for winter use,	10	00	10 00
availant shalled aither even or dev	10	95	5 00
excellent shelled, either green or dry	10	20	0.00
DARGE WHITE KIDNET. One of the best as a shelled winter bean, either	10	0=	5 00
RED FRENCH, OB MARROW. A productive winter shelled variety, exten-	10	20	0.00
rendered to the Sauthern restlect	10	0=	= 00
sively grown for the Southern market	10	20	5 00
BLACK TURTLE SOUP. Used as a winter shelled bean, for which it is much	4.0	0.7	- 00
esteemed, and makes an excellent soup resembling that of green-turtle	10	25	5 00

BEANS-Pole, or Running,

Stangen Bohnen, GER. Haricots à Rames, FR. Frijol vastago, SPAN.

All under this head require poles 8 to 10 feet long, and should not be planted until the ground is warm, as they are more tender than the dwarf varieties. Plant about the middle of May, if the season is suitable. The Lima Beans are very susceptible of cold and wet, and apt to rot in the ground, and should not be planted until the season is favorable and the ground warm. Fix poles in the ground, 4 feet apart each way, and plant four to six beans about half an inch deep around each pole, placing the eve downwards, and thin out to three plants to a pole, if the soil be rich; pinch off the ends when the plants overrun the top of the poles, to effect more perfect growth below. They succeed best in sandy loam, with a shovelful of rich, light, and well-rotted compost to each hill, well incorporated. They transplant easily if grown in frames, so as to fill up around the poles, where they miss or fail to come up, owing to unfavorable weather. The German Wax and Giant Wax are superior varieties as snap-shorts, the pods being very tender and stringless.

Large White Lima. One of the best of the pole beans for use, shelled either Pkt. green or dry, and a universal favorite	Qt. 60		Bu. 00
	75	16	00
	50	10	00
	60	14	00
HORTICULTURAL, OR SPECKLED CRANBERRY. An old favorite; equally good	40	8	00
as a snap or shelled in the green or dry state	40	8	00
	40		00
Drn Charpens 1 and accept a majority of the charge		-	
WHITE DUTCH RUNNER. An ornamental variety, with large white seed and	40	8	00
beautiful clusters of white flowers, also good as a shelled bean	50	10	00
for ornament as well as table use	50	10	00

BEET.

Rothe oder Runkelrübe, GER. Betterave, FR. Remolacha, SPAN.

The Beet is universally cultivated even in the smallest vegetable gardens, and used in all its stages of growth. The soil best suited for Beet culture is that which is rather light, provided it is well enriched with manure. Sow in drills 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep, as early as the ground can be worked in the spring, for an early supply, and when the plants are large enough thin out to stand 6 or 8 inches apart in the rows, continuing for a succession as late as the middle of July for the early varieties. Keep free from weeds by hand-weeding and hoeing, unless they are planted far enough apart to use a cultivator. The Sugar and Mangel Wurzel varieties are grown for Feeding Stock, and should be sown from April to June in drills 2 feet apart, and afterwards thinned out to stand 1 foot apart in the rows; keep well cultivated and you will have an abundant crop of roots for winter use.

EXTRA EARLY BASSANO. Prized for its earliness; flesh white and rose; it is tender and juicy	Pkt. 5	0z. 10	lb. 75
egyptian Blood Turnip. One of the earliest blood-red varieties, of good quality and medium size, fine for forcing	5	15	1 00
fine turnip form and bright-red color	5 5	15 10	1 00 60
red, tender, and will do for late keeping	5	10	60
and for winter use plant about the middle of July	5	15	1 00
sweet and tender; do not sow later than the middle of June	5	10	75
and the leaves used as Spinach	5	10	80
The following varieties are grown for Feeding Stock:			
IMPROVED IMPERIAL SUGAR. A great improvement on the French Sugar Beet, recommended as hardier, more productive and containing a greater percent-			
age of sugar	5	10	1 00
above the ground; fine for feeding. Cultivated in Europe for its sugar Long Red Mangel Wurzel. Grown extensively for agricultural purposes,	5	10	50
producing large roots partly above ground, of good quality	5	10	50
and produces better crops than the Long Red, on shallow soil	5	10	60
in color	5	10	60

BROCCOLI.

Spargel-Kohl, Ger. Chou Brocoli, Fr. Broculi, Span.

Produce heads in autumn like Cauliflower, but more hardy. The Cape varieties we offer are best adapted to our climate. Sow about the middle of May; transplant and manage as winter Cabbage, in well-enriched soil. For an early crop the seed should be sown in a hot-bed and managed as early Cauliflower. It succeeds best in a moist soil and cool climate, and in the South it can be had in perfection from November to March.

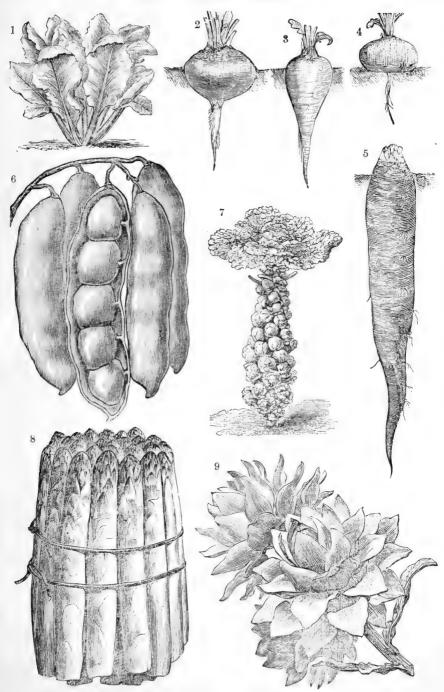
Early Purple Cape. This is the best for the North, producing compact	Pkt.	Oz.
heads, of a brownish purple, and good flavor	10	50
EARLY WHITE CAPE. Not as early as the above; heads large, of a creamy		
white; close, and most certain to head	10	80

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Rosen-Kohl, Ger. Chou de Bruxelles, Fr. Breton de Bruselas, Span.

Produces from the stem small heads, resembling Cabbage in miniature. The sprouts are used as greens, and become very tender when touched by the frost. Sow in May, and manage as winter Cabbage.

IMPROVED DWARF. Producing compact sprouts of fine quality. Per pkt. 5 ets.; oz. 20.; lb. \$2.



- 1. Swiss Chard Beet.
 2. Bastian's Extra Early Red Beet.
 3. Bastian's Half-Long Blood Beet.
 4. Egyptian Blood Turnip Beet.
 9. Large Green Globe Artichoke.

CABBAGE.

Kopf-Kohl, GER. Chou Pomme, FR. Repollo, SPAN.

The early sorts may be raised as follows: Sow the seed in well-prepared, rich ground, about The early sorts may be raised as follows: Sow the seed in well-prepared, first ground, about the 15th of September. When the plants are large enough to transplant, pick them out of the seed-bed, into frames. In planting, it is important to set the plants down to the first leaf, so that the stem is all under ground; if exposed they will be split by the frost, which will injure them. Protect the plants during severe weather, with a covering of boards, observing to give them plenty of air and light during mild weather. Large plants are liable to run to seed, should the winter be mild. Make rather two sowings and select small but stocky plants. They may also be reised by sowing the seed very early in the spring in hot beds—afterwards plant out in also be raised by sowing the seed very early in the spring, in hot-beds—afterwards plant out in deep and well-manured ground, in rows 2 feet apart. They should be hoed every week, and the ground stirred deeper as they advance in growth, drawing a little more earth to the plants each time, hilling up when they begin to head.

The autumn and winter sorts, sow in April or early in May, in a moderately shaded border,

in shallow drills, 3 or 4 inches apart.

Transplant early in July, in rows 2½ feet apart. Cabbage succeeds best in a fresh, rich soil, well manured and deeply dug or plowed. The late plants are subject to attacks of the cabbage-fly, destroying them as fast as they appear above ground. Various remedies are recommended for the preservation of the plants, such as sprinkling them with wood-ashes, airslaked lime, plaster, or tobacco, which should be performed early in the morning while the dew is on the plants.

The Oxheart and Jersey Wakefield varieties are grown largely for the Philadelphia markets, the former being quite early and producing large heads, the latter coming in at once after the Oxheart has been cut. The Philadelphia Flat Dutch and Drumhead are the favorite late varie-

ties. We flatter ourselves on having a pure and superior stock of these sorts.

Early French Oxheart. A favorite variety among the market gardeners,		Oz.	lb.
very early, heads close and firm, tender, and of fine flavor; extra fine stock\$0 EARLY YORK. A small dwarf-heading variety, very early and tender	10 5	30 20	3 00 2 00
endures the heat well; extra fine stock	10	30	3 00
endures the heat well; extra fine stock	10	30	3 00
EARLY WYMAN. A valuable variety for market; heads of large size, and of	4.0	F-0	F 00
first quality	10	50	5 00
coming in a few days later than the Wakefield, and rarely bursting open			
when ripe	10	50	6 00
Early Jersey Wakefield. A favorite market gardener's variety; it is very			0 00
early, following the Oxheart, of good quality and sure to head; extra fine			
stock	10	50	5 00
Early Improved Flat Brunswick. The best early Flat Dutch for market			
gardeners, a splendid second-early and late sort; short stem, large solid heads, always sure; extra fine stock	10	40	4 00
LARGE EARLY SCHWEINFURT. A large second-early summer or fall variety		40	4 00
FILDERKRAUT. A favorite German variety, with solid conical heads, either	10		2 00
for early or late	10	50	5 00
Dreer's Early Drumhead. A favorite with the market gardeners; a second-			
early, large, solid-heading variety, grown with great care for that trade	10	40	4 00
Large Late Drumhead. A favorite winter variety with the market gar-			
deners; extra large solid heads, a little later than the Flat Dutch; our	10	30	3 00
Superior stock	10	30	5 00
large solid heads	10	40	4 00
Large Flat Dutch. The favorite winter Philadelphia market variety;			
short stem, and large solid flat heads: our superior stock	10	30	3 00
STONE MASON, OR MARBLEHEAD. A large, solid, tender, free-heading winter	4.0	40	4 00
variety	10	40	4 00
attack of insects	10	30	3 00
Red Drumhead. A large red-heading variety for pickling	10	40	4 00
EARLY RED DUTCH. An earlier variety than the above, valuable for pickling.	10	30	3 00
GREEN CURLED SAVOY. This does not make a solid head, but being very			
tender is used for boiling	5	20	2 00
DRUMHEAD SAVOY. Grows to a large size, heads nearly round and tender	5	30	3 00
Improved Drumhead Savoy. American grown seed of superior quality,			
the largest solid-heading sort, of excellent flavor, with the richness of the	10	40	4 00
	10	10	1 00
CAULIFLOWER.			

Blumen-Kohl, Ger. Chou-Fleur, Fr. Coliflor, SPAN.

Sow for early about the middle of September or October, in a bed of clean rich earth. Transplant in frames and cover with sashes and shutters during severe weather, giving them light



and air every mild day. Where this is not practicable, they may be had nearly as well, by sowing the seed in a hot-bed in January or February, and when the plants are large enough transplant in boxes or in the soil of another hot-bed, until time to plant out, say from the 20th of March to the 10th of April. If hardened off, they are seldom injured by planting out as early as the ground can be properly prepared, into a bed of the richest earth, $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Keep them well hoed and bring the earth gradually up to their stems. The Cauliflower succeeds best when planted in frames at the close of winter, and brought to maturity before the summer heat sets in. The late varieties mature in the autumn, and are sown and managed similarly to winter Cabbage, and transplanted in well-enriched soil in July.

winter Cabbage, and transplanted in well-enriched soil in July.	Pkt.	Oz.
EARLY LONDON. A good old variety, with white compact heads		75
HALF EARLY PARIS. One of the popular early, white sure-heading varieties.	10	1 00
Earliest Selected Dwarf Erfurt. The earliest in cultivation, small-leaved		
dwarf for forcing, producing very solid pure-white heads of the finest qual-		
ity; about 15 inches high; and has proven the best for the above purpose	25	5 00
Early Dwarf Erfurt. A favorite early market variety productive large		
white, compact heads of good quality	. 20	1 50
ALGIERS. An extra fine late variety, for the market, and sure to head	10	1 00
LARGE LATE WALCHEREN. A good old variety, producing large white heads.	10	75
Lenormand's Short-Stem. A large, late, short-stemmed variety, with		
well-formed white heads, of extra quality; in great favor with the gcrdeners.	20	1 50
VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. One of the finest late varieties, of robust habit,		
heads large, compact and thoroughly protected by the leaves	20	1 50

CARDOON.

Kardonen, GER. Cardon, FR. Cardo Hortense, SPAN.

Is much cultivated in Europe for culinary purposes. The stem of the leaves, which are thick and crisp, after being blanched in the same manner as Celery, are the eatable parts, and are generally used in soups or stews. They are in perfection during the autumn and winter. Sow in April; and when one year old transplant in trenches of well-manured ground 1 foot apart; the roots remain from year to year.

LARGE SOLID STALKED. The best variety......Per pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 40 cts.

CARROT.

Möhren, GER. Carotte, FR. Zanahoria, SPAN.

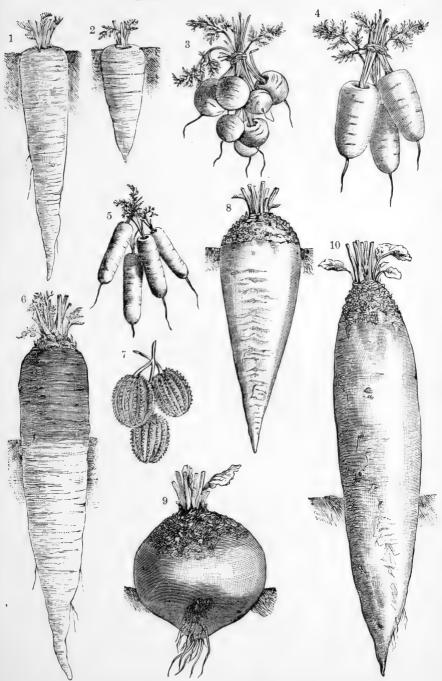
The early varieties are best for table use. For an early crop sow as soon as the ground is in working order, for a late crop sow in June and July; when sown late they excel the late varieties for table use. The large late varieties are suitable for a main crop. Sow in May and June, in drills about 12 inches apart, thin out to stand 4 inches in the rows. The most suitable ground for Carrots is that of a sandy loam, deeply tilled, which has been well manured for previous crops.

EARLY VERY SHORT HORN SCARLET. The earliest forcing variety, small root	Pkt.	Oz.	lb.
and excellent flavor\$	5	20	2 00
Early Scarlet Horn. The favorite early red summer variety	5	15	1 50
Early Half-Long Scarlet. (Point-rooted.) A desirable variety between			
the above and the Long Orange	5	15	1 50
EARLY HALF-LONG CARENTAN. (Stump-rooted.) An excellent new scarlet			
variety, without core	5	20	2 00
Improved Long Orange. The best late, deep orange-colored variety, for			
general culture as well as the garden, being preferred by dairymen for stock.	5	15	1 25
LONG RED ALTRINGHAM. A large, good-flavored field variety, for feeding			
stock	5	10	1 00
LARGE WHITE BELGIAN. Grows one-third above ground, large white roots,			
with green top, grown exclusively for feeding stock	5.	10	1 00
0 1/0			

CELERY.

Sellerie, GER. Celeri, FR. Apio, SPAN.

Sow the last of March or early in April on the open border, in rich mellow ground, in shallow drills, and in a situation where the plants can be protected from the parching heat of a summer sun; in dry weather water freely. By rolling or pressing in the seed the result has been more satisfactory than when covered. The tops are cut off once or twice before planting out, to make them stocky, and they suffer less from being transplanted. When the plants are 5 or 6 inches high, transplant a portion in trenches or on the level ground; the dwarf varieties 3 feet, and the tall sorts 4 feet between the rows, plants 6 inches apart in the rows; pressing the earth tight around the plants, to exclude the air from the roots, which is essential in setting out all kinds of plants; repeat at intervals of two or three weeks for a succession. As they advance in growth, cultivate to keep down the weeds, and when large enough blanch by earthing up, which should be performed gradually in fine weather, taking care not to bury the hearts of the plants. The



- 1. Improved Long Orange Carrot.
 2. Early Half-Long Scarlet Carrot.
 3. Early Very Short Horn Scarlet Carrot.
 4. Early Scarlet Horn Carrot.
 5. Early Half-Long Cabentan Caerot.

- 6. LARGE WHITE BELGIAN CARROT.
 7. SMALL GHERKIN, OR BURR CUCUMBER.
 8. IMPROVED IMPERIAL SUGAR BEET.
 9. YELLOW GLOBE MANOEL-WURZEL BEET.
 10. LONG RED MANGEL-WURZEL BEET.

Celeriac, or Turnip-rooted, may be planted either on level ground or in shallow drills. The root of it swells like a turnip, and may be preserved in sand through the winter; this is cooked and dressed similar to Beets. To store for winter use, select well-drained ground, dig trenches 1 foot wide and deep enough to cover the tops of the plants. Pack the stalks in this horizontally; cover with boards to shed the water, and in severe weather protect with straw or leaves. On wet soils place the stalks four layers deep on either side of a ridge, cover with 4 inches of soil and protect as described above. When wanted for use, open at one end.

Dreer's Large White Solid. Our favorite market variety, large, solid,	Pkt.	Oz.	lb).
crisp and very tender	10	40	4 0	00
SEYMOUR'S SUPERE WHITE. Large white stalks, crisp and solid			2 5	50
Boston Market Dwarf. This is the famous short, bushy, white, solid, fine				
flavored market celery	10	40	4 0	00
Incomparable Dwarf White. An excellent dwarf variety, crisp and solid.	5	25	2 5	50
HENDERSON'S HALF DWARF WHITE. Solid, crisp and nutty flavored	10	40	4 0	00
SANDRINGHAM DWARF WHITE. Produced by the gardener to the Prince of				
Wales; white, solid, crisp, and of fine flavor	10	40	4 0	00
COLE'S DEFIANCE RED. The best red variety, large, solid, crisp, and of supe-				
rior quality	5	25	2 5	50
CELERIAC, OR TURNIP-ROOTED. The root is cooked and sliced, and used with				
vinegar, making an excellent salad.	5	25	2 5	50
SOUP, OR FLAVORING CELERY. (Old Seed.) Used for flavoring soups, stews,				
and pepper sauce		10	6	30
F - F F				

CHERVIL.

Garten Körbel, GER. Cerfeuil, FR. Perifoleo, SPAN.

While young and tender, used as a small salad, and for seasoning soups, etc., like Parsley, of a pleasant aromatic taste. Sow in May, in drills half an inch deep, and thin out to stand 1 foot apart, in rich, well-manured ground.

CURLED, OR DOUBLE. Extra curled moss......Per pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; lb., \$2.

CHICORY.

Sow in April, and cultivate like Carrots. Cut up and dry the roots, roast and grind like coffee. Mix about one-fourth of ground Chicory with the coffee before cooking. It takes the deleterious effect from the coffee and improves its flavor.

LARGE ROOTED. The best substitute for coffee....... Per pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.; lb., \$1.

COLLARDS.

Blätter-Kohl, GER. Chou-Cabu, FR. Cabu, SPAN.

The popular greens, prized at the South, and so well adapted to that climate, and used as a substitute for Cabbage, in portions of the South where it is almost impossible to succeed in raising cabbage-heads. Sow from June to August for a succession, and cultivate the same as Cabbage; when large enough transplant in rows 1 foot apart each way, and hoe frequently.

CORN SALAD, -Fetticus.

Ackersalat, GER. Mache, FR. Canonigos, SPAN.

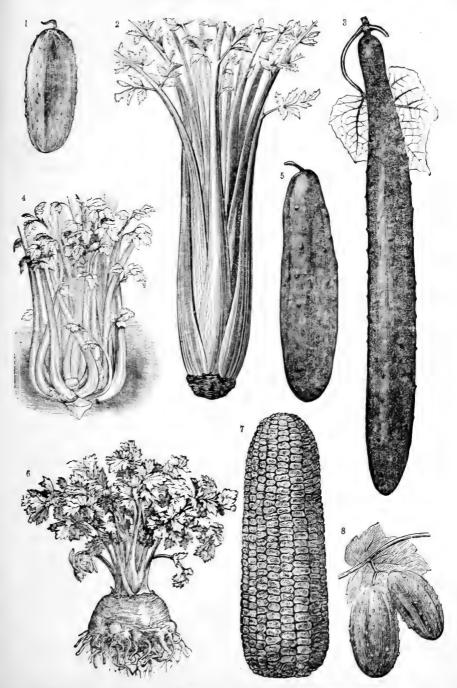
Used as a small salad throughout the winter and spring, and extensively grown for our markets. Sow on the opening of spring, in drills 1 foot apart, keeping down the weeds by frequent hoeing; it will mature in six to eight weeks. For winter and early spring use, sow in drills in August and September. Cover with straw on the approach of winter, the same as for Spinach.

CORN (Indian)-Garden, or Table Varieties.

Welschkorn, GER. Mais, FR. Maiz, SPAN.

Adam's Early is the hardiest, and can be planted about the middle of April, and is the first corn that appears in the market, but cannot compare with the Sugar varieties, which are the best for boiling for table use.

The Sweet or Sugar varieties being liable to rot in cold or wet ground, should not be planted until May, or when the ground has become warm, and for a succession, continue planting every two weeks, until the middle of July, in rich, well-manured ground, in hills 3 feet apart each way, or in rows 4 feet apart, and to stand 8 inches in the rows.



- IMPROVED EARLY WHITE-SPINED CUCUMBER.
 DREER'S LARGE WHITE SOLID CELERY.
 S. ENGLISH PRIZE CUCUMBER.
 BOSTON MARKET DWARF CELERY.

- 5. Tailby's Hybrid Cucumber. 6. Celeriac, or Turnip-Rooted Celery. 7. Evergren Sweet Corn. 8. Early Russian Cucumber.

CORN (Indian)-Garden, or Table Varieties-Continued.

Adams Extra Early. The hardiest and earliest variety for table use, but not a Sweet Corn, white grain and short ear	Ear. 5	Pkt. 10	Qt. 20	Bu. 4 00
grain, tender, and of good quality	5	10	25	5 00
EARLY MINNESOTA SWEET. One of the earliest, of dwarf habit, ears small, productive and good	5	10	25	5 00
Crosby's Extra Early Sugar. A favorite market variety, very early, productive, ears rather short, and rich sugary flavor	5	10	25	5 00
Triumph Sweet. The largest of the early varieties; ear large, productive, flavor rich and sweet; a fine market variety				5 00
BLACK MEXICAN SWEET. A variety with black ears, said to be the sweet-				
est of all	5	10	25	5 00
productive and fine flavored	10	10	20	4 00
excellent quality, remaining longer green than any other variety EGYPTIAN SWEET. A new large variety, somewhat resembling the Ever-	5	10	20	4 00
green, flavor peculiarly rich and sweet, and of superior quality	10	10	30	6 00
Ears of Sweet Corn when ordered to be sent by mail, remit 5 cts. for the small, and 10 cts. for the late are event in addition to present the small and 10 cts.	arge e	ars, a	nd she	elled 25
cts. per quart, in addition, to prepay postage.				

cts. per quart, in addition, to prepay postage.						
The following are Field Varieties.						
COMPTON'S EARLY YELLOW. The earliest variety, ripening in seventy-	Doz.	н	und.			
six days, producing from 100 to 150 bushels per acre, ears from 10 to 18 inches long, grain medium, bright yellow and flinty; only adapted	ears.	e	ars.	Qt.	В	u.
for mountain regions and north of Pennsylvania\$6	50	3	50	20	3	00
Early Yellow Canada, or Flint. The early ninety day variety, used principally for replanting, where the other varieties fail to come up; and then maturing at the same time with the common field varie-						
ties	50	3	00	20	3	00
EARLY LARGE WHITE FLINT. The old Hominy variety; early, productive, and of good quality	50	3	00	20	3	00
IMPROVED PROLIFIC WHITE. This new variety grows from 8 to 10 feet high, ears 9 inches long, grain plump and perfectly white, producing from 80 to 100 bushels per acre. A fine quality of flour is made from						
it, resembling that made of wheat	60	4	00	25	4	00
PENNSYLVANIA LARGE YELLOW. A productive yellow variety of good						
quality	50	3	00	20	3	00
Golden Dent, or Chester County Mammoth. The largest, best, and most profitable, yellow dent field corn	50	3	00	20	3	00
WHITE POP. For parching, the best variety			25		0	0.,
SWEET FODDER CORN. (For Soiling.) Profitable as green feed for milch cows					3	00
					-	

Ears of Field Corn when ordered to be sent by mail, remit 15 cts. each or \$1.50 per doz.; Pop Corn 25 cts. per doz. ears, and shelled 30 cts. per quart, in addition, to prepay postage.

CRESS.

Garten und Brunnen Kresse, GER. Cresson, FR. Mastuerzo, SPAN.

Peppergrass is extensively grown and used as a small salad. Sow early in the spring and at intervals throughout the season, for a succession, thickly in shallow drills, as it soon runs to seed. The Cresses are healthful and excellent salad plants. The Water Cress requires a stream of running water, ditch, or pond, in which it will grow without care, except keeping at first weeds from interfering with it. It is easily introduced by planting along the margins of ditches or streams, and increases rapidly by the spreading of the roots or from the seed. The leaves are eaten with salt, and are of an agreeable pungent taste.

EXTRA CURLED, OR PEPPERGRASS. Fine flavor, and can be cut several times.

5 10 50 TRUE WATER. An aquatic plant, with small oval leaves and prostrate habit... 10 50 5 00

CUCUMBER.

Gurke, Ger. Concombre, Fr. Cohombro, Span.

For very early Cucumbers, sow the first of April a few seeds in a hot-bed, upon pieces of sods, (grass side down,) so that they can be readily removed to transplant in the open ground, in rich soil, when danger of frost is over, or protect by hand-glasses. For early use, plant first week in May, if the weather has become settled and warm; they succeed best in a warm, moist, rich loamy soil, and continue at intervals for a succession, on hills about 4 feet apart each way; the hills should be previously prepared with a shovelful of well-rotted manure; thin out to four plants, after all danger from insects is over. For pickles, plant from June until the middle of July.

CUCUMBER—Continued.

EARLY RUSSIAN. The earliest hardy, productive variety, produced in pairs,	Pkt.	Oz.	1b.
of small fruit	5	15	1 25
EARLY FRAME. A good old variety, of medium size, straight, and excellent	_	10	1 00
for table use or pickling	Ð	10	1 00
Improved Early White-Spined. The favorite market variety, and largely used for forcing, medium to large size, deep green, crisp, fine flavor, and			
used for forcing, medium to large size, deep green, crisp, the havor, and	5	15	1 25
very productive Tailby's Hybrid. A variety hybridized with the White-Spined and English	9	10	1 20
Prize, retaining the beauty of the long English, and hardiness of the spined;			
an excellent table variety	5	20	2 00
GREEN PROLIFIC. A pickling variety, dark green, tender, crisp, productive,	•	20	= 00
of fine flavor, and of uniform size; also good for the table	5	15	1 50
LONDON LONG GREEN. A fine pickle, firm and crisp, of a good size	5	15	1 50
Long Green Turkey. The leading variety for pickling, of excellent qual-			
ity, dark green, firm and crisp	5	15	1 50
SMALL GHERKIN, OR BUBB. Also known as the West India, or Jerusalem			
Pickle; used only for pickling	5	25	2 50

CUCUMBERS-English Prize, or Frame Varieties.

These are the leading favorite varieties for forcing, attaining a length of 20 to 30 inches; they can be grown in hot-beds or hot-houses where the temperature does not fall below 65 degrees at night and 75 or 80 degrees during the day. Plant in the centre of a sash. Packets contain from five to ten seeds each, according to the scarcity of the variety.

	Pkt.		Pkt.
CHAMPION OF ENGLAND	25	GLORY OF ERFURT (White)	25
COOLING'S PROLIFIC	25	MANCHESTER PRIZE	25
EDWARD'S ECLIPSE	25	Pierson's Long Gun	25
GENERAL CANROBERT	25	SION HOUSE, IMPROVED	25
GENERAL GRANT	25	TELEGRAPH	25
GIANT OF ARNSTADT	25	TENDER AND TRUE (Scarce)	50

DANDELION-Leontodon Taraxacum.

Loewenzahn, GER. Pisse-en-lit, FR. Amargon, SPAN.

The Dandelion is a hardy perennial plant, resembling Endive, and affords one of the earliest and most healthful spring greens or salad; by blanching destroys somewhat their bitter taste. The roots, when dried and roasted, are often used as a substitute for coffee. The seed should be sown early in the spring in drills 18 inches apart, and thin out to 6 inches in the drills. Keep clear of weeds and the following spring it will be fit for the table.

EGG-PLANT.

Eierpflanze, GER. Aubergine, FR. Berengena, SPAN.

Sow in hot-beds early in March. When 3 inches high transplant into small pots, and plunge into the same bed, so that the plants may become stocky, which are readily planted out from the pots when the season becomes sufficiently warm, say June; or transplant into a second bed to make them strong, and when the weather is warm enough, transplant into thoroughly worked and well-enriched soil about 3 feet apart each way.

Draw the earth up to their stems when about a foot high. Egg-plant seed will not vegetate freely without substantial heat, and if the plants get the least chilled in the earlier stages of growth, they seldom recover. Repeated sowings are sometimes necessary. Care should be observed in cutting the fruit so as not to disturb the roots of the plants, which is injurious to them.

the state of the s		~ ~ ~		
	Pkt.	0z.	11	b.
EARLY LONG PURPLE. Earliest, hardiest, and productive, 8 or 9 inches long\$0	10	40	4	00
New York Improved Large Purple. The leading market variety: large.				
round, dark-purple, free of thorns, excellent and productive	10	60	8	00
LARGE ROUND PURPLE. The large round prickly stem, market variety	10	80	10	00
BLACK PEKIN. Fruit jet black, round to globular, large, smooth and glossy.				
prolific, early, and of fine flavor	10	80	10	00
SCARLET CHINESE. A beautiful ornamental variety, with small scarlet fruit	10			

ENDIVE.

Endivien, GER. Chicorée, FR. Endivia, SPAN.

Endive is one of the best and most wholesome salads for fall and winter use. Sow in April for early use, or for late, in June and July, in shallow drills. When 2 or 3 inches high, transplant into good ground, or thin out at a distance of a foot apart. Blanch by gathering the leaves together in the hand and tying together near the top, with yarn or bass, which must be done

when quite dry, or they will rot. At the approach of winter, the growing crop may be taken up carefully, with a ball of earth to each plant, and planted close together in a frame or dry cellar, when it can be used during the winter prepared and dressed like a salad.

Green Curled. The hardiest, with dark-green curled leaves, very tender and	Pkt.	Oz.	lb.
crisp \$	0 5	20	2 00
Green Curled Moss. A beautiful French curled variety, forming a tuft			2 50
EARLY WHITE CURLED. Leaves pale-green, and should be used when young;			
of fine quality	5	25	2 50
Ever White Curled. (Self-blanching.) This is by far the finest curled			
variety, grows to a large size, very crisp and tender	10	40	4 00
BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN. Leaves broad, light-green, nearly plain, and			
chiefly used in stews and soups	5	20	2 00

KALE-Borecole.

Blätter-Kohl, GER. Chou vert, FR. Breton, SPAN.

The Kales are more hardy than Cabbage, and make excellent greens for winter and spring use, and are improved by the touch of frost. Sow from May to June. Set out the plants in July, in good, rich, well-manured ground, and cultivate the same as Cabbage. For early spring use, sow the Dwarf German and Green Curled Scotch, in September, and protect over winter, with a covering of straw or litter, and treat like Spinach.

Sea Kale is much esteemed in England, in some parts of which it grows spontaneously. Sow the seed early in the spring, in well-manured and deeply-dug ground, I inch deep, and the rows 2 feet angart; thin out to stand 6 inches in the rows before winter cover with litter or leaves and

2 feet apart; thin out to stand 6 inches in the rows; before winter cover with litter or leaves, and

the next spring transplant in hills 3 feet apart each way.

Dwarf Green Curled, or German Greens. Leaves yellowish green, Pkt. finely fringed: for winter and early spring use	02. 10	1 b. 1 00
spreading under good cultivation to 3 feet in diameter; leaves bright green and beautifully curled	10	1 00
	15	1 50
		1 50 3 00

KOHL-RABI-Turnip-rooted Cabbage.

Kohl-rabi, GER. Chou-rave, Fr. Col de nabo, SPAN.

This is a favorite vegetable in Europe, especially on the continent, where it is extensively grown for feeding cattle, and is thought to keep better than Turnips; when fed to cows it imparts no unpleasant taste to the milk. It is steadily gaining favor in this country. Sow in April, in rows 18 inches apart, and thin out or transplant in rows, 12 inches apart, if the weather is suitable; as they are considered difficult to transplant. Keep the weeds down, and when 3 to 4 inches in diameter they are fit to eat. They are cooked like Turnips. For late use, sow in

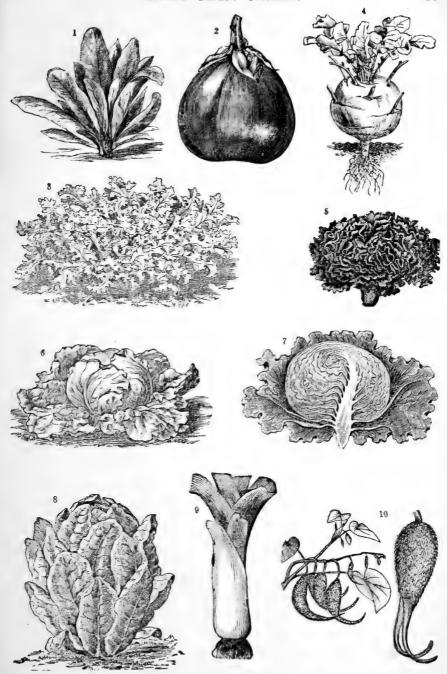
June and July.				
Early White Vienna. Flesh white and tender, the best for table use, also p for forcing				
EARLY BLUE VIENNA. Of a bluish-purple, and similar to the above, except in color	10	40	4 00	
stock, as well as for table use			$\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	

LEEK.

Lauch, GER. Poireau, FR. Puerro, SPAN.

The Leek is very hardy, and of easy culture; the whole plant is eaten, employed in soups, boiled with meat, etc., reputed more delicate than the Onion. Sow early in April, in drills 1 foot apart, and 1 inch deep. When the plants are 4 or 5 inches high, transplant in a deep rich soil in rows 12 inches apart, as deep as possible, so that the neck may be covered and blanched, draw the earth to them as they grow. The seed may also be sown in August or September, and the record plants transplants transplants transplants transplants transplants transplants transplants. the young plants transplanted in the spring.

Large London, or Flag. Large, with broad leaves growing on two sides, Pkt. like the Flag	0z.	Ib.
LARGE ROUEN. Fine for forcing, short and thick, with broad, dark-green		_ 00
leaves: very fine		2 50
LARGE MUSSELBURGH. Grows to a very large size, of excellent quality 10	30	3 00



- 1. LARGE SEEDED CORN SALAD.
 2. NEW YORK IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE EGG-PLANT.
 3. FVER WHITE CURLED ENDIVE.
 4. EARLY WHITE VIENNA KOHL-RAM,
 5. BOSTON CURLED LETTUCE.

- 6. EARLY CABBAGE OR WHITE BUTTER LETTUCE,
 7. HANSON LETTUCE.
 8. KINGSHOLM COSS LETTUCE.
 9. LASE LONDON OR FLAG LEER.
 10. MARTYNIA PROBOSCIDEA.

LETTUCE.

Lattich, oder Garten Salat, GER. Laitue, FR. Lechuga, SPAN.

Lettuce thrives best in good, rich, moist ground, and is a universal favorite of easy culture. To grow Head Lettuce fine, and for a main early crop, sow the seed in September in the open ground; transplant when large enough into cold frames, and protect the plants during the winter, in the same manner as early Cabbage; then plant out early in April in rich, moist ground, or sow in hot-beds in February or March, and afterwards transplant. For successive crops, sowings may be made in the open ground as early as spring opens and continuing until July. Always sow thin and thin out well, or the plants will not be strong. The last spring and summer sowings had better be grown where sown, being thinned out to stand 6 or 8 inches apart, or sow and transplant in a cool, moist place.

or sow and transplant in a cool, moist place.			
Early Curled Silesia, or Cut. A fine early curled variety which does not head, leaves large and tender, of fine flavor	Pkt. 5	0z. 15	1b. 1 50
of leaves; early, and an excellent variety for forcing	5	20	2 00
only used as cut salads, and require to be sown thick for that purpose Early Tennisball, or Boston Market. Forms a close, hard head, with	5	25	2 50
few outer leaves; crisp, of good quality, and a favorite for forcing Early Dutch Butter Spotted. Producing fine large heads of excellent	5	25	2 50
quality, and one of our best forcing varieties; also stands the heat well in the summer Early Cabbage, or White Butter. A favorite among the market gar-	10	30	3 00
deners, for sowing in the fall, being nearly hardy, and producing fine, well-formed heads early in the season	5	25	2 50
with small close heads, of a dark-green color; for forcing or summer use BEOWN DUTCH, OR BUTTER. Very hardy, and one of the best for winter use,	10	30	3 00
fine large solid heads Hanson. A superior curled heading variety, of large size, often weighing from two to three pounds, sweet, tender, and crisp even to the outer leaves,	5	25	2 50
of a beautiful green without and white within, free from any bitter taste; either for summer use or forcing	10	40	4 00
a good summer variety	5	20	2 00
ties, rarely running to seed, with large green heads			4 00
rarely runs to seed; tender, crisp, and of fine flavor LARGE CURLED INDIA HEAD. Stands the heat of summer well, and forms			4 00
large, solid, curled heads, of good quality KINGSHOLM COS. The finest Paris Coss variety, forming long upright heads of narrow leaves, which are crisp and refreshing, withstanding the summer heat long after all other varieties have run to seed; it should be tied up a	10	30	3 00
week to blanch before cutting PARIS WHITE, OR ICE COS. Forming fine, tender, white heads PARIS GREEN COS. With dark-green heads, very crisp and tender	10 5 5		4 00 2 50 2 50

MARTYNIA.

The seed pods are used to a considerable extent for pickling, when gathered small, green, and tender. Sow the seed in the open ground in May, in hills 3 feet apart each way, or in a hot-bed and transplant.

PROBOSCIDEA. The best for pickling, used the same as Cucumbers. Per pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 30 ets.

MELON, MUSK-Cantaloupe.

Melone, GER. Melon Muscade, FR. Melon Muscatel, SPAN.

Melons thrive best in a light, enriched soil. Plant early in May when danger of frost is over, and the ground has become warm and dry, in hills 6 feet apart each way. Previous to sowing the seed, mix a few shovelfuls of well-rotted manure in each hill, planting 12 to 15 seeds per hill, allowing three plants to each hill after all danger from bugs is over. When about a foot long, pinch off the tips, to make them branch. When the ground is heavy, dig holes 3 or 4 feet in diameter and 18 inches deep; fill these with a compost of well-rotted manure mixed with rich light soil and sand; raise the hills above the level. Be careful not to plant pumpkins or squashes near them, as they will hybridize. A few hills, for early use, may be had by sowing on pieces of sod in a hot-bed.

MELON, MUSK-Cantaloupe-Continued

melow, mosk—Cantaloupe—Continued.			
· ·			Ib.
Jenny Lind. The earliest, netted, of small round size, and excellent flavor Green Citron Netted. A favorite market variety, medium size, deeply netted, nearly round, flesh thick, greenish, melting sweet and of delicious) 5	10	1 00
flavor	5	10	1 00
NETTED PINE APPLE, OR NUTMEG. Of nutmeg shape, medium size, flesh			
green and thick, firm, juicy, and sweet	5	10	1 00
Hackensack, or Turk's Cap. A variety of the Green Citron, deeply netted, very large, productive, of excellent flavor; fine for market	5	15	1 25
WHITE JAPAN. An early variety of medium size, round, skin and flesh creamy-		10	1 20
white; orange centre, and of fine flavor	5	15	1 25
PRESCOTT. A French variety of merit; fruit large, round, deeply lobed, flesh			
of a rich orange color, sweet and delicious	10	30	3 00
Casaba, or Persian. Of extraordinary size and delicious flavor; usual weight from 12 to 15 pounds; a late oval netted variety	5	15	1 50

MELON. WATER.

Wasser-Melone, GER. Melon d'Eau, FR. Sandia, SPAN.

The Water-melon is prized for its refreshing coolness in warm weather, and delicious sweetness. They thrive best in a rather sandy soil, well manured, and planted in hills δ feet apart each way. Prepare the hills and treat the same as described for Musk-melons.

cach way. Trepare the mins and treat the same as described for mast-merous.			
Mountain Sweet. A general favorite with the growers; early, large oblong, Pkt.	Oz.	lb.	
dark-green, thin rind, flesh red, solid, rich and sweet	10	1 00	ļ
MOUNTAIN SPROUT. A large, long striped variety, dark-green skin, red-fleshed,			
	10	1 00	1
BLACK SPANISH. Large round, very dark-green skin, flesh red, sweet and			
	10	1 00	1
Black Italian. Resembling the Black Spanish in shape, color, and size;			
solid, very thin rind, flesh scarlet, sweet and luscious; a profitable variety			
	10	1 00	Į
Gipsy Striped. A superior early market variety; large oblong, skin green,			
		1 00	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	20	2 00	
Ice Cream. (True White Seed.) Of medium size, early, long, pale-green			
	15	1 25	
ORANGE. Of small size; flesh red, tender and sweet, separating from the rind			
		1 25	
CITRON. For preserving; small round, flesh white and solid, with seeds red 5	10	1 00)

MUSHROOM SPAWN.

Champignonbrot, GER. Champignon, FR. Seta, SPAN.

Mushroom beds are best made under cover, in a dry cellar; under the benches of a greenhouse, or in sheds, will do where the temperature can be kept from 50 to 60 degrees through the winter. The beds should be made from November to March, according to the time they are desired, as it takes about two months for them to bear. Collect fresh horse-droppings without straw, turn them over three or four times to get rid of the heat, and then mix one-third of fresh soil from an old pasture, well with the manure. Dig out a foot deep of the space to contain the bed, lay some long manure at the bottom, and then the prepared dung and soil, a little at a time, evenly and well beaten down until it is a foot above the ground; put a layer of good light earth on this, 2 inches thick; after a few days when the rank heat has passed off, say to 90 degrees, then place the spawn in the bed in lumps about 2 inches square and 6 inches apart, covering with light earth an inch thick; beat it gently down all over. Cover the bed thickly with straw, and if out of doors, keep off rain, and protect from the cold with mats or boards. In about six to eight weeks the Mushrooms should make their appearance. Examine the bed often to see that it does not get dry, and when water is given it should be at the temperature of 100 degrees. A bed 3 to 4 feet wide is best, and can be made any length desired.

MUSTARD.

Senf, GER. Moutarde, FR. Mostazo, SPAN.

Used as a small salad and sometimes with Cress; also the seed is used for flavoring pickles, pepper sauce, and medicinal purposes. Sow for salad thickly, early in the spring in shallow drills, and in September; or in frames or boxes, during the winter, where frost can be partially excluded. For a crop of seed sow in April, in drills 1 ft. apart, and thin out when 3 in. high.

Pl	il.	UZ.	ib.
White, or Yellow. English, best for salads	5	õ	40
BLACK, OR BROWN. More pungent than the white; for culinary use	5	5	40
CHINESE. Larger leaves, more succulent, deeper green, flavor sweet and pungent.	-	1.0	4 00
Chinese. Larger leaves, more succurent, deeper green, havor sweet and pungent.	Э	10	1 00

NASTURTIUM-Indian Cress.

Kresse, oder Kapuziner, GER. Capucine grande, FR. Capuchina, SPAN.

Cultivated both for use and ornament. The seed-pods and foot-stalks are gathered green and pickled in vinegar; resembling capers. The flowers are beautiful orange-colored and used for garnishing, the leaves for mixing with salads. Sow in drills about an inch deep, in light rich soil, when all danger of frost is over, and train the Tall on brush, trellises, or fences; and the Dwarf in beds, or to form borders for the beds which will make them look gay with their beautiful colors.

OKRA-Gombo.

Essbarer Hibiscus, Ger. Gombo, Fr. Quimbombo, Span.

The young green capsules of this plant are used in soups, stews, etc., to which they impart a rich flavor and are considered nutritious. Sow the seeds in rich ground, which is necessary, about the middle of May, or when the ground has become warm, in hills or drills 3 feet apart; thin to three plants to the hill, or 10 inches apart in the drills. Plant the seed thickly about an inch deep, as it is liable to rot in the ground. Hoe often, and earth up a little to support the stems. The very young pods can be gathered and dried for winter use; the ripe seeds are used as a substitute for coffee.

IMPROVED DWARF GREEN. Long-podded, early, and productive...Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10; lb., 75.

ONION.

Zwiebel, GER. Ognon, FR. Cebolla, SPAN.

The Silver-Skin, Yellow Strasburg, and Yellow Danvers seed we offer, are of Philadelphia growth, as northern grown and imported seed will not produce sets. For sets, sow the seed as early as possible in the spring, very thickly, in beds, or in drills with a seed drill. As soon as the tops die off in the summer, remove them to a dry, airy place; and early in the following spring replant by placing the sets on the surface of shallow drills 12 inches apart and about 4 inches apart in the drills; the drills should be wide enough apart to admit of hoeing, or for a cultivator; the Onions, by this process, are obtained of a large size early in the season. They may be reared to full size during the first season by sowing thin in drills 1 foot apart, early in March, in strong land, well manured, and thinning them out to stand 2 or 3 inches apart in the drills, keeping them well hoed and free from weeds; for this purpose the Red Wethersfield and Yellow Danvers are usually preferred.

and Yellow Danvers are usually preferred.

They delight in a strong, rich, deep, loamy soil; the ground should be deeply dug and heavily

manured with well-rotted manure.

Seed can be sown in August and September, and left out all winter without injury, being hardy, in drills wide enough apart to admit of working, and when they have grown of sufficient size in the spring to be fit for table use, thin out to 4 inches apart, to allow the remaining erop to mature to large Onions.

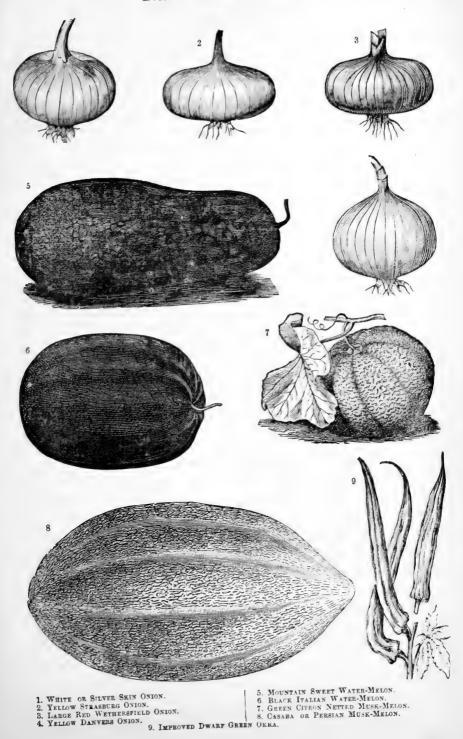
Potato Onions should be planted in April, placing them 10 inches apart, and cover the entire bulb below the surface of the ground, earth them up a little at each time you cultivate, and as

soon as the tops are dead they are ready to be taken up.

White, or Silver Skin. A mild-flavored early variety, extensively grown Pkt. lb. for pickling, but not a good keeper.....\$0 10 30 3 00 Yellow Strasburg. The leading market variety, a good keeper, and wellflavored; of flat shape..... 2 50 25 Yellow Danvers. An excellent early variety, of mild flavor, productive, and 10 30 3 00 first season from seed, of large size, deep red color, and keeps well..... 5 25 2 50 EARLY BLOOD RED. About ten days earlier than the Wethersfield, close-grained, of mild flavor, and excellent keeper..... 3 50 10 35 NEW QUEEN. A rapid grower, white skin, of mild flavor, early, and remarkable for its keeping qualities..... 10 50 5 00 GIANT ROCCA OF NAPLES. Large, of globular shape, bright brown skin, and delicate flavor..... 10 30 3 00 GIANT WHITE TRIPOLI. A large, white, Italian variety, of quick growth, mild flavor and nearly flat......LARGE RED TRIPOLI. A large red variety, nearly flat, and of mild flavor..... 3 00 30 3 00 10 Qt. Rn WHITE ONION SETS..... WHITE ONION SETS...
YELLOW ONION SETS...
POTATO ONIONS...
TOP OR BUTTON ONIONS...
Top or Button Onions...

Frices subject to change according to the market value. \$0 30 8,00 25 7 00 25 6 00 25 6 00 SHALLOTS..... 30 8 00 GARLIC SETS......Per lb., 50 cts.; by mail, 65 cts.

For Onion Sets, when ordered to be sent by mail, remit 20 cts. per quart, in addition, to prepay postage.



PARSLEY.

Petersilie, GER. Persil, FR. Perejil, SPAN.

Succeeds best in a mellow, rich soil. Sow early in April, as it is slow to germinate, taking from three to four weeks, in rows 1 foot apart and half an inch deep; thin out to stand 6 inches apart in the rows. Soak the seed first in warm water, or sprout in damp earth, and sow when the seed swells or bursts. For winter use, protect in a frame or light cellar.

	Pkt.	Oz.	lb.
Double Curled. A dwarf curled variety, for garnishing and seasoning\$	0 5	10	1 00
Extra Dwarf Curled. Extra curled, and of a beautiful bright green color	5	15	1 25
CHAMPION MOSS CURLED. Leaves beautifully crimped and curled like a bed			
_ of moss	5	15	1 25
FERN LEAVED. A new variety, very curly, of fine form and color, for garnish-			
ing as well as for a decorative plant	10	30	3 00

PARSNIP.

Pastinake, Ger. Panais, Fr. Chariberia, Span.

Sow as early in the spring as the weather will admit, in drills 15 inches apart and half an inch deep, in rich, well-manured ground, well dug. Cultivate similar to Carrots, and thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows. The roots improve by leaving in the ground over winter, securing enough in pits or the cellar for immediate use. Valuable for feeding stock as well as for table use.

PEAS.

Erbsen, GER. Pois, FR. Guisante, SPAN.

Peas mature earliest in a light, rich soil; for a general crop, a rich deep loam, or inclining to clay, would be best. They thrive better if the ground has been manured for a previous crop, but if the ground is poor and requires manuring, take well-decomposed manure, and for the dwarf-growing varieties you can hardly make the soil too rich. When grown for a market crop they are never staked, but are sown in single rows, 1 inch apart and 3 inches deep, the rows from 2 to 4 feet apart, according to the variety, or soil. When grown in gardens they are sown in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart; the tall ones requiring brush, which is stuck in between the rows. Commence sowing the extra early varieties as early as the ground can be worked in the spring, and continue for a succession every two weeks until June, discontinuing until the middle of August, when a good crop may be secured by sowing the extra early and early sorts. They should be kept clean with the cultivator or hoe, and earthed up twice during growth. The wrinkled varieties are not as hardy as the small hard sorts, and if planted early should have dry soil, or they are liable to rot in the ground; they are, however, the sweetest and best-flavored varieties. The dwarf varieties are best suited from their dwarf habit for small gardens; and can be planted in rows 1 foot apart.

Extra Early Varieties.				
Dreer's Extra Early. The earliest and most prolific; an even cropper, of excellent quality; height, 2 feet; the crop can be gathered in two pickings;	Pkt.	Qt.		Bu.
also for a late fall crop it has no equal; the market gardener's favorite\$0	10	40	8	00
DREER'S EUREKA EXTRA EARLY. A new selection of above, habit more dwarf.		50		
CARTER'S FIRST CROP. One of the earliest; very productive; height 2½ ft	10			
IMPROVED DANIEL O'ROURKE. Ten days later than Dreer's Extra Early;				
very prolific; height, 3 feet	10	35	7	00
Tom Thumb. Very dwarf, not exceeding 10 inches in the richest soil, productive, and of excellent quality	10	40	9	00
McLean's Blue Peter. One of the earliest and hardiest of the Tom Thumb		20		00
varieties; dwarf, with blue seed, dark-green pods, and large peas of excel-				
lent quality; a capital bearer; height, 1 foot	10	50	10	00
Kentish Invicta. A productive blue variety, of excellent flavor; a good				
market variety; height, 2 feet	10	40	8	00
Laxton's William The First. The finest variety, combining flavor, earliness, and productiveness; long, deep-green pods, well filled with peas;				
height, 3 feet	10	5 0	10	00
Early Varieties.				
LAXTON'S PROLIFIC LONG POD. A productive variety, producing long pods,	40	40		
containing from ten to twelve peas each; height, 4 feet	10	40	8	00
Laxton's Alpha. The earliest blue-wrinkled marrow; a prolific variety, of	10	=0	10	

fine flavor; pods large and well filled; height, 3 feet.....

10 50 10 00

PEAS-Early Varieties-Continued.

Expo, Farry Program Gew. A fine dwarf extra early, wrinkled variety. Dt. O.

pods long and prolific; height, 18 inches; also fine for forcing	10			
McLean's Little Gem. A dwarf first early, green-wrinkled marrow, very prolific, and of superior flavor; height, 1 foot	10	4 0	8	00
early, tender, and of delicious flavor; height, 2½ feet	10	40	8	00
height, 3 feet	10	40	8	00
Late Varieties, For General Crop.				
Champion of England. One of the best and most popular wrinkled varie-				
ties in cultivation, of delicious flavor; a profuse bearer; height, 5 feet	10	30	7	00
Hair's Dwarf Green Mammoth. A fine-flavored wrinkled marrow, peas				
of extra large size; height, 2½ feet	10	40	9	00
cropper; height, 3 feet	10	75	20	00
LAXTON'S FILLBASKET. A new large, handsome, prolific variety, pods long,	10	10	20	00
round, and closely filled; for a late crop it has few equals; height, 3 feet	10	60	16	00
DWARF BLUE IMPERIAL. A favorite with the market gardeners; a good bearer,				
of fine flavor; height, 3 feet	10	30	6	00
LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT. A favorite late market variety, with broad, well-				
filled pods; height, 5 feet	10	20	4	00
BLACK-EYED MARROWFAT. This, as well as the White Marrowfat, is extensively grown as a fold rose heady and productive with well filled rode.				
sively grown as a field pea, hardy and productive, with well-filled pods;	10	20	A	00
height, 3 feet	10	20	-1	00
of excellent quality: height, 2\(\frac{1}{2}\) feet	10	60	16	00
DWARF SUGAR. Edible pods in the green state, when young and tender, of				
fine flavor; used like Snap-Short Beans, also as a shelled variety; height,				
2 feet	10	50	12	00
TALL SUGAR. Edible pods, very large and long pods; used like the Dwarf	10	co	10	00
Sugar: height, 5 feet	10	60	10	UU

PEPPER.

Pfeffer, GER. Piment, FR. Pimiento, SPAN.

Pepper and Capsicum are tender annuals, used as a hot seasoning for soups and meats, the large varieties for pickling and pepper sauce; some are mild and sweet, which are preferred for pepper sauce. Sow in hot-beds in March, or on a warm sheltered border early in May, and transplant in good, rich, mellow ground, in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the rows; hoe frequently to keep down the weeds, and earth up a little at one or two hoeings.

Large Sweet Bell, or Mountain. A large early variety, of mild flavor, rind thick and fleshy; the best for pickling	Pkt.	Oz. 30	3	
TOMATO, OR SQUASH-SHAPED. A productive variety, of large size, somewhat				
flattened, and hotter than the above; fine for pickling	10	35	3	50
Long Red Cayenne. From 3 to 4 inches long, of a bright red color, very				
productive and hot, the Capsicum of commerce	10	35	3	50
LONG YELLOW CAYENNE. The same as the above, except in color	10	40	4	00
SMALL CHILI. Pods conical, about 2 inches long, very hot; used for seasoning.	10	50	5	00
CHERRY RED. A beautiful ornamental variety, fruit round, of a rich glossy				
color and very hot: for seasoning	10	40	4	00

PUMPKIN.

Kürbis, GER. Potiron, FR. Calabaza, SPAN.

They are now principally cultivated for dairy purposes. Sow in May in hills, 8 or 10 feet apart each way, or in fields of Corn about every fourth hill; plant at the same time with the Corn; always avoid planting near other vines, as they will hybridize. The Cashaw is generally preferred for cooking, similar to the yellow Crook-neck Winter Squash.

Cashaw. Long, yellow crook-neck, similar to the Crook-neck Winter Squash;	Pkt.	Oz.	lb.
the best for table use or feeding stock, flesh yellow, solid, fine-grained, and			
sweet	5	10	1 00
LARGE CHEESE. One of the best for table use, productive, skin orange, flesh			
yellow and sweet	5	10	60
MAMMOTH. A French variety, which grows to an immense size, often weigh-			
ing over a hundred pounds	10	40	4 00
COMMON YELLOW FIELD. Very productive, and grown for feeding stock.			

Per oz., 5 cts.; qt., 25 cts.; bu., \$5.00.

POTATO.

Kartoffel, GER. Pomme de Terre, FR. Patata, SPAN.

The soil best suited to the Potato is that of a rich, sandy loam, but seems to thrive almost in any soil or climate, not requiring heavily manured ground to insure a crop; if heavily manured they are more liable to disease than in naturally good soil. The best fertilizers are plaster, lime, super-phosphate of lime, and bone dust, for heavy and wet soils, especially as they promote growth, and at the same time prevent disease. Plant as early in the spring as the ground can be thoroughly worked, for a healthy, vigorous growth, and a crop free from rot, in hills or rows 3 feet apart, and in the rows 1 foot apart; covering in light, warm soil about 4 inches, and in cold, wet ground 3 inches deep. Cultivate to keep down the weeds and draw the earth to the plants. If an early crop is desired sprout the tubers, or cut potatoes in a light, warm room, from four to six weeks before planting, or in a hot-bed two weeks before they are wanted, then lift carefully and plant out; during this time you will procure strong, vigorous shoots, so that as soon as planted out in the open ground they will send out roots, and grow more rapidly than those treated in the ordinary way. If the Colorado Beetle makes its appearance, the vines should be dusted with Paris Green mixed with twenty parts of plaster, and applied while the dew is on the plants, or mix two tablespoonfuls of Paris Green to a bucket of water, stirring often to prevent it settling to the bottom, and apply with a syringe or a wisp-broom. This we believe to be the most effective remedy.

the most enecute remedy.					
ALPHA. The earliest dwarf variety, adapted for garden culture or forcing under glass; fit for the table ten days before the Early Rose. Tubers medium size, oblong; eyes slightly depressed; flesh white, fine-grained, dry and firm; in every respect of first quality. Three lbs., \$1.25, by mail,	Pk.	B	u.	В	Bbl.
prepaid	. 00				
81.25, by mail, prepaid	00	2	50	6	00
Three lbs., \$1, by mail, prepaid	75	2	00	5	00
tiveness; best northern seed. Three lbs., \$1, by mail, prepaid EARLY OHIO. A seedling of the Rose, oblong, about a week earlier, of vig-	75	2	00	4	00
orous growth and of superior quality. Three lbs., \$1, by mail, prepaid BEAUTY OF HEBRON. One of the best early white fleshed varieties, resem-	75			5	
Peerless. A very productive late variety, of good quality; for general	. 00	2	50	6	00
culture. Three lbs., \$1, by mail, prepaid	75	2	00	4	00
mail, prepaid	75	2	00	5	00
flavor, enormously productive. Three lbs., \$1.25, by mail, prepaid 1 Snow-Flake. One of the earliest; of uniform medium size, eyes few, flesh snow-white, mealy when boiled, and of excellent quality. Three lbs.,	00	2	50	6	00
\$1.00 by mail prepaid	75	2	00	5	00
White Peachblow. A late variety of first-rate quality, and extensively grown for market. Three lbs., \$1, by mail, prepaid	75	2	00	5	00
the best for general culture. (Not mailable)			00		
Crypper Domano Drawns of the chore wariety appelled from the first of Mo	- 40	+h	0 200	3116	110

SWEET POTATO PLANTS of the above variety supplied from the first of May to the middle of June; per 100, 40 cts.; per 1000, \$3. For large quantities, prices will be given on application. (By mail, prepaid, per 100, 75 cts.)

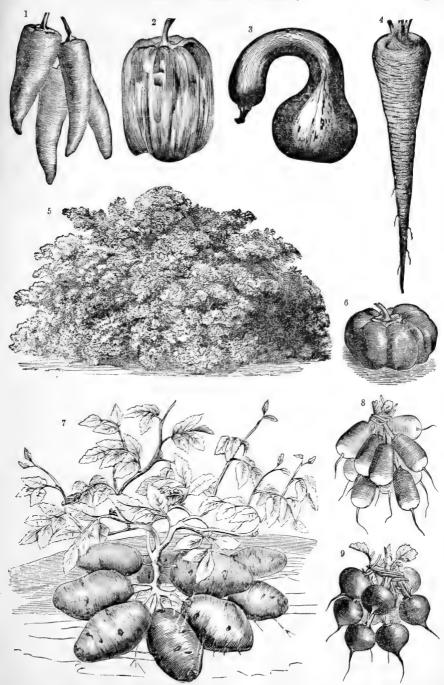
At the above prices, express and freight charges to be paid by the purchaser, except where mentioned by mail.

As the prices of Potatoes are governed by the market, the above quotations are but nominal, but are believed to be about the prices that will rule in the spring. Special quotations, as well as other varieties not mentioned above, will be given on application.

RHUBARB.

Rhabarber, GER. Rhubarbe, FR. Ruibarbo Bastardo, SPAN.

The stalks of this plant are used for pies and tarts. It is fit for use before green fruit appears, and is an excellent substitute. Sow in April, in drills 1 foot apart; when 3 or 4 inches high thin out in the rows to 10 inches apart, and transplant the ensuing autumn or spring to any desired



- 1. Long Red Cayenne Pepper.
 2. Large Sweet Bell or Mountain Pepper.
 3. Cashaw Pumprin.
 4. Large Sugar or Hollow-Crown Parsnip.
 9. Early Red Turnip Radish.

spring.

situation, in a deep, rich soil. To grow the stalks to perfection, the ground must be dug and heavily manured, at least 2 feet deep. Set out the roots 3 to 4 feet apart each way, and the following spring it will be fit for use. In the fall the bed should have a thick dressing of coarse manure, which is to be dug into the ground in the spring. As no dependence can be placed upon growing the varieties true from seed, it is recommended to those who desire a choice article to procure the roots.

Roots of the above, each, 25 cts.; per doz., \$2; per 100, \$10; by mail, 40 cts. each, and \$3 per doz.

RADISH.

Rettig, oder Radies, GER. Radis et Rave, FR. Rabano, SPAN.

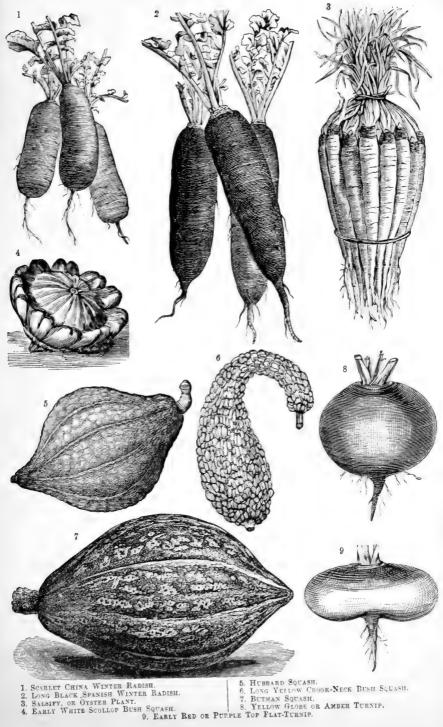
Radishes delight in a light, rich, mellow soil, to make a quick, tender growth and bring out their mild qualities; as heavy or clayey soils not only delay their growth, but produce a much inferior crop, in appearance and flavor. Sow the early varieties for very early use, in hot-beds during the winter and early spring, or on sheltered borders, as soon as the ground can be worked, in well-manured, deep-dug, and finely raked soil; if not well stimulated they become fibrous and tough; sow in drills 10 inches apart, and thin to 2 inches in the rows, and at intervals of two weeks up to September for a succession. As soon as the first leaves appear, sprinkle with soot, wood ashes, or air-slaked lime, to save them from the little black Cabbage and Turnip fty. The winter varieties should be sown in July and August; like the Turnip they make their best growth in the autumn, and must be taken up before severe frost, and stored away in a cool cellar or pit, they will keep tender and crisp all winter; before using them, place in cold water for an hour, which adds to their freshness.

		Oz.	lb 1 of	
der and excellent		10 15	$\frac{1}{1}$	
Early French Breakfast. Of quick growth, very tender and beautiful,				
oval shape, scarlet tipped with white	5	15	1 2	25
ety, of quick growth, mild and crisp when young	5	10		80
Early White Turnip. Like the above, except in color	5	10	1 (00
Long Scarlet Short-Top, or Salmon. The standard family and market gardener's variety; long, bright scarlet, with small top	5	10		80
The above six varieties are best suited for forcing, being of quick growth and having small tops.				
LONG WHITE NAPLES SUMMER. An excellent long, clear white variety, flesh				
white, crisp, and mild	5	10	1 (00
Large Turnip White Summer. The market gardener's favorite; of large turnip-shape, white skin and flesh, very crisp and mild	5	10	1 (00
Large Turnip Yellow Summer. Like the above, except of a bright				
russet-yellow color	5	10	1 (00
The above three varieties are best for summer sowing, standing the heat and drought better than any of the other varieties.				
Long Black Spanish Winter. A long, large, winter variety, one of the				
hardiest, with dark-green leaves, firm in texture, keeping until spring		10		80
ROUND BLACK SPANISH WINTER. Like the above, except in form		10 10	1 (
California White Winter. A mammoth winter variety, growing 12 inches	0	10	-	•
long, white-fleshed, firm, and of excellent quality	5	15	1	50
Scarlet China Winter. One of the best fall and winter varieties, and a general favorite with the market gardeners; bright rose-colored, flesh white,				
firm, and of superior quality		15		
WHITE CHINA WINTER. Like the above, except in color	ð	15	1	00
The above six varieties are best for winter use, keeping firm and crisp until				

SALSIFY-Oyster Plant.

Haferwurzel, oder Bocksbart, GER. Salsifis, FR. Ostra Vegetal, SPAN.

A fine vegetable, used and served as Carrots; or, after being boiled, made into cakes with paste, and fried like oysters, which they resemble in flavor. Cultivate the same as Carrots and Parsnips; it is also hardy, and can remain in the ground all winter for early spring use. Succeeds best in a light, well enriched, mellow soil, dug two spades deep. Sow early in the spring in drills 15 inches apart, 1 inch deep; and thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows; keep clear of weeds by cultivating.



SALSIFY-Oyster Plant-Continued.

Long White. The favorite variety; the tops can be used in the spring of the second year, dressed like Asparagus, making an excellent dish	kt. 5	0z. 25	2 50	
for its root, and used in the same manner, but not so generally esteemed; scrape off the coarse rind, and soak the roots a few hours in cold water, before cooking, to extract their bitter taste	10	30	3 00	

SORREL.

Sauerampfer, Ger. Oseille, Fr. Acedera, Span.

Sow in April in a rich, mellow soil, in shallow drills 18 inches apart, and thin out the plants to 6 inches apart in the rows, keeping the flower stems cut off as they appear. It remains in the ground from year to year. Cut and cooked like Spinach, or mixed with it, one-third Sorrel to two-thirds of Spinach; also good to mix with salads, imparting an agreeable flavor.

SPINACH.

Spinat, GER. Epinard, FR. Espinaca, SPAN.

This is an important market gardener's crop, of easy culture. For spring and summer use, sow either broadcast or in drills 1 foot apart, as early as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks for a succession; as it grows, thin out for use; keeping it clear of weeds. For winter and early spring use, sow in September, in well-manured ground; cover with straw on the approach of cold weather. The ground cannot be too rich; the stronger the ground the more delicate and succulent will be the leaves. Sow the New Zealand variety in hills 3 feet apart each way, planting three or four seeds to the hill; it can be cut for use all summer.

,			
Large Round-Leaved Savoy. Round-seeded, thick, fleshy leaves, and Pk crimped; the market gardener's favorite for spring or fall sowing	t. 5	Oz. 10	1b. 60
Dreer's Round-Seeded Savoy. A large, curled, Savoy-leaved variety, with thick, fleshy leaves, the best for family and market purposes, equally			
good for spring or fall sowing	5	10	80
and productive.	5	10	50
	5	10	50
NEW ZEALAND. This variety endures the heat and drought of summer, and is the best for that purpose, producing a large quantity of leaves	5	15	1 25

SQUASH.

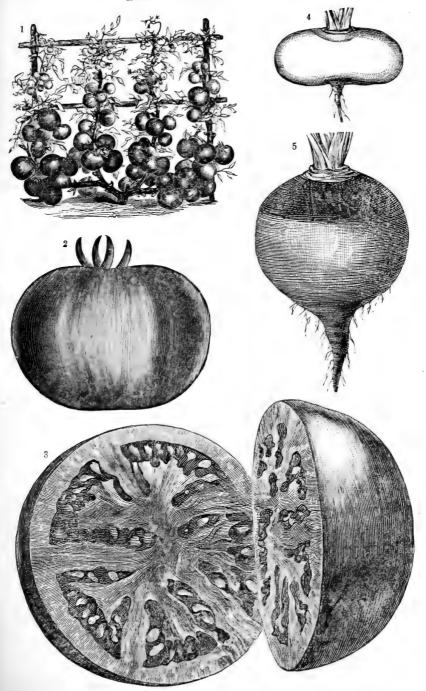
Küchenkürbis, GER. Courge, FR. Calabasa Tontanera, SPAN.

Squashes are of rapid growth and very tender; they will not stand any frost or cold nights, and should be planted in a warm, light, rich soil, after the weather has become settled and warm, about the middle of May or June. Plant in well-manured hills in the same manner as Cucumbers and Melons—the bush varieties 3 or 4 feet apart each way, and the running kinds from 6 to 8 feet. Eight to ten seeds should be sown in each hill, thinning out, after they have attained their rough leaves, and danger from bugs is over, leaving three or four of the strongest plants per hill.

Per min.		
Early White Scollop Bush. The best early variety for market or Pkt. shipping; it grows to a large size, scolloped like a Patty-pan, and bearing	Oz.	1b.
an abundant crop\$0 5	10	80
EARLY GOLDEN SCOLLOP BUSH. Like the above, only differing in color 5	10	1.00
LONG YELLOW CROOK-NECK BUSH. Early, productive, and of good quality; skin golden yellow, covered with warty excrescences	10	1 00
The above three varieties are for summer use, and should be used when young and tender.		
Butman. This new salmon-colored variety is fine-grained, dry, and of excellent flavor, having all the good qualities of the Hubbard and summer varie-	15	1 25
ties combined	15	1 50
Hubbard. A general favorite, and one of the best table varieties; of large		
size, flesh fine-grained, dry, and of excellent flavor	15	1 25
MARBLEHEAD. Resembling the <i>Hubbard</i> , and is remarkable for its sweetness, dryness, and delicious flavor, as well as its keeping qualities	15	1 25

The above four varieties are for fall and winter use, and should not be used

until ripe, when the skin has become hard.



1. Dreee's Selected Trophy Tomato.
2. Early Paragon Tomato.
5. Improved Yellow Purple Top Ruta Baga or Swedish Turnip.

TOMATO.

Liebes Apfel, GER. Tomate, FR. Tomate, SPAN. This has become one of the most important of all garden vegetables, which can be prepared

in so many ways for family use throughout the whole year. For early use sow in hot-beds early in March, and when the plants are about 2 inches high, transplant into another hot-bed and shelter from the sun for a few days, until the plants are established; pinch off the side branches to obtain early fruit. Sufficient plants for a small garden can be grown in a shallow box or a large flower-pot, by placing it in a sunny window of a warm room, or the kitchen. For late use sow in a sheltered border in May and set out the plants in July; the green fruit can be picked off before frost, and ripened under glass. By training the tomato vines on trellises or tying to stakes they will increase in productiveness, the fruit will ripen better and be of finer quality, not considering the ornamental part, than if they were allowed to grow wild on the ground. Our Tomato Seeds are saved with extra care, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. EXTRA EARLY RED CURLED LEAF. One of the earliest varieties, medium size, slightly ribbed, of dwarf habit, but not solid; desirable only for its 25 2 50 LITTLE GEM. 4 00 EARLY CONQUEROR. A very early variety, ripening nearly all at the same time, and well up to the stem, fruit of good size, deep red, smooth, solid, and of rich, mild flavor..... 30 3 00 10 General Grant. An early superior market variety, skin crimson and smooth, flesh solid, fruit large, of good quality, ripening rapidly and thoroughly.....

Hathaway's Excelsior. Early, of medium size, smooth as an apple, very 25 2 50 solid, and of excellent quality; one of the best for family use or canning....

Early Acme. This new early variety is unparalleled, and for the family or market, we must pronounce it the best; ripens evenly, of medium uniform 30 3 00 size, round, very solid, and of a pinkish color, very productive, bearing until killed by frost; it has no green core, and stands foremost for canning.

EARLY PARAGON. A new early variety of great merit, producing until the 50 5 00 vines are killed by frost; ripens evenly, very solid, of a dark-red color, and delicious flavor; heavy foliage, therefore it does not sunburn, and must become a favorite market variety; excellent for canning..... 10 60 6 00 30 3 00 Tomato; it is unsurpassed in size, fine flavor or productiveness, fruit solid, and in every way a desirable variety 10 40 4 00 Dreer's Selected Trophy. Seeds saved only from the finest early ripe specimens, which for size, smoothness, solidity, and excellent flavor, are unsurpassed for all purposes...
DEN. An old favorite solid variety, of good quality..... 10 60 6 00 2 50 25

Fejee Island, or Lester's Perfected. Fruit of very large size, pinkish color, solid, of good flavor, and late in ripening; excellent for canning...... LARGE SMOOTH RED. A large, smooth, round, bright red variety, of good 3 00 10 30 quality, and productive..... 20 2 00 LARGE YELLOW. A large, smooth, round, yellow variety, flesh firm, and fine

10 30 3 00 30 3 00 10 30 3 00

mostly for pickling; very ornamental..... 40 4 00 YELLOW CHERRY. The same as the above, except in color...... 40 4 00

TURNIP. Rübe, GER. Navet, FR. Nabo Comun, SPAN.

This wholesome esculent has been grown as a field and garden crop for a long time, and

should be one of our main farm productions for family use as well as for cattle and sheep.

It delights in a light, rich, sandy loam, which has been well manured. For early use, sow the early varieties as soon as the ground opens in the spring, in drills, from 12 to 15 inches apart, thin out to 6 or 9 inches in the rows, or if sown broadcast they will produce a fine crop, but not as large as if sown in drills. As soon as the first leaves appear, sprinkle with soot, wood-ashes, or air-slaked lime, to destroy the little black fly, which will devour the plants, if not attended to in time; keeping the ground well stirred and clear of weeds. For a succession continue to

10

10

15 1 00

10

10

10

10

10

10

15 1 00

60

80

60

80

80

70

20

sow every two weeks until June, then discontinue until the middle of July, and make your

last sowing no later than the first of September for a fall and winter crop.

The Ruta Baga, Swedish, or Russian varieties, are grown principally for feeding stock, and are also excellent for the table early in the spring. Sow in drills 2 feet apart, from the middle of June until the first of August : and when large enough to resist the attack of insects, thin out to stand S inches apart in the rows; cultivate to keep them clear of weeds.

As Turnips are grown principally for consumption during the winter and early spring, a few brief hints for their preservation is necessary. Take up the roots in November, cut off the tops within an inch of the crown. Those for winter use can be stored away in a cool cellar or pit, and covered over with a few inches of dry earth. For early spring use, pile up in a conical form, out of doors, cover carefully with long straw, and finish by earthing up, covering them with about 12 or 15 inches of earth; leave a vent or air-hole, by placing a bunch of straw in the top. Put away in this manner they will be found in good condition in the spring.

Early White Flat Dutch. An early, white-fleshed, strap-leaved variety, usually sown for early summer use, very early in the spring; of quick growth, juicy, mild flavor, and excellent quality; also grown for a fall

Early Red. or Purple Top Flat. This variety is similar to the above, excepting it is red or purple above ground; they are the two popular varieties for garden and field culture; flesh fine-grained, and of mild flavor; a good keeper

TELTOW, OR MARROW. A small German variety, of delicate flavor, which is in the outer rind, and should not be peeled when used, highly esteemed for flavoring soups; the roots are spindle-shaped, and grow entirely under the ground; early, white-fleshed, sugary, and fine-grained

Early White Egg. A new early, white, egg-shaped variety, for early or fall sowing, flesh white, fine-grained, sweet; an extra keeper, and in every respect a first-class variety..... POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE. A free-growing, rough-leaved variety, useful

for table as well as feeding stock; not as early as the flat varieties, productive, hardy, and a splendid autumn Turnip...... LARGE WHITE NORFOLK, OR GLOBE. A large growing, globe-shaped variety, flesh coarse-grained and sweet; one of the best early for feeding stock .. Long White, or Cow Horn. Grows very quickly, partly above the ground; very productive, and of excellent quality, gaining favor with the family

and market gardener; flesh white, fine-grained and sweet, nearly Carrotshaped..... Long White French, or Sweet German. A long white variety, increas-

ing in favor both for table use or feeding stock; productive, sweet, and mild, flesh white and solid; sow in June and July Robertson's Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly. A rapid grower, of excellent flavor, globe-shaped, bright yellow color, good keeper, and a superior

table variety..... Yellow Globe, or Amber. One of the best varieties for a general crop, flesh firm and sweet, grows to a large size, excellent either for table use or feeding stock; and keeps well until late in the spring.....

YELLOW ABERDEEN, OR SCOTCH. Hardy, productive, and a good keeper; globe-shape, yellow, with purple top, flesh firm; good for table use or feed-

Improved Yellow Purple Top Ruta Baga, or Swedish Turnip. The leading market variety, and principally grown for stock as well as for family use; hardy, productive, flesh yellow, solid, sweet, fine-grained, and

GOLDEN GLOBE RUTA BAGA. One of the best and sweetest of the Swedish Turnips, for family use, also good for feeding stock; flesh yellow, and of excellent flavor.....

POT, SWEET, AND MEDICINAL HERB SEEDS, AND ROOTS.

Herbs, in general delight in a rich, mellow soil. Those marked with an * are perennial, and when once obtained in the garden may be preserved for years with a little attention. Sow the seeds early in the spring in shallow drills, I foot apart; when up a few inches, thin out to proper distances, or transplant. No garden is complete without a few sweet, aromatic or medicinal herbs for flavoring soups, etc., and care should be taken to harvest them properly. This should be done on a dry day just before they come into full blossom; then dry quickly in the shade, pack close in dry boxes or vessels excluding them from the air. Pkt. Oz.

Angelica, Garden (Archangelica officinalis)......\$0 25 Anise (Pimpinella anisum).....*
*Balm; height, 1 foot (Melissa officinalis)..... 1 00 10 10

10 30 3 00 Basil, Sweet; height, 1 foot (Ocymum basilicum)..... Bene; height, 18 inches (Sesamum orientale)..... 20 2 00

POT, SWEET, AND MEDICINAL HERB SEEDS, AND ROOTS-Continue	od.	
Pkt. (O ₂	1b.
	20	2 00
Castor Oil Rean - boight & foot (Primary)	10	1 00
Castor Oil Bean; height, 6 feet (Ricinus communis)	15	1 50
Coriander; height, 2 feet (Coriandrum sativum)	10	1 00
Cumin. Good for pigeons (Cuminum Cuminum)	15	1 50
Dill i fleight, 5 leet (Anethum graveolens)	15	1 50
Elecampane (Inula Helenium)	50	
	10	1 00
*Horehound; height, 2 feet (Marrubium vulgare). 10		
*Horenound; neight, 2 feet (Marrubium vulgare)	40	
*Lavender; height, 2 feet (Lavendula vera)		2 50
Marigold, Pot; height, 1 foot (Calendula officinalis)	30	3 00
Marjoram, Sweet (American); height, 1 foot (Origanum majorana). Sweet		
Marjoram grown from American seed is best for winter use, to dry and rub		
up fine, as it makes more bulk and is more profitable, even at double the cost		
of imported seed	50	5 00
Marjoram, Sweet. Imported; height, 1 foot. Imported seed is best to cut green	00	0 00
for summer use, as it grows more vigorous, and produces numerous leaves 5	0.5	0 =0
for summer use, as it grows more vigorous, and produces numerous leaves 5	25	2 50
Opium Poppy (White Seed); height, 3 feet (Papaver somniferum) 5	15	1 50
*Rosemary; height, 4 feet (Rosemarinus officinalis)	50	*****
"Rue; neight, 3 feet (Ruta graveolens)	25	
	25	2 50
Savory, Summer: height, 1 foot (Satureia hortensis)	20	2 00
*Savory, Winter (Satureja montana)		
*Tansy; height, 3 feet (Tanacetum vulgaris)		
Tambo con h bight 2 for (American Durger sollar)		*****
*Tarragon; height, 3 feet (Artemisia Dracunculus)		*****
Thyme, French Summer; height, 1 foot (Thymus vulgaris) 10		4 00
*Wormwood (Artemisia Absinthium)	50	*****
Remit for postage, 16 cts. per pound, or 25 cts. per quart or fraction thereof, when ordered to be sent by mail,		
Chives. A hardy perennial, somewhat resembling the Onion; round, slender leav	ves.	verv
early in the spring, and can be cut several times during the season; equal to On	nion	s for
flavoring soups, salads, etc. Per clump, 25 cts.; per doz., \$2.50. By mail, 40 cts. e	aaah	~, .
Hop-Vine Roots. Per doz., 50 cts.; per 100, \$2.50. By mail, 75 cts. per doz.	засц	•
Hope Padish Poots of Sets Over the most important and mostable of an		
Horse-Radish Roots, or Sets. One of the most important and profitable of our		
garden roots. The sets may be planted at any time during the spring, in rows 2 fe		
and in the rows 18 inches apart, planting the roots upright and covering them	ab	out 2
inches; hoe or cultivate to keep down the weeds. For winter use, take up in No		
store away in the cellar, and cover with sand. Per doz., 25 cts.; per 100, 75 cts.; per	100	0, \$5.
By mail, 40 cts. per doz., and \$1.25 per 100.		.,,,,,,
Tarragon Roots. For flavoring purposes: the young leaves are used for pickles, etc., in	mna	rting

ragon Roots. For flavoring purposes; the young leaves are used for pickles, etc., imparting a delightful flavor. Each, 30 cts.; per doz., \$3. By mail, 40 cts. each.

ESCULENT OR VEGETABLE PLANTS.

We furnish in their proper seasons for planting out in the garden, the following plants. We also grow and winter over in cold frames, Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants, for early spring planting, which mature sooner than hot-bed sown plants; they being hardened off stand the cold, and are ready to plant out at any time, from February until the middle of April; after the 15th of April we supply only the hot-bed grown plants. For large quantities, as well as any of the following varieties, special prices will be given on application.

Asparagus Roots, Onion Sets, Potatoes, Rhubarb Roots, Sweet Potato Plants, and Herb Roots, will be found under their respective heads.

CABBAGE PLANTS. Dreer's Large Early York, Early Jersey Wakefield, Early French Oxheart, and Early Winnigstadt, wintered over in cold frames. Deliverable from February to the middle of April. Each variety.			Per 1000. 6 00
Spring Plants, grown in hot-beds, deliverable after the 15th of April Large Late Drumhead, Large Flat Dutch, Improved Drumhead Savoy, and Red Drumhead. Field Grown Plants, which are ready for plant-	*****	50	3 00
ing in June and July.		50	3 00
CAULIFLOWER. The best varieties. Early Erfurt, and Lenormand's, Short-			
Stem, wintered over in cold frames	50		*****
Hot-bed Grown Plants are deliverable at the same time as the Cabbage	25	1 50	10 00
CELERY. Dreer's Large White Solid, Incomparable Dwarf White, and			
Boston Market Dwarf. Ready to plant out from the first of July to the			
middle of August		75	5 00
LETTUCE PLANTS. Hanson, and Early Dutch Butter Spotted	15	50	*****
The following varieties should not be planted out while in danger of frost:			
EGG PLANTS. New York Improved Large Purple. Grown in Pots	1 00	6 00	*****
The above out of hot-beds	60	4 00	*****
PEPPER PLANTS. Large Sweet Bell, or Mountain	30	2 00	15 00
TOMATO PLANTS. Early Acme, Dreer's Selected Trophy, Fejee Island,			
Paragon, Early Conqueror, and Hathaway's Excelsior	30	2 00	15 00
Remit for nostage on plants 15 cts, per doz., and 50 cts, per 100, when ordered to be s	ent by n	nail.	

GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS.

Prices subject to variation, to correspond with the market, especially those marked "about." as they fluctuate in price; quotations will be given on application. Our Grass and Clover Seeds

are all of the best quality and thoroughly cleaned.

IN FORMING NEW LAWNS.—Prepare the ground well before laying down a lawn, which is frequently imperfectly done; the best soil for that purpose is a rather stiff or heavy loam, and should be as much alike in quality as possible over the whole surface, and do not stint the required quantity of seed necessary to make a fine thick sod. We give the following directions, as so much depends upon the condition of the ground and time of sowing for success: first get the ground in the desired shape and grade, taking care when hills are removed, that sufficient sub-soil is taken off, so as to replace it with good top-soil, at least to the depth of 6 inches all over the surface of the lawn; when the grading is finished the ground should be drained wherever necessary, thoroughly plowed, sub-soiled, and harrowed, until completely pulverized. removing all stones, roots, etc., so as to obtain an even and smooth surface, and if there are any steep slopes facing the south, or other exposed places, let the earth on them be better than on the level ground, for the aspect, and other causes, render such places liable to burn with less sun than the level places; applying three hundred pounds of fine bone dust or Peruvian Guano per acre, avoiding stable manure, as it always contains weed seeds. The lawn being ready, sow the seed in March, April, or May, but the earlier in the season you can prepare the soil and sow, the better, using three bushels of Dreer's best Lawn mixture to the acre; or if you cannot prepare and get your ground in readiness in the spring, the seed can be sown in September and still pare and get your ground in readiness in the spring, the seed can be sown in September and still produce a fine lawn. When the seed and fertilizer is sown, apply a light harrow, and after that give it a thorough rolling, so as to have as even a surface as possible. If the seed is sown late in the season, a sprinkling of Oats should be sown at the same time, to protect the young grass from the sun. For small plots, digging, trenching, and raking must be done, instead of plowing, sub-soiling, and harrowing. The lawn, which adds so much to the neatness of the garden, may be extended or limited in size, but should always be well prepared and neatly kept by frequent cutting, which can be so readily done with the Philadelphia Lawn Mower, with such ease and comfort, that it is a pleasure rather than a burden, and should be done every week or two throughout the season. It should, however, here be observed that the lawn cannot long be maintained in good order without successive rollings.

Our mixture of Lawn Grass is unsurpassed either for lawns, parks, or grass plats; it forms a

thick, compact growth of short growing varieties, following one another in succession, and can

he highly recommended

be nightly recommended.	TT: 1 1 /		
Dreer's Best Mixed Lawn Grass. Our finest and best mixture of	Weight per bu.	Qt.	Bu.
neat, compact growing varieties, producing a fine sward	14 lbs.	\$0 25	5 00
Mixed Lawn Grass. A good mixture of fine varieties	14 lbs.	20	4 00
Extra Clean Kentucky Blue Grass (Poa pratensis). Valuable for lawns	14 108,	20	4 00
when mixed with other varieties; thrives best in a dry soil, retain-	14 lbs.	. 20	2 50
ing its verdure in the hottest weather	14 108.	20	2 00
	4.4.11	25	5 00
for lawns, either separate or mixed with other varieties	14 lbs.	20	5 00
Herd or Red Top Grass (Agrostis vulgaris). A valuable native per-			
manent grass, as a mixture in meadows, pastures, or lawns, grow-	40 11	15	1 25
ing in almost any soil, moist or dry, and standing our hot climate.	10 lbs.	10	1 20
The same in sacks of 50 lbs. for \$4.50.			
Orchard Grass (Dactylis glomerata). One of the most desirable pas-			
ture grasses for stock, and for shady places, not so exhaustive to	40.11	20	3 00
the soil as Timothy. Price about	12 lbs.	20	5 00
Tall Meadow Oat Grass (Avena elatior). A valuable grass for per-			
manent pasture, on account of its early, luxuriant growth and			
abundant supply, which is relished by cattle early and late, also	4 4 33	20	4 00
makes splendid hay	14 lbs.	20	4 00
English Rye Grass (Lolium perenne). A nutritious permanent grass			
for meadows and pastures, also for mixing with other grasses for	00.11	20	4 00
lawns	22 lbs.	20	4 00
Italian Rye Grass (Lolium Italicum). Thriving in any soil, yielding			
an early and abundant crop, also good for mixing with other pas-	40.11	00	4 00
ture grasses	18 lbs.	20	4 00
Couch Grass (Triticum repens). A desirable variety of grass, suitable			
for Railroad Banks, or along the banks of streams, to prevent them	40.11	90	4 00
from washing out, being very tenacious of growth	12 lbs.	20	4 00
Sweet Vernal Grass (Anthoxanthum odoratum). Useful to mix with			
other grasses for pastures or lawns, on account of its early growth	40.71		= 00
and emitting an agreeable odor when cut for hay. Per lb., 60 cts	10 lbs.	***	5 00
Timothy (Phleum pratense). The best quality of prime seed. A well-			
known grass, and on moist, peaty, or clay soils it will produce a			
larger crop than any other variety, not being so well suited for	4 = 73	00	0 -0
light, sandy soils. (Price about)	45 lbs.	20	3 50
Hungarian Millet Grass (Panicum Germanicum). One of the most			
valuable annual soiling and forage plants, growing in any ordinary			
soil, withstands the drought well; sown as late as July it will pro-	40.33	4-	0.00
duce a large crop of hay. Price about	48 lbs.	15	2 00

GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS—Continued.		•	
German or Southern Golden Millet Grass. It will grow in almost weight any climate or soil; the yield in hay or seed is larger, all things being equal, than any other variety. In no case are the stalks hard, but are readily eaten by all kinds of stock. Medium early, growing 4 to 6 feet high, closely condensed heads and numerous	Qt		Bu.
spikes. It should be sown in June. (Price about)	\$0 15	5	\$2 00
to 3 feet, foliage broad and abundant, heads open, and of branching panicles. Sow in June and July. (Price about)	nd val ng an a vhile in	uab.	2 00 le for ndant ossom
Egyptian, East Índia or Pearl Millet (Pencillaria spicata). The plants at fire feeble, resembling broom corn, but when a few inches high they begin to give from ten to twenty-five stalks per plant. The stems at first are nearly until about 2 feet long, when they assume an upright position, growing from feet high. When cultivated for fodder, the seed should be sown in drills 3 for and thinned out in the rows to 1 foot apart, in rich, well-manured ground about three pounds per acre. It is fit to cut when 2 or 3 feet high. In the is sown in February or March, and cut about three times, until killed by from the second of the sec	stool a prostra m 8 to eet apa d, sowi e South	nd ite 10 rt, ng it	Per lb.
best green soiling plant for horses and cattle known to the South. It will ture its seed in the Northern States. (Weight, 50 lbs. per bu.). Bokhara Clover (Meilotus Alba). Excellent bee food throughout the whole see White Dutch Clover (Trifolium repens). The best variety to mix with lawn gr Alsike, or Hybrid Clover (Trifolium hybridum). A new variety, excellent for Lucern, or French Clover (Medicago Sativa). Also known as "Alfalfa." Eductive, and lasting a number of years, succeeds in any good, deep soil.	l not m per l ason ass sheep arly, pr	lb.	50 60 50 40
mended for the South Large Red Clover (Trifolium pratense). The best quality of prime seed. (Pringer Berbu, of 60 lbs., \$8	per l	lb.	18 ne light
AGRICULTURAL AND MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS.			
Broom Corn, Improved Evergreen. This variety is more cultivated than any other, on account of its color and quality of brush, as well as an abundant crop of seed; grows about 7 feet high, brush of good length, fine and straight, and always of a green appearance when ripe; it brings the highest market	Qt.		Bu.
price Broom Corn, California Golden. One of the most popular kinds for making brooms, being long, straight, and has the advantage of not requiring to be bent down until ready to cut, as the brush has a leaf or sheath around its base which keeps it from crooking or bending over; grows about 12 feet	\$0 25		\$4 00
high, brush very straight, of a green color, tipped with red when ripe; often 36 inches in length	30)	5 00
Broom Corn, Dwarf. This variety grows about 4 feet high, of extra fine brush for making brushes or whisks	25	5	4 00
Early Amber Sugar Cane. Of great value to our Northern States, as it ripens its seed before frost. Its saccharine matter is of first quality, fine and rich; it stands well and is not easily blown down, attains a height of 10 to 12 feet; the seed is relished by all kinds of farm stock. Sugar equal to any in the market. For green fodder, producing two to three cuttings during			
the summer	40		8 00
Sunflower, Large Common. Sunflower, Mammoth Russian. These are highly recommended to be grown as food for Poultry Each, per oz., 10 cts.	30 50		6 00 10 00
Flax Seed (Linum Usitatissimum). Buckwheat. The common variety	24	5	4 00 1 50
Buckwheat, Silver Hull. An improvement on the old common variety, being earlier, yields nearly double the crop, the flour whiter and more nutritious. Wheat, Rye, Oats, and Barley in variety, supplied at market rates; prices and	20)	2 00
names of varieties given on application.		Oz.	lb.
Tobacco, Havana. The best imported seed	10 10 10	75 50 30 40	8 00 5 00 3 00 4 00
the manufacture of paper		20 30	2 00 3 00
Pear Seed, the best imported (Pyrus Communis). Cherry Pits, Mahaleb (Cerasus Mahaleb)		•••	1 00
Plum Pits (Prunus communis) " " " "			50

ACRICIII TURAL	AND	MISCELL	ANFOUS	SEEDS_	-Continued

		Qt.	Bu.
Apple Seed (Pyrus malus). For Nursery Stocks	\$0	40	7 00
Peach Pits, Natural Virginia Seed. For Nursery Stocks	40	20	2 00
	1-4	_	
	Kt.	0z.	lb.
is now extensively planted in our Southern States and California, where it			
has become famous for draining damp soils and destroying the malaria. The			
foliage is also good for Rheumatism and Colds. It will only grow in warm			
climates on account of it not being hardy\$0	20	75	10 00
			5 00
Magnolia Glauca. The New Jersey fragrant white variety		25	250
Yellow Locust 'Robinia pseudo acacia). A tree of rapid growth, and sown			
extensively in our Western States for timber.		10	75
Honey Locust, or Three-Thorned Acacia (Gleditschia triacanthos). Grown for			
Hedges, being very hardy and an effectual protection against man or beast;			
		10	75
admirably adapted for our Western Prairies	•••	10	75
Osage Orange (Maclura Aurantiaca). Grown for Hedges. Sprout the seed first			
before sowing in wet sand, then sow in nursery rows, and when one year			
old transplant 6 inches apart, alternating the plants in double rows into the			
place where you desire your hedge, cutting the plants down to the height of			
6 inches. Have your ground well manured and plowed deep, before setting			
out your plants. Per bu., \$10.		10	75
Osage Orange Plants (not mailable), one year old plants. Per 100, 75 cts.; per			• •
1000, \$5. Two year old plants, per 100, \$1; per 1000, \$7.			
1000, 90. 1 no year old plants, per 100, 91, per 1000, 91.			

Remit for postage on Agricultural and Miscellaneous Seeds, 16 cts, per pound, and 30 cts, per quart or fraction thereof, when ordered to be sent by mail.

BIRD SEEDS, ETC.

The Bird Seeds we offer below have all been recleaned, and are of the very best quality, free from must and other impurities, that are injurious to the health of birds. Prices variable, to suit the market fluctuations. Ot. Mixed Bird Seed. For Canaries, etc......\$0 20 4 50 Canary (Phalaris canariensis). Sicily, for Canaries.

Remp (Cannabis sativa). Russian, for Canaries, Parrots, etc...

Millet (Panicum miliaceum). American, for Canaries, Sparrows, etc...

Rape (Brassica napus). English, for Canaries, Linnets, etc... 20 4 50 3 50 15 2 00 5 00 25 Rough Rice (Oryza sativa). Unhulled, for Java Sparrows, etc 25 5 00 Bird Sand. White, washed, and prepared for birds. (Not mailable)...... 1 00 5 Oz lb. Maw Seed (Papaver rheas). For young and sick birds during moulting, etc 30 10 Bird Lettuce Seed (Lactuca sativa). For young and sick birds during moulting, etc..... 50 Cuttle Fish Bone. For birds to pick at, and sharpen their bills, etc 10 75 40 Canary Bird Powder, or Song Restorer. An invigorating tonic and restorative for Canaries, Goldfinches, Linnets, and all seed-eating birds. This preparation will in every case restore to their natural notes, birds that have lost their song through the effect of cold or excessive moulting. (By mail, 25 Bird Lice Destroyer. Non-poisonous, simple, and effective. Put up in Bellows Boxes, which facilitate its application...............(By mail, 30 cts.), Per box, 25

Imperial Egg Food. For all kinds of Laying
Fowls and young Poultry. It will make
your hens lay winter and summer, supports them during moulting, and keeps the fowls in the best condition, prevents and cures the common ailments, making poultry one of the most profitable of farm stock. It is estimated that one-half of the chickens



Trade Mark Patented February 24, 1875.

and turkeys hatched out annually, die before reaching maturity. Where this food is used according to directions, sick and drooping young chickens and turkeys will not be seen about your place. It supplies all the needed material for forming bone, muscles and feathers, by its effect it strengthens the digestive organs, makes the fowls healthy, and therefore more profitable, fitting them for market at least a month earlier than the common treatment.

						Eac	h.	
1	lb.	package.	with	directions.	(By mail, 65 cts.)	\$0	50)
24	6.6	" " "	66	66	(By mail, \$1.40)			
5	66	box	46	66	(Not mailable, being over weight)			

Porcelain Nest Eggs. For hens. Ea. 5 cts.; per doz., 50 cts. (By mail, ea. 10 cts.; per doz., 75 cts.) Medicated Nest Eggs. For setting hens. Ea. 8 cts.; per doz., 60 cts. By mail 15 cts.; per doz., \$1.

Remit for postage on Bird Seeds, etc., 16 ets. per pound, and 30 ets. per quart or fraction thereof, when ordered to be sent by mail.

FLOWER GARDEN.

ALTHOUGH to the mere economist flowers may not appear indispensable or directly remunerative, yet they exert a refining and joyous influence more desirable than mere pecuniary profit. The humble cottager, unless deficient in the most simple conceptions of beauty, must have his flower pot and one or more varieties of flowers. The enthusiastic amateur is no longer content to receive his floricultural novelties at second-hand, but must have them direct from the great European centres of Horticulture. We have latterly endeavored to render this necessity of the amateur importing a few seeds or plants unnecessary, by giving constant attention to obtain every highly recommended novelty. We shall continue to do this, and shall endeavor

to have, at the earliest day, every valuable acquisition in seeds, bulbs or plants.

Too little pains is taken to have the soil of the flower-beds and borders in a friable and active state, so as not to be subject to bake in the sun. This is what renders it so difficult for small flower-seeds to survive germination, and for the delicate transplanted annuals to make a start. All that the flower-border or beds require is a dry bottom, with an annual supply of prepared compost, made up of well-decayed barn-yard manure, leaf-mould, or decayed leaves from the woods, and sods, which should be put in a heap to decay, and before using riddle through a coarse sieve and mix thoroughly together. With different soils, special applications will be necessary, as stated under the head of Vegetable Garden, see page 3. The hot bed, etc., as there described, will serve for the purpose of the Flower Garden, see page 3. The not bed, etc., as there described, will serve for the purpose of the Flower Garden.—The only additional requisites are flower-pruning scissors, flower-pots and labels; stakes and trellises for tying up the plants: for which articles see our special lists, which will be mailed on application.

The flower-beds may be cut out in the lawn, and in these bedding plants from the green-

house planted, as soon as the weather becomes suitable and no further danger of frost; also choice annual seeds sown. The following brief directions will be found reliable.

DIRECTIONS FOR THE SOWING AND MANAGEMENT OF FLOWER SEEDS.

Provided the soil is in a proper state, flower seeds may be sown in the open border, in the months of April and May; the best criterion is the state of the soil. The seeds should be sown as soon as the soil becomes dry and easily crumbled, after the spring frosts have disappeared. Care should be taken not to sow in a crowded border, as light and air are indispensable. They may also be sown in prepared beds of light, rich soil, to be transplanted into the garden. The former is the more simple method, but not always satisfactory, as, during the interval between the sowing of the seed and the period of blooming, the ground occupied is not attractive. The most satisfactory way is to sow all fine seeds under glass in a green-house, hot-bed, or in the house, exposed to a southern aspect, as the changes of climate, heavy rains and drying winds, with a hot sun, render the surface of the soil unfit for the germination of small seeds. As to the depth to which seeds should be covered, the best general rule is to cover fine and light seeds very lightly, just enough to protect them from the sun; and in extremely dry weather a sprinkling of damp moss is very useful. With very fine seeds it is best to sow on the surface, and press them slightly into the soil. We are convinced that one of the most frequent causes of failure is in sowing the seeds too deep, and seedsmen are unjustly censured, when the fault lies altogether in the bad management of the cultivator.

The period of sowing has also much to do with the success or failure; as a rule, we find the winter months, even with all the appliances a skilful gardener can give, the most unsatisfactory, instances of which came under our own observation during our long experience in floriculture, especially with certain kinds of seeds. Being desirous of raising a stock of plants of the Wigandia Caracasana during the winter for our spring sales, we made repeated sowings, but failed in every instance; the same seed sown in mid-summer produced a plentiful crop of plants. Apple Geranium seed sown in the fall furnished but a few plants, while seeds that dropped from the seed plants in June, lay until the next summer on the benches before they germinated, subjected to the heat and watering necessary to the plants that were placed thereon. Other gardeners have related the same experience, where they found the plants growing beautifully on the compost heap, being thrown out of the seed-pans after waiting patiently several months

without success.

For sowing in flower-pots, seed-pans, or shallow boxes 2 to 3 inches deep, with open seams at the bottom, so that the water can drain through quickly, the boxes being best for that purpose, the best soil is a mixture of equal parts of sand, leaf-mould, and light, rich garden loam, which should be thoroughly mixed and passed through a coarse sieve; then fill your pots, pans, or boxes within half an inch of the rim; press the soil firmly and evenly. If the soil is dry it is best to water freely before sowing the seeds, and after they are sown cover slightly with fine soil, again carefully watered with a fine spray, to settle the soil down to a uniform surface, using the fine rose of a watering pot or a spray dampner. When they are designed to be grown in the house, the temperature should be as near as possible at 60 degrees, placing them in a light window facing the east or south.

The importance of uniform attention to watering may be best learned by experience and observation, but the inexperienced cultivator may be reminded that to omit a single watering and allow the young plant-germs from seed to remain in a parched state, or a too frequent indiscriminate watering, often leads to the eventual loss of the whole. As soon as the plants appear,

they will require your careful attention, as the least over-watering may cause them to "damp off," and suddenly destroy all your hopes. They should now have as much sun as possible, and when the weather is pleasant, some air may be admitted. As soon as the plants are large enough to handle, pick them out of the seed-pots or boxes, and transplant them into other pots or boxes. placing them about 1 inch apart each way; they must be shaded for a few days from the sun, until they are established. When large enough, they can be planted separately into small pots, and kept until the proper season for planting out in the garden, when there is no further

danger of frost.

Nature bountifully provides for the reproduction of plants; the difficulty of multiplying by one method is counteracted by the ease in which it may be done in another way. When plants are difficult to make grow from cuttings or slips, we generally find that they seed freely, thus giving ample means for increase by that method, which is the most natural way of reproducing those varieties. For instance, the much admired Centaureas, of the "Dusty Miller or white silver-leaved plants, so extensively used for edging, massing, or baskets, which are so difficult to grow from cuttings, are readily raised from seed; there are numerous varieties having the same nature which all Florists and Amateurs soon discover by experience.

Annuals are plants that arrive at perfection, bloom, produce seed, and die the first season.

Hardy Annuals can be sown in the borders from April to June.

Half-Hardy and Tender Annuals can be sown in March and April in shallow boxes, etc., and placed on a hot-bed; see directions under head of Sowing and Management of Flower-Seeds; when the plants are large enough, transplant in a cool frame near the glass to harden. In May, when the weather has become favorable, transplant in the borders, or the seed can be sown in

the open ground in May and June.

Many annuals are very desirable for the green-house for winter-blooming, and must be sown in July or August. Of these the most important are Browallia, Candytuft, German Stocks, Kenilworth Ivy, Lobelia, Mignonette, Schizanthus, Sweet Alyssum, and Dwarf Nasturtiums. Many varieties, as well as the above, may be sown in the fall and winter for blooming early in the spring, such as Acroclinium, Ageratum, Antirrhinum, Apple-scented Geranium, China Pinks, Dianthus Heddewegi, Dianthus Laciniatus and Diadematus, Linum grandiflorum, Mimulus, Myosotis, Pansy, Petunias, Phlox Drummondi, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Verbena, Vinca, and others which will be found in our full and complete lists of the best leading varieties.

Biennials are those that last two seasons; however, some of the varieties bloom the first year, and remain over winter, flowering again the second year and then die, having fulfilled their mission; a slight protection of leaves or coarse manure will be found beneficial.

For summer and autumn flowering the seed should be sown in March and April, and treated the same as half-hardy annuals for those varieties blooming the first season, which varieties we

mention in our lists.

Hardy kinds can be sown from April to September in the open border, and transplanted where they are intended to bloom the following year.

The following are among the most desirable: Canterbury Bell, Foxglove, Hollyhock, Larkspur, Pinks, Sweet William, Wall-flower, etc. Perennials do not flower until the second year, and the hardy varieties remain in the ground from year to year, and improve by age, in forming large clumps or bushes, which are completely covered with their attractive flowers. They should be planted in the borders or beds where they are intended to remain permanently.

The seed may be sown early in the spring with Annuals, or later in the summer in a cool

and partially shaded situation, and when large enough transplant where wanted.

Climbers, for garden decorations, should be sown in February and March, the earlier the better, as the display for the after season will be in proportion to their early vigor, when planting out; such as Cobæa, Eccremocarpus, Lophospermum, Maurandia, Thunbergia, Tropæolum, etc.

Clematis species among hardy shrubs, and Pentstemon among herbaceous plants, are prominent instances of seeds which remain long dormant, often a whole year, before they germinate.

Verbenas, among half-hardy annuals, are treated as tender perennials, and are at times of slow germination; we recently read an article on the experience of a skilful amateur, who sowed some of the best Verbena seed obtainable, in a shallow box, and placed it in heat, and only received about a dozen plants from the seed; the box, instead of being emptied, was laid aside in case any more seedlings should come; it was then forgotten until the following spring, when it was again wanted for other seeds; instead of throwing out the soil the surface was scratched over and sown with Lantana seeds, and the box was placed in a brisk heat, and in a few days the surface was covered over with seedling Verbenas, the produce of seed sown the previous year; as his reward for leaving the soil in the box he received a fine stock of both Verbena and Lantana plants; we merely relate this incident to show how important it is to exercise patience in growing seedlings; the best varieties being often the slowest to germinate.

The germination of many hard seeds of strong body throughout, either green-house or hothouse species, which are impervious to moisture, is greatly accelerated by pouring warm water over them, in a dish or cup, and remain thus until the following morning, or soaked over night in camphorated water, and then sown. Thus treated, the young plants appear in a few weeks, but without such a preparation they are often many months. The varieties of Acacia, Eryth-

rina, Canna, and Smilax, are the most prominent of this class.

Calceolaria .- As this very desirable flower requires a little special care, the following

method should be adopted: The seed should be sown in the latter part of August, or beginning of September, in pots prepared in the following manner: the pot to be half-filled with drainage, over that the rough sifting of the mould, and the surface covered with soil as fine as possible, half of which should be composed of river sand. When prepared thus it should be watered with a fine rose, immediately after which sow the seed carefully, without any covering of soil. The pots should then be placed under a close frame or hand-glass, in a shady part of the garden, no artificial heat being required. In large establishments, of course, there are propagating or other houses that will do, where the same kind of moist temperature could be obtained, but any exposure to the sun must be carefully guarded against by mats or paper. If the situation be of the proper temperature, they will require watering but very seldom. As soon as the seedlings are strong enough, they must be picked off into pots prepared as before, and placed in the same situation; from the store-pots they will require to be potted off singly; after this the plants will grow very rapidly. Through the winter months the plants will thrive on shelves near the glass, in the green-house; and, to obtain fine specimens, they must be shifted into larger pots till the flower-stalks have started, and should always be smoked with tobacco stems every week or two, to prevent the green-fly from making its appearance, as no plant in cultivation so readily suffers from this insect as the Calceolaria—the Eureka Fumigator being the best for that purpose, as the tobacco stems never blaze in this apparatus, which makes it a safe and easy remedy to apply. See our list for sizes and prices on page 80.

It is necessary here to remark that one of the most frequent causes of the appearance of these injurious insects is the plants becoming root-bound; to avoid which evil, it is very important

that they should be frequently re-potted during the growing season.

Cineraria and Primula Sinensis are more hardy in their growth, and require somewhat less care than the above, but for them the same treatment will suit in sowing of seed, etc.; only that the seeds being larger, they can be slightly covered with fine sandy soil. If required to flower in the winter, seed should be sown in April and May, and in the following months for spring flowering.

It should be borne in mind that much of the disappointment that occurs in the sowing of Flower Seeds and frequent failures may be avoided by giving attention to the foregoing direc-

tions.

FLOWER SEEDS BY MAIL.

Their portability renders them so easily transported by mail, that we send all Flower Seeds in packets and assortments, free of postage, upon the receipt of a remittance at the prices annexed, per packet or assortment, so that no person with any taste in Floriculture need be without a choice selection. For the accommodation of those who are unacquainted with the varieties, we have put up the following assortments of desirable free-blooming and showy kinds; at these prices for the assortments, invariably our own selection:

		Twelve annuals, free-bloomers.		
66	2.	Twenty-five annuals, free-bloomers	1	00
66	3.	Twenty biennial and perennial varieties	1	00
		Twelve very choice annual varieties.		
46	5.	Twelve new and rare varieties	2	00
66	6.	One hundred annual, biennial, and perennial varieties, including many choice		
		kinds, making a fine collection	5	00

As an inducement to POSTMASTERS AND OTHERS forming Clubs, we will forward six One-Dollar packages of the above assortments, for a remittance of Five Dollars.

PREMIUM ON FLOWER SEEDS, Etc.

As an inducement we offer the following liberal premium on *Flower Seeds* ordered IN PACK-ETS ONLY, of purchaser's own selection from our extensive lists.

F'or	\$1	00,	Flower Seeds	can be	selected	to the amount	of \$1	10
66	. 2	00,	44	44	44	44	2	25
66	3	00,	66	66	44	66	3	50
66	4	00,	66	66	66	66	4	75
66		00.	4.6	66	44	46	6	00
66	10	00,	66	44	"	"	12	50

We will also present to any of our customers who purchase from this Catalogue, at the annexed prices, Vegetable Seeds in packets or ounces, Flower Seeds in packets, and Plants at the price per piece, to the extent of \$10 and upwards (in one order), the choice of any book or books in our Farmer's and Gardener's Library, to the amount of \$1.50. The list will be found on pages 127 and 128. These articles we will mail to any Post-Office in the United States.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Correspondents will please write their names legibly, and in full, with post-office, county,

and State, so as to avoid any delay in filling their orders.

We frequently receive orders and remittances without any signatures or addresses to the letters, and the persons thus remitting imagine themselves humbugged when they do not receive their seeds, etc., in time. We would therefore advise our patrons, if they do not receive their seed, etc., within a reasonable time, to notify us of the fact, and then we can trace up their orders, so that we can despatch them at once.

A SELECT AND DESCRIPTIVE LIST OF CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS,

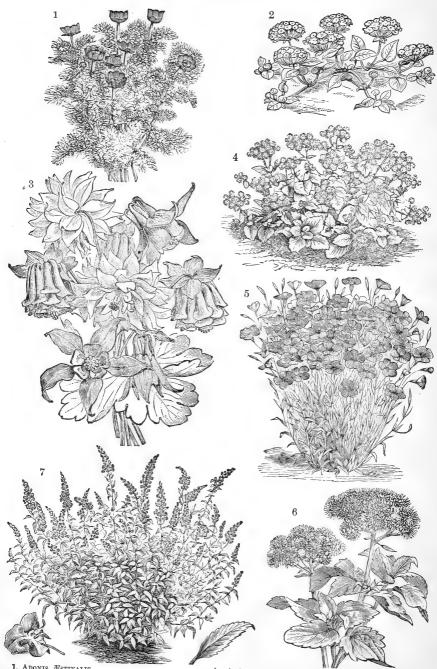
Worthy of special attention, embracing Annuals, Biennials and Perennials.

(OUR FLOWER SEEDS ARE ALL MAILED FREE UPON RECEIPT OF PRICE,)

Seeds of Climbers, Ornamental Foliage Plants, Everlasting Flowers, Ornamental Grasses, Green-house Plants and Assortments, will be found under their respective heads; following in rotation as above enumerated.

NOVELTIES WILL FOLLOW AFTER PAGE 80.

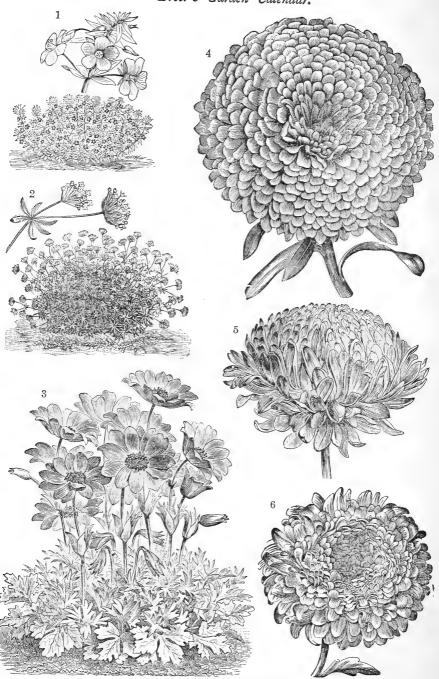
Per paci	ket.
ABRONIA. Trailing plants, producing clusters of sweet-scented flowers, resembling the	
Verbena, blooming a long time; effective in beds, rock-work, or hanging-baskets; peel	
off the husk before sowing the seed; succeeds in a light, rich soil. Half-hardy annuals.	4
UMBELLATA. Rosy lilac, with a white eye, from California; height, 6 inches	10
Fragrans. A new variety, forming large branching tufts 2 feet high. The flowers are	
produced in umbels of pure white the whole season, of a vanilla-like perfume	20
ACONITUM NAPELLUS (Monk's Hood). A hardy perennial, growing in any good	
garden soil, in the sun or shade, producing very pretty blue flowers; 4 feet	10
ADONIS ÆSTIVALIS (Flos Adonis). Also known as Pheasant's Eye. A showy hardy	
annual of easy culture, with pretty fine-cut foliage, and lasting a long time in bloom.	_
Handsome dark-crimson flowers, with a light-colored centre; 1 foot	5
AGERATUM. Valuable plants for large beds or borders, and very useful where cut	
flowers are in demand; in bloom the whole summer; also good for winter-blooming in	
pots, succeeding in any soil; half-hardy annuals.	-
ALBIFLORUM, White flowered; 15 inches. MEXICANUM. Lavender blue; 2 feet	5
IMPERIAL. Dwarf, with fine large heads of blue flowers; 6 inches	5
WHITE TOM THUMB. Dwarf, white, with a pale-blue shade; 6 inches	10 10
LASSEAUXI. This beautiful rose-colored species from Buenos Ayres is of perennial dura-	10
tion, but flowers the first season in the open border, and requires the protection of a	
green-house or enservatory in the winter. 15 inches	10
AGROSTEMMA CŒLI ROSEA, MIXED (Rose of Heaven). An attractive free-flow-	10
ering hardy perennial of easy culture, producing flowers on long slender stems like a	
single pink; blooms the first season. Flowers rose and white, fine for cutting; 1 foot.	5
ALONSOA. Handsome free-flowering bedding plants, continuing in bloom until killed	0
by frost; thriving in any good garden soil, also good house-plants; half-hardy annuals.	
WARSCEWICZI. Small, bright crimson flowers; 18 inches	5
GRANDIFLORA. Large-flowering; bright scarlet; 2 feet	5
LINIFOLIA. Flax-leaved variety, grows 18 inches high, pyramidal, bushy, and compact.	
with pretty dark-green foliage, and covered with light scarlet flowers. Planted in	
masses, it produces a beautiful effect	10
MYRTIFOLIA. Myrtle-leaved variety, grows 2½ feet high, vigorous and floriferous.	
Flowers larger and of an intenser scarlet than Linifolia. Of great service for large beds.	10
ALYSSUM. Free-flowering; pretty little plants for beds, edgings, or rock work; the	
annual variety blooms all summer, also grown in pots for winter-flowering; the peren-	
nials are among our earliest attractive spring flowers.	
SWEET (Maritimum). Flowers in white clusters; fine for bouquets; 6 in. Per oz., 75 cts.	5
SAXATILE COMPACTUM. Showy golden-yellow flowers; hardy perennial, for spring-	
bedding and rock work; 18 inches.	5
WIERZBECKI. White and yellow; hardy perennial; blooms the first season; 1 foot	5
AMARANTHUS. Are showy blooming plants, with their long racemes of curious-look-	
ing flowers; half-hardy annuals. For ornamental foliage varieties, see page 65.	
ATRO-PURPUREUS. Covered with long drooping spikes of purple flowers; 6 feet	5
	-
decorating; 3 feet	5 5
ANAGALLIS GRANDIFLORA. Dwarf, compact, flowering plants; admirably	9
adapted for ornamental baskets, rock work, edgings, and small beds; succeed best in a	
light, rich soil, in a sunny situation; covered with flowers the whole summer; half-	
hardy annuals.	
EUGENIE. Light blue, shaded with white; 6 inches	10
Napoleon III. Rich maroon color : 6 inches	10
NAPOLEON III. Rich maroon color; 6 inches	
plants can compete with it in beauty and brilliancy of color early in the spring, when	
it blooms; a hardy perennial, bulbous-rooted plant. Flowers large, dazzling vermilion,	
valuable for bouquets; 1 foot	20



Adonis Æstivalis.
 Abronia Umbellata.
 Aquilegia Varieties.

4. AGERATUM IMPERIAL DWARF.
5. AGROSTEMMA CŒLI ROSEA VARIETY.
6. AGERATUM MEXICANUM.
7. ALONSOA MYETIFOLIA, MYETLE-LEAVED VARIETY.

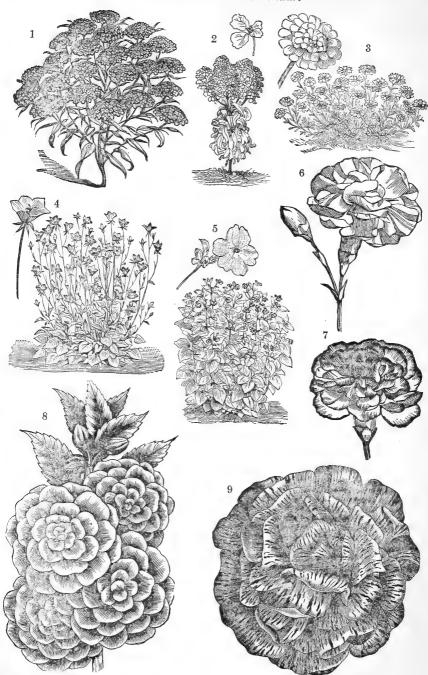
Ditti 3 Garath Cathaur.	10
ANTIRRHINUM (Snap-Dragon). One of our most showy and useful border plants. The more recently improved varieties of this valuable genus are large, finely-shaped	pkt.
flowers of the most brilliant colors, with beautifully marked throats; they succeed in any good garden soil and are very effective in beds. Hardy perennials, blooming the first year if the seed is sown early. For separate colors see assortments of Antirrhinum.	
BRILLIANT. Bright scarlet, with white throat; height, 1 foot HENRY IV. White, crimson and scarlet; height, 1 foot FIRE-FLY. Orange and scarlet, with white throat; 1 foot	5 5 5
GALATHE. Crimson, with white throat, large flowering; 2 feet	5
AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Beautiful grotesque and varied-colored flowers, blooming freely in the spring; hardy perennials.	
CARYOPHYLLOIDES. A double variety, flowers white, striped with crimson; 18 inches DOUBLE VARIETIES, mixed; 18 inches CHRYSANTHA (Golden-Spurred). A strong grower, forming bushy plants 3 feet high	, 10
producing all summer an abundance of bright golden-yellow flowers	. 10 . 10
SINGLE VARIETIES, mixed; 2 feet ASPERULA AZUREA SETOSA. A hardy dwarf annual, profuse bloomer, with	ı
clusters of small, sweet-scented flowers, lasting a long while in bloom; fine for bouquets Flowers of a beautiful light blue color; 1 foot.	. 5
ASTER (Queen Margaret). One of the most popular and effective of our garden favorites producing in profusion flowers in which richness and variety of colors are combined	i
with the most perfect and beautiful form: it is indispensable in every garden or pleasure ground where an autumnal display is desired. The French and German florists have	3
brought this flower to great perfection; we offer all the choicest varieties. All the varieties delight in a light, rich soil, and in hot, dry weather should be mulched with	1
rotted manure, and well watered, which will increase their beauty and the duration of their bloom; hardy annuals. For separate colors, see assortments of Asters, page 76. DWARF PYRAMIDAL BOUQUET. The plants, when well grown, form a complete bouque	1
of flowers, mixed colors; 1 foot	. 10
with many bright rich colors; 18 inches	. 10
VICTORIA. Various colored very double flowers, as large as the Giant Emperor Aster imbricated and globular, of pyramidal habit; 20 inches	. 10
CELLULAR VICTORIA CRIMSON. A glowing rich crimson variety of this beautiful nev class of the above; 2 feet	. 20
form; perfect pure white flowers; 2 feet	. 20
with various colored large brilliant flowers; 2 feet	. 10
robust growth; 2 feet	. 16
petals beautifully incurred, of various bright rich colors; 18 inches	. 10
robust habit and most perfect form; mixed colors; 18 inches	. 20
in diameter; extra double; 2 feet	. 20
colors; 1 foot. SHAKESPEARE. A dwarf, globe-flowered variety, beautifully imbricated; mixed colors	;
GERMAN WHITE QUILLED. Double pure white flowers, fine for funeral designs and	1
bouquets; 2 feet. GERMAN QUILLED, MIXED. Perfectly double quilled flowers, of beautiful mixed colors	;
2 feet	. 10
AZALEA PONTICA. A beautiful hardy perennial shrub, from the Levant. Choic mixed varieties; 4 feet.	. 25
BALSAM (Lady Slipper). An old and favorite garden flower, producing its gorgeou masses of beautiful, brilliant-colored double flowers in the greatest profusion; of eas; culture; succeeds in a good, rich soil; also fine for pot-culture and conservatory decorations; tender annuals. For separate colors, see assortments of Balsams, page 76.	У
CAMELLIA-FLOWERED. Very double, of perfect form; beautiful colors, mixed; 2 feet ROSE-FLOWERED. Superb double flowers, mixed colors; 2 feet THE KING. Brilliant scarlet; imposing in size and color of the flowers; very double	. 10
Solf-Erino. Satiny white, striped, streaked and spotted with lilac and crimson; ver beautiful double flowers; 18 inches	. 10
EXTRA DOUBLE WHITE. This is the finest strain of the double white Camellia Balsam	8
ever before introduced, and the most profitable for florists' use; 2 feet. DOUBLE MIXED VARIETIES. Occasionally only semi-double; 2 feet. Per oz., \$1	. 5



1. Anagallis Grandiflora Variety.
2. Asperula Azurea Setosa.
3. Anemone Fulgens, or Scarlet Windflower.

4. GIANT EMPEROR ASTER.
5. PÆONY-FLOWERED PERFECTION ASTER.
6. ROSE-FLOWERED ASTER.

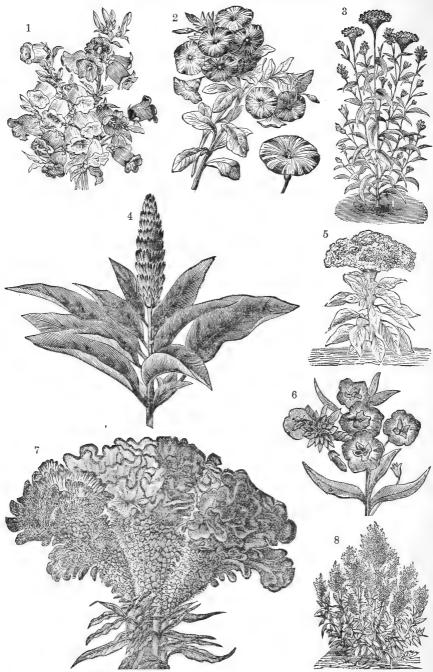
Per pk	t.
BIDENS ATROSANGUINEA. Rich dark crimson, with vellow anthers; beautiful	5
foliage; a free-flowering tender annual. The roots can be preserved like Dahlias; 1 foot. 10 BRACHYCOME IBERIDIFOLIA, MIXED (Swan River Daisy). Free-flowering dwarf-growing plants, covered during the greater part of the summer with a profusion	0
of pretty Cineraria-like flowers; suitable for edgings and small beds, or pot culture;	5
BROWALLIA. Very handsome profuse-blooming plants, covered with rich, strikingly beautiful winged flowers during the summer and autumn months, growing freely in any	
rich soil; blooms finely in the winter if sown in August; half-hardy annual; 18 inches. ELATA CŒRULEA. Sky-blue flowers with white centre	5
ELATA ALBA. Pure white flowers.	5 5
ELATA GRANDIFLORA. Large sky-blue flowers	
ABBREVIATA (Pulchella). Flowers of a deep rose color, very fine and attractive	0
flowers nearly double the size of the old varieties; a splendid bedding plant	0
culture, with tassel-shaped flowers; blooms from July to September in clusters; fine for borders. Mixed golden yellow and scarlet flowers; 18 inches. Per oz., \$1	5
CALANDRINA, MIXED. Beautiful creeping, free-flowering plants, adapted for rock work or any hot situation, requiring a light, rich soil; hardy annuals. All colors mixed;	
CALENDULA (Cape Marigold). Showy, free flowering hardy annuals, growing in any good garden soil, producing a fine effect in beds or mixed borders; 1 foot.	5
PONGEI FLORE-PLENO (Hybrid Marigold). Showy, double white flowers	5 5
CALLIRHOE PEDATA (Nuttalia). A free-flowering plant, blooming when small, and continuing until late in the fall; fine for bedding or massing; hardy annual. Flowers	J
purplish crimson, with white eye: 2 feet	5
CALLIOPSIS, or COREOPSIS. Showy and useful free-flowering plants; the tall varieties are very effective in mixed borders, while the dwarf, from their close, compact	
habit of growth, make fine bedding plants; of easy cultivation; hardy annuals.	
	5
DRUMMONDI. Large yellow, with crimson centre; 1 foot	55555
NIGRA SPECIOSA. Beautiful, rich, velvety, crimson flowers; 2 feet	5
	5
CAMPANULA. Well-known beautiful hardy perennials, with a great profusion of bloom; some of the varieties flowering the first season if planted early. The Speculum	
varieties are hardy annuals, producing an abundance of flowers, fine for beds, edgings	
and ribbon gardening.	
PYRAMIDALIS. A beautiful and stately plant, either for garden or pot culture; hardy	=
perennial; mixed blue and white flowers; 3 feet	5
ting; hardy perennial; 2 feet	0
	0
SPECULUM (Venus' Looking-glass). With rich blue flowers; hardy annual; 6 inches SPECULUM PROCUMBENS (Venus' Looking-glass variety). A new hardy annual variety	5
has been obtained, which comprise all the colors, blue, white, and lilac, of the parent	
family. The plants are 4 inches high, and 20 inches in diameter, forming charming	
compact bushes, completely studded with flowers, and continuing in bloom a long time; fine for massing or edgings; mixed colors	٥
CANDYTUFT (<i>Iberis</i>). A beautiful and most useful plant, for growing in beds or	
masses; the white varieties are extensively grown by florists for bouquets; by frequent	
sowings they can be had during the winter and summer. FRAGRANT (I. Pectinata). A sweet-scented pure white variety, with pinnated foliage; 1 ft.	5
	5
DWARF WHITE (I. Umbellata Nana Alba Affinis). Very dwarf, pure white flowers, fine	
for pot culture; 6 inches.	0
TOM THUMB WHITE (I. Coronaria Nana). This new dwarf variety attains the height of 4 to 6 inches, and the side branches arrange themselves in a regular spherical manner	
around it, forming a complete round bush about 16 inches in diameter, covered with	
large white flower heads, of great substance, standing both heat and wet	
	5 5
NEW CARMINE (I, Umbellata Variety). This new splendid variety is of a dwarf compact	
habit, and presents a mass of extra fine carmine bloom; 6 inches	
	5
HYBRID DWARF, MIXED (I. Umbellata Hybrida Nana Varieties). These elegant new dwarf hybrid varieties are very floriferous, and remarkable for their numerous and brilliant	
colored flowers, shading from pure white into dark purple: 6 inches	0
WHITE PERENNIAL (I. Sempervirens Albens). A profuse white-blooming hardy peren-	
nial variety; a small plant, adapted for rockeries, baskets, etc., coming in flower early in the spring, and continuing a mass of beauty for a long time: 6 inches	0



- 1. DUNNETT'S CRIMSON CANDYTUFT.
 2. WHITE ROCKET CANDYTUFT.
 3. WHITE PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT, OR IBERIS
 SEMPERVIRENS.
 4. CAMPANULA CARPATICA, OR PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORA.

- 5. BROWALLIA ELATA VARIETY.
 6. CARNATION REMONTANT OR PERPETUAL.
 7. CARNATION, PICOTEE VARIETY.
 8. CAMELIA-FLOWERED DOUBLE BALSAMS.
 9. SOLFERINO DOUBLE BALSAMS.

Per	nkt.
CANTERBURY BELL (Campanula Media). When well grown are among the most	pat.
two feet apart; also effective when grown in large pots; hardy biennials; height, 2½ feet.	- 0
DOUBLE BLUE, DOUBLE WHITE	10
DOUBLE MIXED. All the colors mixed. SINGLE BLUE. SINGLE WHITE	5
SINGLE VINED All the colors mixed	5
CARNATION (Dianthus Carnophullus). The Carnation Pinks are general favorites	
for their delicious fragrance and richness of colors. The seed we offer has been im-	
ported from the best sources in Europe, and will produce splendid double flowers; succeeds best in a light, rich soil; protect during the winter; half-hardy perennials; 1½ ft.	
FINEST GERMAN. Mixed colors: saved from the best named flowers	50
FINEST GERMAN. Mixed colors; saved from the best named flowers	50
REMONTANT (Perpetual). Mixed colors; saved only from choice double flowers	50
PICOTEE VARIETIES. The finest selected double varieties; mixed	25
FINE DOUBLE. The best mixed varieties for border culture	25
CELOSIA. Free-blooming graceful plants, producing spikes of beautiful feathery flow-	
ers; grown in pots they are fine for the greenhouse or conservatory. The Spiked varie-	
ties are fine for cutting and drying for winter bouquets, which should be done when in	
full bloom and before they fade. The Cristata varieties are ornamental, curious-looking	
flowers; well-known favorites; seed saved from fine combs selected for their size and brilliant colors. All the Celosia are half-hardy annuals.	
ARGENTEA. Small, attractive spikes of white flowers, shaded with bright rose; 3 feet	5
SPICATA ROSEA. Spikes of beautiful bright rose-colored flowers; 3 feet	5 5
SPICATA MIXED. Of different shades of the spiked varieties; 3 feet	5
HUTTONI. Of a bushy pyramidal habit, each branch being tipped with a small spike of	
bright crimson flowers; the upper surface of the leaf being of a deep claret color, while the under side is of a bright crimson shade. A splendid bedding plant, and suitable for	
ribbon beds: 3 feet	20
Plumosa (Feathered). A beautiful feathered variety, of several mixed colors; 3 feet	10
JAPONICA (Japanese Cockscomb). A distinct variety. Combs brilliant scarlet, cut and	
ruffled like face; 2 feet	10
combs; 2 feet	10
CRISTATA VARIEGATA (Gold and Crimson Variegated Cockscomb). Magnificent; large	10
heads variegated with crimson, orange, green, shaded and striped; the golden-yellow	
and deep crimson are of the most brilliant hues, the variegation being distinctly marked;	
3 feet	10
CRISTATA PRESIDENT THIERS A new dwarf variety growing from 6 to 8 inches high	5
CRISTATA PRESIDENT THIERS. A new dwarf variety, growing from 6 to 8 inches high, producing large, splendid, crimson combs.	10
CRISTATA MIXED. Fine dwarf varieties of the cockscomb. Per oz., \$1	5
CENTAUREA AMERICANA. A strong-growing hardy annual; flowers lilac purple,	~
very large and showy; 2 feet	5
garden soil, hardy annuals.	
MACROSIPHON. Pale rose, long tubed flowers, fine for massing; 2 feet	5
MACROSIPHON ALBUS. A showy white-flowered variety; 1 foot	5
CHRYSANTHEMUM. Showy and effective garden favorites. The hardy annuals are	
summer-flowering border plants; also good for pot culture and quite distinct from the Indicum varieties, which are hardy perennial autumn-flowering.	
CHOICE MIXED. Summer-flowering double, hardy annual varieties; 1 to 2 feet	5
INDICUM. Choice mixed large-flowering double varieties; half-hardy perennial; 3 feet	20
INDICUM NANUM. Pompone or Liliputian varieties; a beautiful half-hardy perennial;	
fine for florists' flowers. Choice mixed; very double; 1 foot	20
and of long duration in the open borders; flowers first orange, changing to red and then	
to violet; 1 foot	10
CLARKIA. An old favorite hardy annual plant, growing in any garden soil and produc-	
ing freely its cheerful-looking flowers early in the season. Sow the seed early in the	
spring or in the autumn; 1½ feet. SINGLE VARIETIES. Mixed colors	5
DOUBLE VARIETIES Mixed colors	5
CLEOME GRANDIFLORA (Spider Plant). Singular-looking rose-colored flowers; the stamens look like spiders' legs, and present a very attractive appearance; half-	
the stamens look like spiders' legs, and present a very attractive appearance; half-	
	5
COMMELINA. A tuberous-rooted, free-blooming, very pretty plant; succeeds in a light, rich soil. The roots can be preserved like Dahlias; half-hardy perennials; 1! feet. CCLESTIS. Flowers of a rich sky-blue color	
CŒLESTIS. Flowers of a rich sky-blue color.	5
CŒLESTIS ALBA. A white-flowering variety of the above	5
CONVOLVULUS MINOR (Dwarf Morning Glory). Showy, free-flowering, rich col-	
ored handsome trailing dwarf plants, producing in beds and mixed borders an un-	
usuany ornmant enect; 1 100t.	



^{1.} SINGLE CANTERBURY BELL VARIETIES.
2. CONVOLVILUS MINOR STRIATA.
3. CELOSIA JAPONICA, OR JAPANESE COCKSCOMB.
4. CELOSIA HUTTONI.

^{5.} DWARF CRIMSON COCKSCOMB.
6. CONVOLUTULUS MINOR TRICOLOR FLORE PLENO.
7. GOLD AND CRIMSON VARIEBATED COCKSCOMB.
8. CELOSIA PLUMOSA, OR FEATHERED COCKSCOMB.

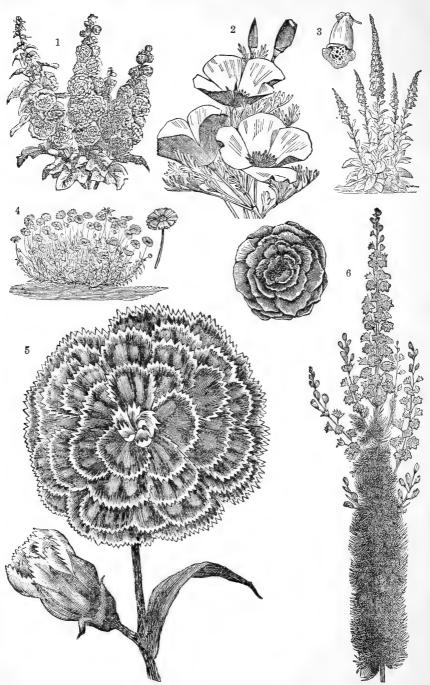
CONVOLVULUS MINOR—Continued—Height 1 foot.	pkt.
SPLENDENS. Flowers rich violet, with a white centre	õ
TRICOLOR. Violet purple, with a white centre	5
WHITE. Pretty to contrast with the other varieties. KERMESINUS VIOLACEUS. This new variety is very striking, having a bright yellow eye,	J
encircled with snowy white, and broadly margined with rich crimson violet	10
MIXED VARIETIES. All the colors of the dwarf varieties mixed. Per oz., 50 cts	5
TRICOLOR FLORE-PLENO. A showy double variety, but cannot be depended on as pro-	
ducing all double flowers	10
CANTABRICUS. Flowers rosy purple, a beautiful trailer for hauging-baskets, or for a	10
bedding plant; hardy perennial; 1 foot	10
lavender-colored blue flowers: half-hardy evergreen perennial	10
CUPHEA PLATYCENTRA (Cigar or Fire Cracker Plant). Free-flowering beautiful	
ornamental plants, either for garden or pot culture; half-hardy perennial; flowers small tubed-shaped, scarlet encircled with black and white; 1 foot	4.0
small tubed-shaped, scarlet encircled with black and white; 1 foot.	10
CYANUS MINOR, MIXED (Blue Bottle or Corn Flower). Ornamental plants for shrub- beries and borders, useful for cut flowers; growing in any garden soil; hardy annuals	
various colors mixed; 1½ feet	,
of golden-yellow flowers	10
DAISY, MIXED (Bellis Perennis). A favorite plant for beds or pot-culture; half-hardy	
perennial; seed saved from the finest double varieties, mixed colors; 4 inches	20
DAHLIA. One of our best autumnal flowering plants, blooms until killed by frost; half	
hardy perennials; blooming the first year from seed, if sown early; protect the root from frost during the winter in a dry cellar in sand.	,
LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES. Saved from the finest double flowers. Mixed colors; 5 ft	. 20
SMALL-FLOWERING (Bouquet or Liliputian). Saved from choice double flowers; mixed	
colors; it is the flower that is miniature and not the plant; 5 feet	
DATURA (Trumpet Flower). An ornamental class of plants; in large clumps and bor	-
ders of shrubbery they produce an excellent effect; flowering the first year from seed	
if sown early. They can be preserved in sand during the winter in a dry cellar fre from frost; half-hardy perennials.	,
ATROVIOLACEA PLENISSIMA. Flowers dark violet, the inside of a lighter shade; 4½ feet	. 10
FASTUOSA HUBERIANA. Large double lilac flowers; inner parts almost pure white; 5 ft	. 10
HUMULIS FLORE-PLENO. Large double flowers, of a deep golden-yellow; delightfully	
fragrant, continuing in bloom until frost; 2 feet	. 10
WRIGHTI (Meteloides). White, lilac bordered; in bloom from July to November; 2 feet Arborea (Brugmansia Suaviolens). A large growing plant, with beautiful white, long	, 0
tubed, trumpet-shaped, fragrant flowers, about 12 inches long. Planted out in May, in	1
well-drained, light, rich soil, manured with well-rotted manure and decayed leaves, the	7
make a magnificent show of bloom. The seeds should be started in a green-house o	r
hot-bed early in the spring. They also make a splendid plant for the green-house of	r
conservatory, growing about 10 feet high	. 20
most every requisite for the adornment of the garden or parterre; the hardy peren	_
nials producing splendid spikes of flowers in profusion throughout the summer. I	
sown early they will bloom the first year from seed. The hardy annuals are profus	е
bloomers, and succeed best if sown in the autumn, or very early in the spring. Fo	r
separate colors see assortments of Larkspurs, page 76.	10
FORMOSUM. Beautiful spikes of brilliant rich blue flowers, with a white centre; 2 feet NUDICAULE. Dwarf, compact growth, with abundant loose spikes of bright dazzlin	10
scarlet flowers; 18 inches	. 10
The above two are hardy perennials, and the following are hardy annual varieties:	
DOUBLE DWARF ROCKET (Hyacinth-Flowered Larkspur). Finest mixed colors; 1 foo	
DOUBLE STOCK-FLOWERED. A tall-branching variety, with beautiful long spikes of	
flowers of various colors; fine for cutting; 2 feet	. 5
DOUBLE DWARF CANDELABRA-FLOWERED. Shaped like a candelabra; flowerin until quite late; beautiful mixed colors; 1 foot	. 5
IMPERIALE FLORE-PLENO (Emperor Larkspur). Of symmetrical bushy habit and un	
form height 1½ feet, with a profusion of flowers; the colors are brilliant dark blue, tr	-
color and red striped	10
color and red stripéd	1
ers in cultivation, a great variety of colors and profusion of bloom; the hardy biennia varieties blooming the first season if sown early. The hardy perennial varieties are	.1
very fragrant, and of easy culture for the garden or green-house.	В
CHINENSIS (China or Indian Pink). Extra double varieties, all colors; mixed; 1 foot	5
CHINENSIS, FLORE-PLENO ALBO. Double pure white flowers: 1 foot	. 5
IMPERIALIS (Double Imperial Pink). Double variegated, of many mixed colors: 1 foot	. 10
HEDDEWIGI FLORE-PLENO. Seed saved from extra double flowers, colors varying from	n
the richest velvety crimson to the most delicate rose, beautiful mixed colors; 1 foot HEDDEWIGI DIADEMATUS, FLORE-PLENO (Double Diadem Pink). Beautiful double	
flowers from 2 to 3 inches in diameter; of varied tints of lilac, crimson, purple an	d
black purple, outer edges fringed and nearly white; dwarf compact-growing plants; 1 f	
A	



- DIANTHUS CHINENSIS, OR EXTRA DOUBLE CHINA PINK.
 DOUBLE SUMMER-FLOWERING CHRYSANTHEMUM.
 DOUBLE DAISY, OR BELLIS PERENNIS.

- 4. DIANTHUS HEDDEWIGI DIADEMATUS FLORE-PLENO, OR DOUBLE DIADEM PINK.
 5. DELPHINIUM NUDICAULE.
 6. DELPHINIUM FORMOSUM.

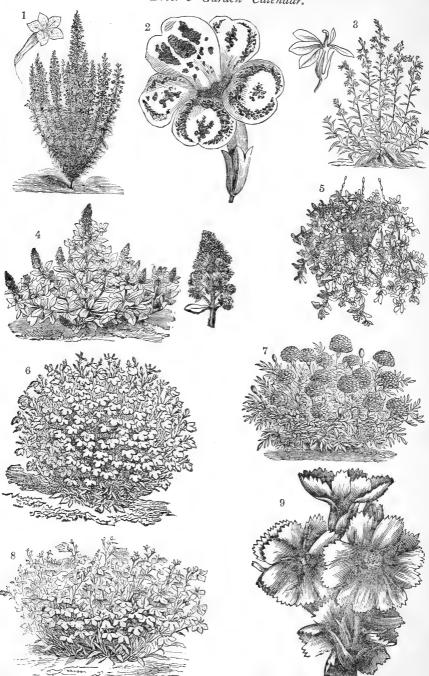
DIANTHUS—Continued. Per	pkt.
LACINIATUS FLORE-PLENO. Large double showy flowers, in a great variety of colors,	10
with fringed edges; height 2 feet LACINIATUS STRIATUS, FLORE-PLENO. A large double variety; flowers white, elegantly	10
striped and streaked with different shades, varying from rose to dark red; 2 feet	20
NANUS ATRO-SANGUINEUS. A dwarf plant, with globular double dark blood-red flow-	
ers; a profuse bloomer; 6 inches	10
The preceding varieties are all hardy biennials, and the following are hardy perennials: PHEASANT'S EYE (D. Plumarius Simplex). Beautiful single pinks, flowers white and	
fringed edges, with a dark centre; 1 foot	5
PLUMARIUS SCOTICUS FLORE-PLENO (Double Scotch Pinks). A double large-flowered	
Pheasant's Eye variety; fringed edges of various beautiful colors; 1 foot	20
FINE GARDEN (D. Hortensis). Beautiful double mixed colors; 2 feet	10
DIGITALIS (<i>Foxglove</i>). A handsome and highly ornamental, hardy perennial plant, of stately growth, fine for shrubberies and other half shady places; 3 feet.	
PURPUREA. Beautiful purple-spotted flowers. ALBA. A pure white varietyEach	5
MIXED. Of all the finest varieties.	5
DOLICHOS LABLAB NANA. New dwarf French Hyacinth-flowered Beans, with	_
beautiful purple and white flowers; tender annual. PURPLE. WHITE. MIXED. Each ERYSIMUM PEROFFSKIANUM. Showy, free-flowering, hardy annual, very effec-	5
tive in beds or borders; fragrant orange-colored flowers; 1½ feet	5
ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). Delight in a light, rich soil; profuse flowering	
and attractive plants for beds, edgings, or masses; hardy annuals; 1 foot.	
CROCEA, Rich orange-colored flowers	5
CROCEA ALBA. Beautiful creamy-white flowers	5 5
MIXED. Of all the choice varieties. Per oz., 50 cts.	5
FENZLIA DIANTHIFLORA. A small dwarf profuse-flowering plant, adapted for	
small beds, rustic work, vases, or pot culture, blooming all summer and requires to be	
well supplied with moisture. Flowers rosy lilac, with a crimson centre and yellow anthers; hardy annual; 3 inches	20
FEVERFEW (Matricaria). Handsome free-flowering herbaceous plants, succeeding in	20
any garden soil; a fine bedding plant or for pot culture; blooms until frost; hardy	
perennials, blooming the first season if sown early; 18 inches.	4.0
DOUBLE WHITE. Seed only saved from double flowers	10
plant surpasses the old varieties in heauty of its handsome double white bloom as well	
as the foliage being densely curled like the "Fern Leaf Parsley." particularly the	
young leaves appearing like velvet; fine for ribbon beds if the flowers are removed	20
GAILLARDIA. Splendid bedding plants, remarkable for the profusion, size, and bril-	
liancy of their flowers, continuing in beauty during the summer and autumn; half-hardy annuals; $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet.	
ALBA MARGINATA. Flowers red, edged with white	5
PICTA (Painted Lady). Crimson, bordered with orange, very showy	- 5
MIXED. Of all the fine varieties	- 5
GAURA LINDHEIMERI. An elegantly branching free-flowering plant, in bloom the whole summer, succeeds in a sandy loam; with spikes of white and red tinted blos-	
soms: half-hardy annual: 3 feet	10
soms; half-hardy annual; 3 feet	
work; nardy annuals; 1 100t.	
TRICOLOR. Flowers white, lilac, and purple: MIXED. Of all the varietiesEach GLADIOLUS—FINE HYBRID, MIXED. Seed saved from choice named varieties;	5
half-hardy bulbs. For bulbs see list under head of Summer-Flowering Bulbs	20
GODETIA, MIXED. An attractive hardy annual, deserving of more extensive cultiva-	
tion; profuse-flowering plants, grow in any garden soil; fine mixed of all colors; 1 ft.	5
GYPSOPHILA. Pretty, free-flowering, elegant plants, adapted for rustic and rock	
work, baskets, edgings and borders; succeeding in any garden soil. MURALIS. A small plant, covered with pretty pink blossoms; suitable for small beds,	
etc.; hardy annual; 6 inches.	5
PANICULATA. White flowers, beautiful for bouquets, imparting a light, airy appearance;	
fine for borders, etc.; hardy perennial; 2 feet	10
HELIANTHUS (Sun Flower). The finest varieties, remarkable for their stately growth,	
size and brilliancy of their flowers, making a very good effect among shrubbery and for screens. The seed is also good for feeding poultry; hardy annuals.	
CALIFORNICUS. Large extra double brilliant orange-colored flowers; 5 ft. Per oz., 50 cts.	5
NANUS. Dwarf very double yellow flowers; 3 feet. Per oz., 50 cts	5
For Russian and Common varieties, see page 36.	
HESPERIS MATRONALIS, MIXED (Sweet Garden Rocket). Fragrant early spring	
profuse-blooming plants, growing freely in any garden soil, flowers purple and white; hardy perennials; 18 inches	5
HIBISCUS. A showy, ornamental class of plants, for mixed beds or shrubbery borders,	
doing well in any garden soil, having large-sized, varied and beautiful colored flowers.	
AFRICANUS. Large, cream-colored flowers, with a brown centre; hardy annual; 18 in. PALUSTRIS. Beautiful large pink flowers, doing equally well in rich ground, dry or	. 5
PALUSTRIS. Beautiful large pink flowers, doing equally well in rich ground, dry or	5



- 1. DOUBLE ENGLISH HOLLYHOCK.
 2. ESCHSCHOLIZIA, OR CALIFORNIA POPPY.
 3. DIGITALIS, OR FOXGLOVE VARIETY.
 4. GAILLARDIA VARIETY.

5. DIANTHUS LACINIATUS FLORE-PLENO.
6. DELPHINIUM DWARF DOUBLE ROCKET, OR HYACINTH-FLOWERED LARKSPUR.

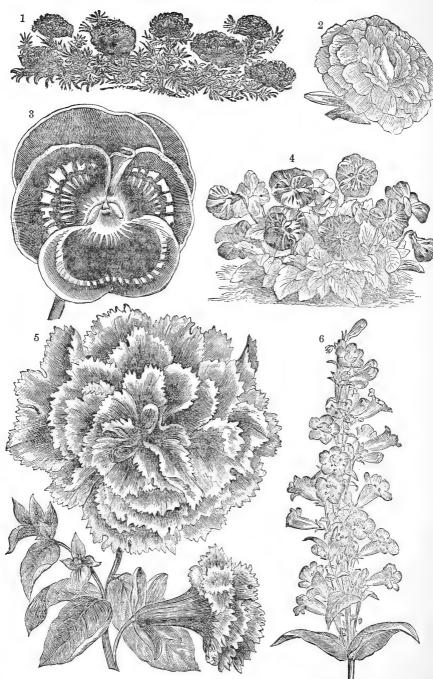
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HOLLYHOCK, DOUBLE ENGLISH, MIXED (Althwa Rosea). This splendid plant vies with the Dahlia for summer decorations, and from its stately growth and the varied colors of its magnificent spikes of flowers may justly claim a place in every large garden or pleasure ground. Our seed has been saved from the best named double English varieties. Seed sown in June or July will flower the following summer.	pkt.
Hardy perennial; height 6 feet. For separate colors, see assortments of Hollyhocks IPO HOPSIS Strading Cypress;. One of our most attractive free-flowering plants, with fine foliage, which adds to the beauty of the plant; fine for conservatory or garden decorations; succeeds in a dry, light, rich soil, producing long spikes of dazzling colored flowers; half-hardy biennials, blooming the first season if the seed is sown early in the house or hot-bed; 3 feet.	10
ELEGANS. Beautiful long spikes of searlet flowers	5
FINE MIXED VARIETIES. Of various orange and scarlet colored flowers. IRIS GERMANICA, MIXED. Neat, robust, tuberous-rooted, hardy evergreen garden plants, growing about 2 feet high, with large ornamental flowers of the richest colors.	5
striped, veined, and variegated, upon a lighter ground, blooming early in the spring LILIUM. This is one of our most beautiful of the well-known hardy bulbs, for the conservatory or flower garden. The seeds are of slow germination, often lying several months before vegetating; should be grown in a dry soil of the following mixture of	10
loam, peat and sand; 3 feet. AURATUM (Golden-banded Lily of Japan). The finest and most fragrant of the Lilies; white speckled with reddish brown and bands of gold through the centre of each petal.	20
LINARIA CYMBALLARIA Kenilworth Ivy. A hardy perennial trailing variety, suitable for baskets, vases, pots and rock-work; 3 inches. LINUM GRANDIFLORUM COCCINEUM Scarlet Fluz. One of the most effec-	20 10
LINUM GRANDIFLORUM COCCINEUM Searcht Flux. One of the most effective and showy bedding plants; flowers brilliant scarlet, with crimson centre, of long duration, having fine foliage and delicate stems; hardy annual; 1 foot	5
LOASA HISPIDA. An erect variety, with long dark-green pinnated leaves; height 3 feet, and flower-stalks 2 feet long, producing a number of showy yellow and white flowers; for pot or out-door culture; half-hardy annual	20
LOBELIAS. The following dwarf and trailing varieties of this popular and beautiful plant will be found most desirable; for edgings, borders, vases, hanging-baskets, and for pot culture, they cannot be surpassed; half-hardy annuals; 6 inches high, unless otherwise mentioned. The hardy perennial varieties are of the most attractive of our garden favorites, producing beautiful spikes of handsome flowers in the autumn; de-	20
lighting in a moist, rich loam. ERINUS, SPECIOSA CRYSTAL PALACE. Of compact growth; flowers of a superb ultramarine blue. This variety blooms during the entire summer in the open borders, and	10
ERINUS, EMPEROR WILLIAM. A new trailing variety, with fine sky-blue flowers ERINUS, SPECIOSA ALBA MAXIMA. This new variety is the largest flowered of all the	10 20
Erinus species, with showy white flowers, of drooping and spreading habit	20
PUMILA GRANDIFLORA. A densely compact miniature plant, which, during the summer months, is studded with rich deep blue flowers	10
Snowflake (Queen of Whites). A pure white variety of vigorous habit	10
PICTA. Rich, velvety-veined and netted foliage, with light rose-colored flowers	20
MIXED VARIETIES. Of all the dwarf and trailing varieties HETEROPHYLLA MIXED (Ramosa Varieties). A new strain; of upright growth, abundant bloomers; 18 inches; mixed colors; half-hardy perennial, blooming the first season	10
CARDINALIS (Cardinal Flower). A hardy perennial native variety, with spikes of brilliant searlet flowers, blooming the first season if sown early; a fine border plant; 3 ft. CARDINALIS QUEEN VICTORIA. With the darkest foliage, and brilliant spikes of deep	10
scarlet flowers; hardy perennial; 3 feet	20
nalis, but are of the most splendid shades of colors, varying from light rose to red, lilac, purple, and bluish violet; in bloom from July to October; hardy perennials; 2 feet LUPINUS. Ornamental free-flowering garden plants, with long, graceful spikes of rich	20
and varied colored flowers; valuable for mixed flower borders and beds. CHOICE MIXED, annual varieties, all colors; 2 feet. Per oz., 50 cts. CHOICE MIXED, hardy perennial varieties, all colors; 3 feet.	5 ,
LYCHNIS. Handsome plants of easy culture, growing in any rich garden soil; for massing in beds and borders, blooming the first year if sown early; hardy perennials. CHALCEDONICA. Fine scarlet flowers. ALBA. Showy white flowers; 2 feetEach	5
HYBRIDA HAAGEANA, MIXED. Beautiful brilliant orange-scartet, light and dark crim-	J
son, and white-flaked flowers; free-flowering; 1 foot	10
MIXED VARIETIES. Of all colors and varieties. Per oz., \$1	5
DWARF FRENCH. Tall double orange and yellow, mixed; 2 feet	5 5
PIGMY DWARF. A very dwarf double miniature variety; mixed colors; 1 foot	5



1. IPOMOPSIS ELEGANS, OR STANDING CYPRESS
2. MINULUS SINGLE VARIETY.
3. LOBELIA CARDINALIS.
4. MIGNONETTE VARIETY.

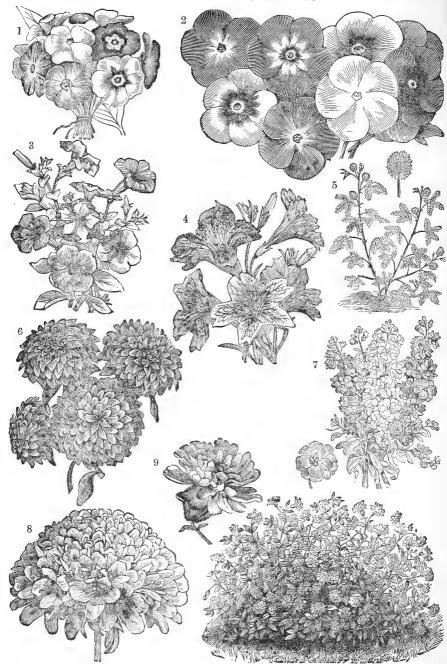
CYPRESS 5. MESEMBRYANTHEMUM CRYSTALLINUM, OR ICE PLANT.
6. LOBELIA SNOWFLAKE, OR QUEEN OF WHITES.
7. DWARF FRENCH MARIGOLD.
8. LOBELIA ERINUS SPECIOSA CRYSTAL PALACE.
9. LYCHNIS HYBRIDA HAAGEANA.

	•	_
MARTYNIA FRAGRANS. Delights in a light, rich soil and warm situation	Per pkt	Ł.
large, fragrant, purple flowers; the young seed-pods are also used for pickling; annuals; height 2 feet.	tender	
MARVEL OF PERU (<i>Mirabilis Jalapa</i>). A well-known garden favorite, knother the Four O'clock; they bloom the first season from seed, and are treated like an	wn as nuals;	ā
the roots can be preserved during the winter like Dablias; half-hardy perennials MIXED COLORS. Beautiful shades of colors and variegated flowers; 2 feet. Per oz VARIETY. Leaves light green, marbled: very ornamer	., 40 ets.	5
Variety of the above; mixed, all colors; 2 feet. Per oz., 50 cts	16	9
trailing habit; it flowers in funnel-shaped clusters, of a dark lilac red color	20)
MESEMBRYANTHEMUM. Profuse star-like flowering dwarf trailing plants, being the whole summer, thriving best in a dry, loamy, or sandy soil, requiring a sunny situation; fine for beds, edgings, rock-work, baskets or vases; also fine for the green-house; half-hardy annuals; 6 inches.	warm.	
CRYSTALLINUM (Ice Plant). Flowers white; prized most for its singular icy folia;		5
TRICOLOR. Rosy pink, with purple centre	dsome	5
green-house or conservatory. MIGNONETTE (Resedu Odorata). A well-known fragrant favorite. If the plan	10)
MIGNONETTE (Resedu Odorata). A well-known fragrant favorite. If the plan thinned out they will grow stronger and produce larger spikes of flowers; fine feedlure, and can be had during the whole year by sowing at intervals; hardy annuments of the sound	or pot	
SWEET-SCENTED (Odorata). The old variety with small spikes; 1 foot. Per oz., GRANDIFLORA AMELIORATA. Plants pyramidal; flowers larger than the old var	25 cts ā	è
stamens of a reddish tint: 1 foot. Per oz., 50 cts		5
PARSON'S WHITE. Large spikes of flowers, the stamens of the florets are pure and very fragrant: 1 foot, Per oz. \$1	white)
and very fragrant; 1 foot. Per oz., \$1	meter,	
NEW HYBRID SPIRAL. This new Mignonette is said to be superior to any other i tivation, being dwarf and of a branching habit, with spikes from 8 to 10 inches	n cul-	,
very fragrant, hardier, and adapted for market purposes	20)
MIMULUS (Monkey Flower). Showy, profuse-flowering plants, for the green-hou moist, shady situations; half-hardy perennials; blooming the first year from seed TIGRINUS. The finest tigered and spotted varieties, mixed colors	: 1 ft.	3
TIGRINUS DUPLEX. Beautiful double hose-in-hose, tigered and spotted flowers,	mixed	
colors	20)
CHOICE MIXED VARIETIES. Large flowering, of all colors	ion of)
small yellow flowers; 6 inches.	10)
MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not). Neat and beautiful little plants with star-like flo succeeds best in a shady, moist situation, for green-house or out-door culture; hardy perennials; blooming the first year from seed.	half-	
ALPESTRIS. Bright blue. ALPESTRIS ALBA. Pure white; 6 inches	.Each 10	
AZORICA ALBA. A handsome pure white variety: 1 foot	10	
AZORICA CŒLESTINA. Sky-blue flowers, produced in great profusion; handsom very constant; 1 foot	10)
DISSITIFLORA. Of compact habit, profuse bloomer, and appearing like a sheet of exquisite blue; a fine, attractive, spring bedding plant; 6 inches	most	
SEMPERFLORENS. A charming dwarf Forget-me-not, thriving equally well in s shade; continuing in bloom the whole season with beautiful blue flowers; fi	un or	,
bouquets; 8 inches	20)
NASTURTIUM (Tropwolum). The dwarf improved varieties are all desirable, as among our most popular plants, either for the flower border, massing and ribbe blooming all summer and fall, and in the green-house during the entire winter; annuals; 1 foot.	ning;	
TOM THUMB SCARLET. TOM THUMB YELLOW	Each 10	
TOM THUMB PEARL. Cream color. Tom THUMB BEAUTY, Orange-spotted TOM THUMB SPOTTED. With beautiful spotted flowers	10	
TOM THUMB CŒRULEA ROSEA. Rose-tinted maroon	dark-	
red spot near the base of each petal	10	
almost black Golden King of Tom Thumbs. Deep golden-yellow flowers, thrown well above	owers 10)
dark-colored foliage	10)
RUBY KING TOM THUMB. Pink, shaded with carmine, contrasting beautifully we dark foliage; of compact habit.	ith its 10	



- 1 and 2. Double Portulaga.
 3. Dreem's Premium Pansy, or Heartsease.
 4. Pansy Variety, or Viola Tricolog Maxima.
- 5. DOUBLE FRINGED PETUNIA, OR GRANDIFLORA FIMBRIATA FLORE-PLENO. 6. PENTSTEMON VARIETY.

Per	pkt.
NEMOPHILA (Grove Love). Of neat, compact, uniform habit of growth, comprising varied and beautiful colors; blooming freely all summer; hardy annuals; height 1 ft.	
varied and beautiful colors; blooming freely all summer; hardy annuals; height 1 ft.	
Insignis. Bright blue flowers with a white centre	5
MACULATA. White flowers, blotched with violet purple	5
FINE MIXED. All the varieties and colors mixed. Per oz., 50 cts	5
NIGELLA (Love in a Mist). A compact, free-flowering plant, with curious-looking flow-	
ers and seed-pods; of easy culture, growing in any garden soil; hardy annual; 1 foot.	_
DAMASCENA. Light blue, pretty flowers.	5
DAMASCENA ALBA. A pure white variety of the above	5
NIEREJBERGIA FRUTESCENS. Half-hardy perennial, blooming the first year	10
if sown early; for the green-house or bedding out; flowers white, tinted with lilac; 1 ft	10
ENOTHERA GRANDIFLORA (Evening Primrose). A hardy, perennial garden	•
plant, with large, fragrant, showy yellow flowers; 3 feet	j
OAALIS ROSAA. Beauthul plants, suitable for the green-nouse, rock-work, baskets,	-
or out-door culture; blooms the first year if sown early, with clusters of rose-colored	10
blossoms; half-hardy perennial; 9 inches	10
description, as it is a favorite with all; if grown in beds, ribbons, or massing, they are	
very effective. The best blooms are obtained from seed sown in the autumn, and pro-	
tected during the winter; these flower early in the spring. The plants from spring	
sowing should be planted in a shady border; they produce fine large flowers in the	
autumn. They require fresh soil, well enriched with decomposed manure; hardy pe-	
rennials; 6 inches. Special directions how to cultivate them sent when desired.	
I'REER'S PREMIUM VARIETIES. Seeds saved from first-class flowers only; beautiful	
shades and colors mixed	25
EMPEROR WILLIAM. Large handsome flowers in great profusion, borne well above the	
foliage, brilliant ultra-marine blue, with a purple violet eye	20
ODIER (Five-blotched). A beautiful strain of various colored large handsome flowers,	
with dark spots on each petal, like the Pelargonium.	20
FAUST (King of the Blacks). The flowers are almost of a black color	20
PURPLE. Splendid white-edged flowers	20
LIGHT BLUE. PURE YELLOW. PURE WHITE	20
BEST IMPORTED VARIETIES. Mixed of all beautiful colors. Per oz., \$5	20
GOOD VARIETIES. Of all colors mixed. Per oz., \$3	10
PENTSTEMON, MIXED. A beautiful and attractive herbaceous plant, with an abund-	
ance of long, graceful spikes of rich-colored flowers; will bloom the first season if sown	
early in March in a hot-bed, and planted out in May; half-hardy perennials. Choice	
varieties and colors mixed; 2 feet	10
PETUNIA. For out-door decoration or house-culture, few plants are equal to this class.	
They commence flowering early, and continue a mass of bloom throughout the whole	
season; easily cultivated, requiring a rich soil and sunny situation; and are of a trail	
ing habit. Of late years, the striped, mottled, and spotted varieties have been much	
improved; half-hardy perennials, blooming the first year, and treated as hardy annuals.	
For separate colors, see assortments of Petunias, page 76.	
HYBRIDA FLORA (The Star). Beautiful flowers of various shades of red and purple,	
with five white bars, resembling a star HYBRIDA VENOSA. Veined varieties, the finest shades of colors beautifully veined	10
	10
KERMESINA. Very large rich crimson showy flowers	10
KERMESINA GRANDIFLORA. Splendid large crimson flowers, with a white throat	20
GRANDIFLORA SUPERBISSIMA. This new variety has very large attractive flowers, of	
rose, crimson, and purple, with a beautifully tiger-spotted throat	20
DREER'S EXTRA MOTTLED. The finest mottled, spotted, and striped large-flowering	00
varieties, of beautiful shades and colors mixed	20
SPLENDID HYBRID VARIETIES. Mixed of all colors. Per oz., \$3	10
FINE MIXED. Of good old varieties, Per oz., \$1.50	о
DREER'S DOUBLE HYBRIDIZED. Fecundated with the greatest care, saved from our	0=
very choice collection; a fair percentage will prove handsome double flowers	25
GRANDIFLORA FIMBRIATA FLORE-PLENO (Double Fringed Petunia). This new and	
beautiful strain of large, double fringed Petunias, are of the richest and most delicate	
tints of the finest colors and shades of carnations, and perfect double flowers; the result	
of most careful fecundation with the largest blooms of the single fringed varieties,	0=
and cannot fail of giving satisfaction in at least one-fourth of fine double flowers	25
PHACELIA CONGESTA. A curious and interesting hardy annual plant, good for	
honey bees. The flowers are produced on one-sided racemes, of a beautiful azure blue color; 2 feet. Per oz., 30 cts	5
PHIOX DRIWHONDI An unrivalled indicaposable constant blooming garden	J
PHLOX DRUMMONDI. An unrivalled, indispensable, constant blooming garden	
plant, which should occupy a prominent place in every garden for clumps or massing; quite as desirable as the Verbena, for their duration of bloom and display of brilliant	
rich colors, as well as beautiful-eyed varieties; hardy annuals; 18 inches.	
ALBA. Pure White. ALBA OCCLATA. White, with a purple eye	10
ATROPURPUREA. Deep blood purple. EMPRESS EUGENIE. Rose, marbledEach	10
LEOPOLDI. Deep pink, with a white eye. LOUIS NAPOLEON. Brilliant scarletEach	10
PRINCESS ROYAL. Purple, white striped. QUEEN VICTORIA. Violet, with a white eye. Each	10
RADOWITZI Rose striped white RADOWITZI WILLIAM I Crimson striped white Each	



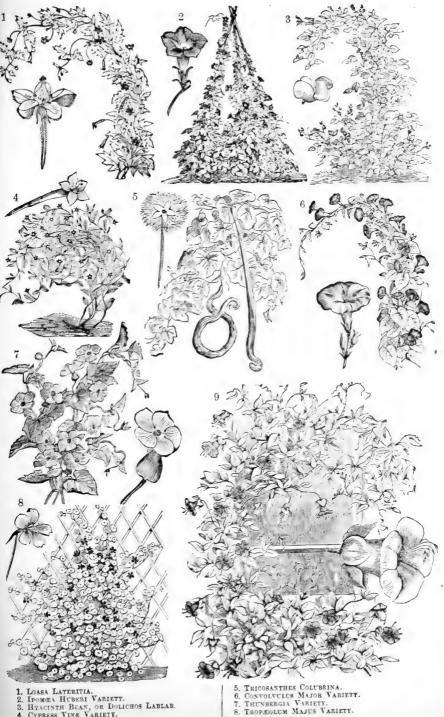
- 1. PHLOX DRUMMONDI VARIETY.
 2. PHLOX DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA VARIETY.
 3. SINGLE HYBRID PETUNIA VARIETY.
 4. SALPIGLOSSIS LARGE-FLOWERD VARIETY.
 9. SILENE PENDULA FLORE-PLENO, OR DOUBLE CATCHFLY.

CHOICE MIXED. Of all the above colors mixed. Per oz., \$1	10 5
growth, and larger, rich-colored flowers, with white centres, admirably relieved by a	
dark violet eye; 18 inches. ALBA. Pure white. ATROPURPUREA. Purple, with a white eye	20 20 10
ing 10 inches in height. HEYNOLDI PERFECTION. This differs from the others in its particularly dwarf and com-	
pact habit of growth, height not exceeding 5 inches, forming globular-snaped plants, which are literally covered with beautiful coppery-scarlet flowers	20 10 10 20
the finest named flowers, all colors, mixed POLYANTHUS (<i>Primula Elatior</i>). Showy, early, free-blooming spring-flowering plants, fine for either pot or out-door culture; hardy perennials; 9 inches.	10
CHOICE ENGLISH VARIETIES. Of all colors mixed	20 10
POPPY (Papaver). A showy and easily cultivated hardy annual; with large brilliant-colored flowers, growing freely in any garden soil, and producing a fine effect in large clumps or mixed beds. Sow early in the spring; they will not bear transplanting; 2 ft.	ž
PEONY-FLOWERED. Large and very double flowers; of mixed colors	5 5
MIXED VARIETIES. Of all varieties and colors mixed. Per oz., 50 cts	$\frac{5}{10}$
For Opium Poppy, see page 34. PORTULACA. One of our finest hardy annual plants of easy culture, thriving best	
in a rather rich, light loam, or sandy soil, and luxuriating in an exposed sunny situation; single-flowering varieties, flowers large and brilliant, of the richest shades of color, and produced throughout the summer in great profusion; fine for massing in beds, edgings, or rock-work; 6 inches.	
ALBA. Pure white. ALBA OCULATA. White, with a reddish-purple centre Each AURANTIACA. Orange-colored. AUREA OCULATA. Yellow, with a dark centre Each AUREA STRIATUS. Yellow, golden striped. Caryophylloides. Carnation striped. Each CARNEA. Of a pretty delicate pink shade. ROSEA. Rose-colored Each SPLENDENS. Crimson purple. THELLUSONI. Searlet	5 5 5 5 5 5
fail to give satisfaction. For separate colors, see assortments of Double Portulacas PRIMULA VERIS, MIXED (English Cowslip). Attractive early spring, free-flowering	20
plants, useful for bedding; hardy perennial; 6 inches. Of all the finest colors, mixed RHUS COTINUS (Purple Mist Tree). A hardy, ornamental dwarf tree, making a beautiful appearance when in full bloom; all the ends of the branches are covered with an	10
inflorescence resembling mist	10
LARGE-FLOWERED VARIETIES. Very splendid; of all colors mixed. FINE MIXED VARIETIES. All colors of the small-flowering mixed	10 5
SANVITALIA PROCUMBENS FLORE-PLENO. This double-flowered variety is much larger than the single-flowering; a valuable dwarf-bedding plant; fine for rockeries, etc.; flowers during the summer and autumn months, thriving best in a light.	J
rich soil, with bright golden-yellow double flowers; hardy annual; 6 inches	10
Shaped flowers, blooming throughout the summer and late in the autumn. CHOICE MIXED ANNUAL VARIETIES. All colors of the hardy annual mixed; 6 inches.	5
OCYMOIDES. A hardy perennial variety, one of the finest plants for covering rock-work,	10
etc.: rosy pink flowers; 3 inches	23
FINE GERMAN VARIETIES. Double mixed, of all colors; 2 feet	5
CANDIDISSIMA PLENA. Double pure white flowers, one of the best for florists' use; 2 ft.	10



SCHIZANTHUS. A splendid class of plants, combining elegance of growth with a rich and various-colored profusion of flowers, fine for green-house or out-door culture; half-	pkt.
hardy annual; height 2 feet. Grandiflorus Oculatus. Various shades of colors, with a beautiful blue centre Fine Mixed Varieties. All colors of the tall-growing varieties mixed	5 5
and covered with preffy, plack-eved purple nowers	10
SEDUM, MIXED (Stone-Crop). A pretty and useful little plant, growing freely on rock or rustic-work, hanging-baskets, etc.; during the summer they expand their brilliant star-shaped flowers in great profusion; hardy perennial; mixed colors and varieties;	
3 inches	10
double flowers in profusion, for beds or ribbon-gardening, delighting in a light, rich soil; hardy annual; beautiful mixed colors; 1 foot	10
white flowers, the leaves close and droop when touched or shaken; they require a mixed soil of peat, loam, and sand; tender annual; 2 feet	5
or ribbon-gardening; of easy culture, growing in any garden soil; hardy annual; 1 ft. MIXED COLORS (S. Armeria). Red, white, and rose, colors mixedPer oz., 80 cts	5
PENDLA FLORE-PLENO. Producing charming double rose-colored flowers in profusion. STOCKS (Mathiola annua.) The Stock Gilly-flower is one of the most popular, beautiful and important garden favorites; whether for bedding, massing, or pot-culture, it is unsurpassed either for brilliancy and diversity of color or profusion and duration of bloom. The TEN-WEEK STOCKS (Mathiola annua) are generally cultivated, and bloom from ten to twelve weeks after being sown; they grow from 6 to 15 inches high, and when grown in light, rich soil, and occasionally watered with weak guano water, they throw out an immense quantity of lateral spikes of bloom, so that each plant forms a perfect bouquet of delightful fragrance. For early flowering plants, start the seeds in a greenhouse or hot-bed. We offer the following varieties, imported from one of the best Prussian growers; half-hardy annuals, unless otherwise mentioned; 1 foot. For separate colors, see assortments of Stocks, page 76.	10
DWARF GERMAN TEN-WEEK. Double, of choice mixed colors	10
double flowers of various shades and colors mixed; 10 inches	20
PERPETUAL DWARF TEN-WEEK (M. Semperflorens). A double constant-blooming variety, with fine double flowers of various colors mixed	10
DWARF TEN-WEEK ROYAL GEM. One of the finest large-flowering Stocks; of the	90
richest dark crimson color, and very double flowers	20 10
ing a beautiful variety of colors	10
fine mixed colors, for late autumn-flowering; 2 feet	10
PERPETUAL OR EMPEROR. Half-hardy perennial; double large-flowering; of choice	10
SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus). A well-known attractive, free-flowering plant, which has been greatly improved of late years; producing a splendid effect in beds, and shrubbery borders, with their extreme rich and divers-colored flowers; hardy perennial; 2 feet.	10
AURICULA-FLOWERED PERFECTION. Choice single flowers of this beautiful variety of	10
all colors mixed. Per oz., \$1	10 5
TAGETES SIGNATA PUMILA. A dwarf, compact, bushy plant, with beautiful delicate fern-like leaves, densely covered with bright yellow single flowers, with a brownish stripe through the centre of each petal, valuable for borders as well as beds;	
half-hardy annual; 1 foot. TORENIA FOURNIERI. A very fine new tender annual variety from Mexico, having	5
large sky-blue flowers, with three spots of a dark blue, and a bright yellow centre. A splendid pot-plant for the green-house, or for growing out of doors, they make beautiful flowering plants, covered until late in the season with one mass of bloom, and we can	
highly recommend it to every lover of flowers; 15 inches	20
TRACHELIUM CCERULEUM (Throatwort). A hardy herbaceous perennial, with	10
and plant out in April in a rich sandy loam; 2 feet.	10
VALERIANA, MIXED. Very showy border plants, or for mixing with shrubbery;	5

VERBENA HYBRIDA. An indispensable popular bedding trailing plant, with beautiful self-colored, striped, and variegated flowers; half-hardy annuals, can also be treated as perennials. They are more easily obtained from seed, when a quantity are	pkt,
wanted, than growing them from cuttings. CANDIDISSIMA. This new variety is a decided improvement on the old White Verbena, producing large trusses of the purest white flowers, and invaluable for florists' use COCCINEA. A beautiful scarlet-flowering variety	25 25 25
richest colors. Per oz., \$6	20 10
ROSEA Rose, with a dark eye. ROSEA ALBA. White, with a crimson eyeEach ROSEA ALBA PURA. The flowers are of a beautiful pure white	10 10 10
SINGLE BLUE (V. Odorata Semperflorens). Very sweet-scented, single blue-flowering SINGLE WHITE, THE CZAR (V. Odorata Flore Albo Le Czar). A beautiful new sweet-	10
wall-Flower (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Well-known deliciously fragrant garden plants, blooming early in the spring; they should be protected in a cold frame in the winter, and planted out in May; are much prized for bouquet-flowers; half-hardy personals.	20
and planted out in May; are much prized for bouquet-flowers; half-hardy perennials. FINEST GERMAN VARIETIES. Double mixed, of all colors; 2 feet BLOOD-COLORED. Single, rich blood-colored showy flowers; 2½ feet WHITLAVIA. Beautiful hardy annuals from California; fine for beds or mixed borders, with beautiful bell-shaped flowers, growing in any garden soil; 1 foot.	10 5
GRANDIFLORA. Large, fine, violet-blue, bell-shaped flowers	5
WHITE. Well-shaped pure white flowers, fine for florists' use	10 10 10
	20
SEEDS OF CLIMBING PLANTS.	
Climbers are indispensable, useful, and very ornamental plants, for covering old buildin walls, arbors, trellises, and stumps with graceful foliage, and beautiful rich-colored, varishaped flowers in great profusion; the strong growing varieties for larger objects, and the medelicate for pots, vases, baskets, and balcony decorations. Care should be taken in selection those varieties suitable for the purpose they are intended; also the necessary support must furnished in time; if neglected and the plants are left to grow wild, they cannot always be meto assume good habits after once thus neglected. Per p	ed- ore ing be ade
ABOBRA VIRIDIFLORA. A half-hardy tuberous-rooted perennial of the gourd species, fruiting the first year from seed; with beautiful finely-cut, glossy, dark green foliage, and small oval scarlet fruit; height, 15 feet	10
ADLUMIA CIRRHOSA (Mountain Fringe). A hardy biennial, also known as Allegheny Vine, flowering the first season, of graceful habit and delicate foliage, clusters of rosy-lilac flowers; 15 feet	10
ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO (Dutchman's Pipe). Hardy perennial; very ornamental, curious-shaped yellow and brown flowers, resembling a pipe; 30 feet	10
plant, succeeds best in a light soil and warm situation; flowers white, producing inflated capsules; 5 feet. Per oz., 50 cts. BRYONOPSIS LACINIOSA ERYTHROCARPA. A half-hardy annual of the	5
gourd species, with ivy-like pale green foliage and showy scarlet white striped fruit; 10 ft. CLEMATIS FLAMMULA (Virgin's Bower). A beautiful hardy perennial, fine for	5
arbors and verandas, flowers white and very fragrant; 15 feet	10 10
edgewise and cover with light soil. Comes up best in a hot-bed; 20 to 30 feet	10



- 1. LOASA LATERITIA. 2. IPOMŒA HUBERI VARIETY. 3. HYACINTE BEAN, OR DOLICHOS LABLAB. 4. CYPRESS VINE VARIETY.

- 9. COBEA SCANDENS.

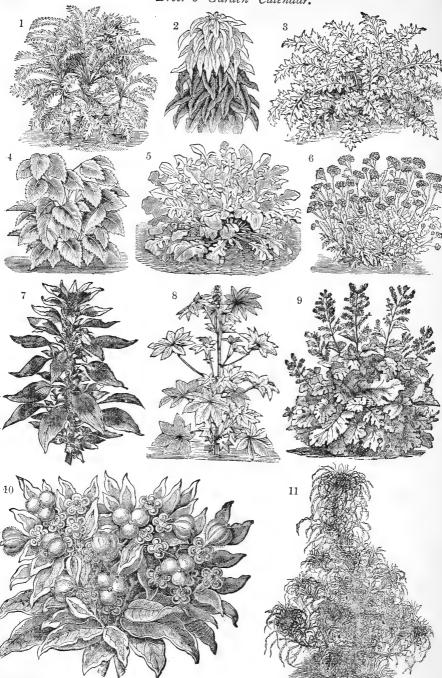
Per p	okt
CONVOLVULUS MAJOR (Morning Glory). One of the handsomest flowering and	
most rapid growing plants in cultivation, thriving in almost any situation; the beauty	
and delicacy of their colors are unsurpassed; hardy annuals; height 15 feet.	
LARGE BLUE. LARGE WHITE	5
Burridgi. Flowers rosy crimson, with a white centre	5
AUREUS SUPERBUS. Beautiful golden-yellow flowers; 6 feet	10
MIXED VARIETIES. Of all colors. Per oz., 30 cts	5
CYCLANTHERA EXPLODENS. A half-hardy annual of the gourd species, free-	
growing handsome foliage plant, oval-shaped fruit, exploding when ripe; 10 feet	10
CYPRESS VINE (Ipomæa quamoclit). A half-hardy annual, with very delicate, fern-	
like foliage, and masses of beautiful small, star-shaped flowers. Sow the seed about	
the 10th of May, as they are apt to rot in the ground if sown too early; 15 feet.	
CRIMSON. Per oz., 60 cts. WHITE. Per oz., 80 cts	5
MIXED Of the above colors Per oz 60 cts	5
MIXED. Of the above colors. Per oz., 60 cts	
pretty foliage; producing in profusion clusters of orange tube-shaped flowers. Handle	
with gloves as it stings like the nettle 10 feet	10
with gloves, as it stings like the nettle; 10 feet	10
plant, with ornamental foliage and varieties of singular-shaped fruit; 15 to 20 feet.	
CALABASH. The Dipper variety. HERCULES' CLUB. Club-shaped; 4 feet long Each	5
EGG-SHAPED. PEAR-SHAPED. ORANGE SHAPED, OR MOCK ORANGE	5
ARGYROSPERMA. From Texas; also known as the Bonnet Gourd	10
Traces where Couldry (True Coment Cound) String like a correct the	10
TRICOSANTHES COLUBRINA (True Serpent Gourd). Striped like a serpent, changing to brilliant carmine, 5 feet in length	10
Myrph Of the above verifice Day of 50 etc.	
MIXED. Of the above varieties. Per oz., 50 ets	5
That for covering orbons tradition at a 10 feet	
plant, for covering arbors, trellises, etc.; 10 feet.	
PURPUREA. Purple flowers, and purple seed-pods. ALBA. Pure white	5
MIXED. Of the above two colors. Per oz., 30 cts	5
IPOMŒA (Morning Glory Variety). Tender annuals of rapid growth, with beautiful and	
most varied colored flowers, foliage cut and very ornamental; for covering old walls,	
trellises, arbors, or stumps of trees, they are invaluable; 15 feet.	-
COCCINEA. Small scarlet flowers in profusion; also known as the Star "Ipomæa"	5
LIMBATA. Violet, margined with white, large and handsome	5
STRIATA NOVA. A beautiful three-colored striped variety	5
GRANDIFLORA SUPERBA. Large blue flowers, with a broad white border	5 5 5 5 5
CHOICE MIXED VARIETIES, Of all colors, Per oz., 50 cts	
HUBERI. The new Japanese hybrids, between Grandiffora and Hederacea. Some with	
silvery-white, marbled foliage, and large trumpet-shaped flowers beautifully margined,	
of various colors; mixed of all the varieties and colors	10
Bona Nox (Evening Glory). Violet, large fragrant flowers, expanding in the evening.	10
LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS (Everlasting Pea). Showy, free-flowering, hardy peren-	
nial plants, growing in any common soil: for covering old stumps, fences, or walls: 5 ft.	_
PURPLE. WHITE. MIXED. Of the two colors	5
LUASA LATERITIA. Half-hardy perennial, flowering the first season; a rapid-	
growing, free-flowering plant, with curious and beautiful orange-red flowers. Handle	
with gloves, as it stings like the nettle; 6 feet	10
LOPHOSPERMUM SCANDENS. Half-hardy annual, ornamental plant, very effec-	
tive for garden or conservatory decorations, with showy, fox-glove-like, rosy purple	
flowers; requires a light, rich soil; 10 feet	10
MAURANDIA. Half-hardy perennials, flowering the first season if sown early; beauti-	
ful, rapid slender-growing plants, blooming profusely until late in the autumn; fine	
for the conservatory or green-house; if desired for the house take up before the approach	
of frost. Plants should be started in the hot-bed or green-house; 10 to 15 feet.	
ALBIFLORA. Pure white. BARCLAYANA, Purple. Rosea, Dark rose,Each	10
MIXED. Of the above colors	10
SWEET PEAS (<i>Lathyrus odoratus</i>). Hardy annuals, fragrant, free-flowering plants, fine	
for screening unsightly objects; supported on pea-sticks or brush; blooming all summer	
and autumn if the flowers are cut freely, and the pods picked off as they appear; 6 feet.	
Brown's Invincible Scarlet. With beautiful bright scarlet flowers in great profusion.	5
LIGHT BLUE. PURPLE. STRIPED. TRICOLOR, OR THREE-COLORED. WHITE Each	
MIXED. Of all the colors. Per lb., \$1; oz., 15 cts Separate colors. Per oz., 20 cts	5
THUNBERGIA. Half-hardy annuals thriving in a light, rich, loamy soil, in warm-	
exposed situations in the garden; beautiful, slender, rapid-growing plants, with pretty flowers, and constant bloomers; fine for vases, rustic work, or green-house culture; 4 ft.	
flowers, and constant bloomers; fine for vases, rustic work, or green-house culture; 4 ft.	
ALBA. White, with a dark eye. ALATA. Buff, with a dark eye. Each AURANTIACA. Orange, with a dark eye. BAKERI. Pure white. Each MIXED. Of all the colors. Per oz., 80 cts. TROPÆOLUM (Nasturtium Majus Varieties). Half-hardy annuals; elegant, profuse	10
AURANTIACA. Orange, with a dark eye. BAKERI. Pure white	10
MIXED. Of all the colors. Per oz., 80 cts.	5
TROPÆOLUM (Nasturtium Majus Varieties). Half-hardy annuals; elegant. profuse	
flowering plants, for verandas, trellises, etc., for either in or out-door culture: 10 feet.	
flowering plants, for verandas, trellises, etc., for either in or out-door culture; 10 feet. CANARY BIRD FLOWER (Peregrinum). With yellow canary-like flowers; very ornamen-	
tal and beautiful foliage	10
KING THEODORE. A new variety, having bluish-green foliage and almost black flowers.	10
tal and beautiful foliage	5
MIXED VARIETIES. Of all the colors mixed. Per oz., 30 cts	5

SEEDS OF ORNAMENTAL FOLIAGE PLANTS.

They have become very popular for ornamental gardening and produce a sub-tropical effect, for planting in groups and massing, also for ribbons and edgings. The following varieties can be readily grown from seed.

ACANTHUS, MIXED. A stately and beautiful ornamental plant. From the leaf of	Para.
"Acanthus Mollis," the capital of the Corinthian column is derived. Growing freely	
in any rich, loamy soil; hardy perennial; mixed varieties; height 3 feet	10
AMARANTHUS. Showy plants; effective in groups, for the centre of bels or flower bor-	
ders; the colors are most brilliant in poor soil and in a dry season; half-hardy annuals.	-
BIGOLOR RUBER. Foliage scarlet and maroon, sometimes tipped with yellow; 3 feet GORDONI. Bronzy crimson foliage, shading off to brilliant scarlet tufts of leaves on top	5
of the stalk, the lower leaves having a scarlet band through the centre; 3 feet	10
HENDERI. Of graceful pyramidal growth and long drooping leaves, producing a sub-	10
tropical effect; the leaves are brown, madder, and bronze; 4 feet	10
MELANCHOLICUS RUBER. Of dwarf, compact habit, with striking blood-red foliage; 2 ft.	5
MELANCHOLICUS RUBER. Of dwarf, compact habit, with striking blood-red foliage; 2 ft. SALICIFOLIUS Fountain Plant). A pyramidal plant, branching close to the ground. The leaves are willow-shaped, elongated, and wavy, at first of a bronzy green shade; as the	
leaves are willow-shaped, elongated, and wavy, at first of a bronzy green shade; as the	
plants become stronger, the leaves at the ends of the branches assume a bright orange-	
carmine and bronze color, forming magnificent plumes, and giving the plant a pic-	4.0
turesque appearance; 3 feet	10
TRICOLOR Joseph's Cost. Leaves red, yellow and green; a very handsome plant; 3 ft.	Э
BASELLA RUBRA VARIEGATA. A beautiful plant for sunny positions, fleshy white and green foliage, with bright red stems; a tender perennial; 3 feet	10
BOCCONIA. Beautiful Japan foliage plants, for single specimens or groups on lawns.	10
JAPONICA. Foliage white on the under side, and fine spikes of cream-colored flowers	
from 2 to 3 feet long; very effective in the autumn; hardy perennial; 5 feet	10
FRUTESCENS. Large, glaucous foliage plant, of fine effect for out-door decorations, with	
white and yellow flowers; a tender perennial; 10 feet	10
CANNA (Indian Shot Plant). A stately species of plants, having been much improved	
of late years, and are very highly ornamental, producing a rich and oriental effect	
by their large, broad, massive foliage, terminated by racemes of crimson, orange, or	
scarlet variously lobed beautiful flowers. Soak the seed 12 hours in hot water before planting, sow in sandy loam and peat, and place in a hot bed; when up to the second	
leaf, pot off singly and keep under glass until the proper season for planting out; take	
up the roots before frost, and preserve in a warm cellar or room; half-hardy perennials.	
For plants and illustration see page 89.	
ANNEI DISCOLOR. Large bright bronzy maroon foliage, and orange-colored flowers; 6 ft.	20
BIHORELLI. Scarlet, free-blooming, with rich brown leaves; a dwarf, showy plant; 2 ft.	20
BONNETI EXCELSA. Foliage olive-green and purple; flowers very large orange-red; 6 ft.	20
COQUETTE. Foliage green and bronze; the largest orange-colored flowers; 6 feet	20
MARECHAL VAILLANT. Foliage rich maroon, with large orange-colored flowers, rising well above the foliage; 6 feet	10
Mons. Allegatier. Foliage large, green and bronzy purple, large orange flowers; 4 ft.	20
MUSÆFOLIA HYBRIDA. Red foliage, resembling a small banana plant; 2 feet	10
NIGRICANS. Scarlet flowers and foliage intensely dark; 7 feet	10
ORNEMENT DU GRAND ROND. Foliage bronzy green, large scarlet flowers; 6 feet	20
PREMICES DE MICE. Showy bright green leaves and splendid large golden flowers; 6 ft.	20
PRESIDENT FAIVRE. Foliage bronzy maroon, and large brilliant crimson flowers; 6 ft. RENDATLERI. Large orange-colored flowers, foliage green and purple; 6 feet	10
RENDATIERI. Large orange-colored nowers, ionage green and purple; 6 feet	10
SUPERBA. Foliage large dark green, orange-crimson flowers; 5 feet	20 10
CHOICE MIXED VARIETIES. Of all colors of the older varieties. Per oz., 50 cts	5
CENTAUREA. Fine for bedding, vases, hanging-baskets, and pots; also extensively	
CENTAUREA. Fine for bedding, vases, hanging-baskets, and pots; also extensively used for marginal lines; half-hardy perennials.	
GIBNOCARPA. A very graceful, line cut, silvery-gray foliage variety; 18 inches	20
CANDIDISSIMA. A splendid silvery broad cut leaved variety; 1 foot	25
CANDIDISSIMA COMPACTA. A new beautiful silvery cut foliage plant, and of a more	0-
Compact growth than the old variety; 9 inches	25
compact growth than the old variety; 9 inches	20
CINERARIA Dusty Miller. Fine for bedding, ribbon beds, and marginal lines; prized	20
for their beautiful silvery foliage; half-hardy perennials; 2 feet.	
MARITIMA. With large silver foliage and clusters of vellow flowers	10
MARITIMA CANDIDISSIMA. An improvement on the above variety	20
ACANTHIPOLIA. Foliage beautifully cut like the Acanthus	20
ECHE ERIA METALLICA. Broad, succulent, saucer-shaped leaves, of a peculiar	
lilac and metallic tinge. In the winter, in the green-house, it throws up large spikes of beautiful red flowers, which continue for months; it also grows freely in the open ground in the support.	
ground in the summer; tender percential: 2 feet	0=
ground in the summer; tender perennial; 2 feet	25
VARIEGATA. With attractive foliage, white and green, veined and margined; 2 feet	5
PANDURATA. A new, fine bushy variety, with beautiful red striped foliage; 3 feet	10

5



- 1. CENTAUREA GYMNOCARPA.
- 1. CENTAUREA GYMNOGARPA.
 2. AMARAMTHUS GORDONI.
 3. CENTAUREA CLEMENTEI
 4. PERILLA NANKINENSIS.
 5. CENTAUREA CANDIDISSIMA.

6. Cineraria Maritima, or Dusty Miller.
7. Amaranthus Tricolor, or Joseph's Coat.
8. Richus Variety.
9. Bocconia Japonica.
10. Euphoreia Variegata.
11. Amaranthus Salicipolius, or Fountain Plant.

	pkt.
GLAUCIUM CORNICULATUM (Horn Poppy). An ornamental foliage plant, with	
long, velvety, recurved, silvery leaves, deeply cut to the rib, forming two rows of leaf- lets: of vivorous growth contrasting finely with colored foliage plants. Flowers are	
lets; of vigorous growth, contrasting finely with colored foliage plants. Flowers are orange-yellow, bell-shaped and drooping; hardy biennial; height 2 feet. Per oz., \$3	10
HUMLA ELEGANS. A remarkably handsome decorative plant, producing drooping	
pyramids of ruby-red, grass-like florets, either for pots or the garden. It should be	10
grown in light, rich soil; half-hardy biennial; 8 feet	10
fine for clumps or in groups on the lawn; hardy annual.	
STRIPED-LEAVED JAPANESE. It is evenly striped with green and white; 6 feet	5
GRACILLIMA (Miniature Maize). Foliage elegantly striped, and of graceful habit; 4 ft.	5
PERILLA. Handsome plants with beautiful, very dark-colored foliage, forming a fine contrast with silver-leaved plants; growing freely in any soil; half-hardy annual; 1½ ft.	
NANKINENSIS. A very neat plant, with dark purple foliage	5
NANKINENSIS ATROPURPUREUS LACINIATIS. The foliage of this variety is exceedingly	
elegant, of a very dark purple, cut or fringed, producing a charming effect	10
PYRETHRUM (Golden Feather Variety). Handsome herbaceous plants, succeed in any garden soil; for marginal lines, beds, etc.; hardy perennials.	
FOLIUM AUREUM. An ornamental golden-yellow foliage plant, for ribbon gardening; ½ ft.	10
GOLDEN GEM. A valuable bedding plant, producing large double white flowers, which continue in bloom from May until killed by frost; the leaves are brighter than the old	
continue in bloom from May until killed by frost; the leaves are brighter than the old	
Golden Feather, and also fine for ribbon beds if the flowering stems are removed; 2 ft.	10
RICINUS (Castor Oil Bean). Highly ornamental plants of stately growth and picturesque foliage, with brilliant-colored fruit, producing an oriental effect; fine for lawns and	
pleasure-grounds, also for massing and centre plants for ribbon beds; half-hardy annuals.	
AFRICANUS ALBIDUS. White fruited, stem and leaves of a silvery color; 8 feet	5
BORBONIENSIS ARBOREUS. Very large and beautiful foliage; 15 feet	10
DUCHESSE OF EDINBURGH. A bronzed-leaved, compact variety; fine for groups or speci-	10
mens; its rich reddish purple foliage produces a beautiful sub-tropical effect; 5 feet GIBSONI. A new variety of this useful group of sub-tropical plants, of dwarf branching	1.0
habit, and differs from all other varieties by its intense deep red-colored foliage; 5 feet.	10
SANGUINEUS. Very ornamental, blood-red stalks and clusters of splendid red fruit; 8 ft.	5
SPECIES FROM PHILIPPINES. A new variety from the Philippine Islands, with beauti-	
ful gigantic foliage; 10 feet.	10 5
TRICOLOR. Green and brown spotted red fruit, with red stalks; 6 feet	5
SOLANUM. Beautiful fruit-bearing plants (not edible), among the most interesting	
green-house shrubs; fine for groups on lawns or single specimens, growing freely in a	
light, rich soil; half-hardy perennials, fruiting the first season from seed.	
CILIATUM. A brilliant scarlet fruiting variety, which retains its bright color and form long after ripe; fine for Christmas decorations; half-hardy annual; 2 feet	5
ROBUSTUM. Rich brown-tinted leaves and long spines rendering the foliage extremely	.,
ornamental; 8 feet.	10
WARSCEWICZI. Immense lobed leaves of a dark green color, rich inflorescence and	
ornamental fruit; when planted in masses produces a grand effect; 6 feet	10
WHEELERI. An improvement on the old Jerusalem Cherry, with splendid oval red fruit, and of handsome growth; 2 feet	10
FINE MIXED. Different varieties and colors mixed	10
TOBACCO, VARIEGATED FOLIAGE (Nicotiana Variegata). A beautiful new	
variegated variety, with showy white and green foliage; half-hardy annual; 4 feet	10
WIGANDIA. Grand and stately ornamental plants, with large leaves 3 feet long and	
18 inches wide, and stems covered with crimson hairs, imparting a sub-tropical effect to the garden; half-hardy perennial; 6 feet.	
CARACASANA. A grand plant with beautiful leaves, richly veined, and stems covered	
with crimson hairs	25
IMPERIALIS. A new variety, leaves larger and firmer than Caracasana	25
YUCCA FILAMENTOSA. A splendid showy garden plant, requiring several years	
to grow to perfection from seed; with large clusters of white flowers on tall stems; hardy perennial; 3 feet	10
For Green-house Foliage Plants, see list of Seeds under the head of Green-house Plan	lte.
SEEDS OF EVERLASTING FLOWERS.	
This class of plants have become very popular, and are generally cultivated for their be	0011
This class of plants have become very popular, and are generally cultivated for their be	au.

This class of plants have become very popular, and are generally cultivated for their beautiful rich-colored flowers, which are desirable for making up winter bouquets, wreaths, and Christmas decorations. They should be cut when they just come into bloom, or before the flowers get too old and lose their bright colors, tied in small bunches, and dried slowly in the shade with their heads downwards, to keep the stems straight.

Per p	okt.
ACROCLINIUM. Charming plants with beautiful flowers, growing freely in any good	
garden soil: cut just when they expand: half-hardy annual: height 1 foot.	
ROSEUM. Bright rose. ALBUM, Pure white. Mixed. Of the two colors	5
AMMOBIUM ALATUM. A pretty border plant, growing in any garden soil, with	
showy small white flowers; hardy annual; 2 fect	5

GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranthus). Plants require a light, rich soil, and produce handsome flowers of various colors, familiarly known as the Bachelor's Button. It does	
best if sown in a hot-bed; half-hardy annual; height 2 feet. ALBA, Pure white. PURPUREA. Rich crimson	5 5 5
in beds or borders; succeeds in any rich garden soil; hardy annual; 1½ feet. ALBUM, Pure white. LUCIDUM. Yellow. MACKANTHUM. Large pink flowers Each ATRO-SANGUINEUM NANUM. A new dwarf variety, with deep crimson flowers; 1 foot MONSTROSUM MIXED. Large showy flowers, mixed colors; 2 feet	5 10 10 5
neat foliage and large globular clusters of bright golden-yellow flowers; they should be cut just as they begin to expand in bloom; tender annual; 9 inches. POLYCOLYMNA STUARTI. A very pretty plant, growing in any good soil, with large white flowers; half-hardy annual; 1½ feet.	10
RHODANTHE. A delicate and charming plant; succeeds in a light, rich soil, and a warm sheltered situation; valuable for not or horder culture; half-hardy annuals; 1 ft.	5
Atro-Sanguinea. Of branching habit, and disk of the flowers of a dark crimson shade, with ray scales of a bright purple Maculata Alba. Flowers silvery white with a yellow disk Manglesi. Bright rose with a silvery calyx Manglesi Flore-Pleno (Prince Bismarck). This new double variety is undoubtedly a great acquisition, well worthy of extensive cultivation, and will produce a good per-	10 10 10
centage of double flowers, while the single flowers from it are all very desirable	25 10
BONDUELLI. Deep golden-yellow flowers; 1½ feet	5 10 1 0
SPICATA. Fine for beds, edgings, or pot-culture; early flowering, producing numerous ear-like spikes of rosy pink flowers; hardy annual; 9 inches	10
AUREA. With bright yellow flowers	20 20 20 10
PURPLE, WHITE, MIXED, Of all colors	5
1. Acroclinium Roseum. 2. Ammobium Alatum. 3. Xeranthemum Variety. 4. Gomphrena, or Bachelor's Button. 5. Helichrstum Variety. 6. Helichrstum Sanfordi. 7. Rhodanthe Variety.	

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SEEDS OF ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

These form a beautiful and attractive addition to the Flower Garden; their graceful forms and refreshing green colors, giving a pleasing relief to the brilliancy of the more showy occupants of the flower borders. When carefully dried, they are useful in making up winter bouquets, etc. Cut when in full bloom, and before the flowers get too old, tie in small bunches and hang up in a dry, dark place, with their heads downwards. They are nearly all annuals, and those which are perennials should be marked so they will not be destroyed for weeds.

Per pkt.

AGROSTIS. All the varieties of this class are exceedingly beautiful and graceful; of dwarf growth; hardy annuals; height 1 foot. MIXED. Of all the varieties..... 5 PULCHELLA, NEBULOSA. ANDROPOGON ARGENTEUS. Plants with silvery-green foliage, and beautiful 10 ARUNDO CONSPICUA. A variety similar to the Pampas, with long, graceful, drooping leaves, and silvery plumes, on stems 10 feet high; fine for specimens on lawns 20 mental work and grass bouquets; hardy annual; 1 foot. 5 MAXIMA. Large racemes of beautiful rattles. Per oz., \$1.

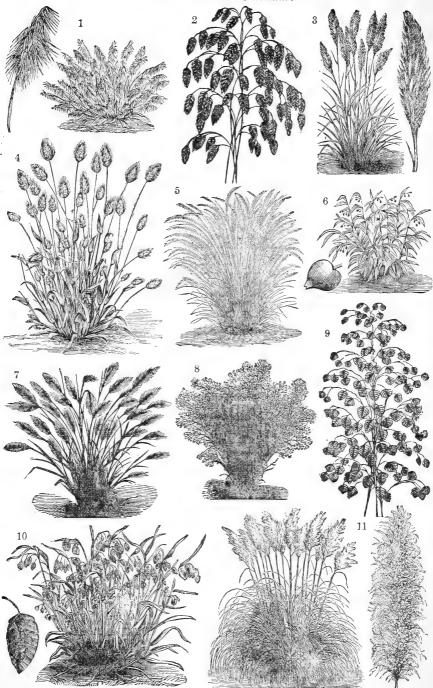
BROMUS BRIZ.EFORMIS. A graceful variety, with drooping panicles resembling the Briza Maxima, and in great demand for florists' use; hardy perennial; 1½ feet...... 5 5 CHLORIS TRUNCATA. With an abundance of foliage and fine silvery plumes; Б 5 spikes, useful for bouquets; hardy annual; 1 foot..... COIX LACHRYM.E (Job's Tears). With broad, corn-like leaves, and fine-looking seed vessels; half-hardy annual; 2 feet. Per oz., 40 cts.....

ELEUSINE BARCINONENSIS. Curious-looking bloom, with stems resembling 5 horns; elegant for pot-culture; hardy annual; 1 foot..... 10 the first season from seed if sown very early in the green-house or hot-bed; 10 feet.....

EULALIA JAPONICA. A new and distinct, perfectly hardy perennial, ornamental easily cultivated grass from Japan. It has long narrow leaves, striped white and green; elegantly recurved flower-spikes of a light violet color, not unlike a curled ostrich protected with straw, leaves, or lay down and cover up with earth; the most noble grass 10 HORDEUM JUBATUM (Squirrel Tail Grass). Very handsome and lovely light purple plumes, hardy annual; 3 feet...

ISOLEPSIS GRACILIS. Half-hardy perennial; dwarf, very graceful, suitable for 20 5 20 bloom; hardy annual; 1 foot..... LASIAGROSTIS ARGENTEA. A beautiful silver-white grass, fine for bouquets; 5 5 PANICUM SULCATUM. Beautiful palm-like foliage, very decorative, half-hardy annual; 2 feet ... 10 PENNISETUM LONGISTILUM. A very graceful and interesting plant; hardy STIPA (Feather Grass). A hardy perennial plant with beautiful, delicate, white, feathery grass; in great demand for ornamental work and florists' use, flowering the second season from seed. The seed being slow to vegetate, it should be started in a hot-bed; 2 ft. ENNATA. One of the most graceful of all grasses, producing very delicate feathery-like stems of bloom, imparting a light appearance to bouquets, etc. Per oz., \$1...... 10 10 UNIOLA LATIFOLIA. A beautiful hardy perennial grass; flowering in large pani-

cles; 4 feet.....



1. CHRYSURUS CYNOEUROIDES.
2. BROMUS BRIZÆFORMIS.
3. ERIANTHUS RAVENNÆ.
4. LAGURUS OVATUS, OR HARE'S TAIL GRASS.
5. STIPA PENNATA.

6. COIX LACHERWE, OR JOE'S TEARS.
7. HORDEUN JUBATUM, OR SQUIRREL TAIL GRASS.
8. AGROSTIS PULCHELLA.
9. BRIZA GRACILIS, OR RATTLESNARE GRASS.
10. BRIZA MAXIMA, OR QUAKING GRASS.
11. GYNERIUM ARGENTEUM, OR PAMPAS GRASS.

SEEDS OF GREEN AND HOT-HOUSE PLANTS.

The following varieties can be grown successfully from seed, by proper care and attenti For method of sowing, etc., refer to pages 38, 39, and 40. The varieties with an * are suita	on. bie
*ABUTILON (Chinese Bell-Flower). Green-house shrubs of strong growth and easy cultivation; free-flowering, with various-colored, beautiful drooping bell-shaped flowers.	pkt.
Sown any time before April, they produce fine flowering plants the first season. BOULE DE NEIGE. The finest white-flowering variety, of vigorous growth; height 6 feet.	25
DARWINI. A new constant bloomer, producing 3 to 5 flowers from the axils of each leaf; flowers large, buff yellow, veined with crimson. Fine for bedding out; 2 feet	25
FINE MIXED. Of choice varieties and colors; 2 to 6 feet	25
ACACIA, MIXED. Green-house shrubs of great elegance and variety; fine ornamental foliage; beautiful racemes of various shades of yellow flowers. Soak the seed in warm	
water before sowing. Fine mixed varieties; 6 to 10 feet	20
green foliage and large heads of small blue flowers. The roots can be preserved during	
the winter, in a cellar protected from frost, or under the stage of a green-house; 3 feet ALLAMANDA SCHOTTI. A beautiful hot-house evergreen climber, with splendid	25
large vellow flowers. Packet of 5 seeds	25
*ALSTRIEMERIA CHILENSIS, MIXED (Pulchella). Beautiful, free-flowering, tuberous-rooted plants; do best in a southern exposed sheltered position, or for the	
green-house. Half-hardy perennial. Choicest mixed varieties from Chili; 18 inches AMARYLLIS HYBRIDA, MIXED. Bulbous-rooted, producing from 2 to 4 of the	20
richest colored crimson, searlet, and white-striped, lily-like flowers; fine mixed; 1 foot.	25
ARDISIA. Green-house evergreen shrubs, with bright glossy green foliage and beautiful small berries, which remain in perfection all winter on the plants; 15 inches.	
CRENULATA. Produces beautiful bright searlet berries	$\frac{25}{25}$
*ASCLEPIAS CURASSAVICA. A green-house herbaceous plant, with singular	
shaped searlet flowers. Sow the seed in February; 3 feet	20
choice varieties, mixed; half-hardy perennial; 6 inches	25
AZALEA INDICA, MIXED. Beautiful shrubby plants, grow best in a mixture of rich, fibrous peat and sand; saved from a collection of showy flowers; mixed; 3 feet	25
BEGONIA HYBRIDA, MIXED. Beautiful varieties of Rex, etc., with handsome	25
variegated foliage, choice mixed varieties; 6 inches	20
18 inches high, of a branching habit, are covered the whole summer with bright and elegant drooping flowers, in a partially shaded border; blooming the first season from	
elegant drooping flowers, in a partially shaded border; blooming the first season from seed, if sown in February or March. Tubers to be taken up and kept in dry sand during the winter processor from the true to be taken up and kept in dry sand	
during the winter protected from frost. They should be treated the same as tender annuals. BOLIVIENSIS. Large, orange-colored. SEDENI. Clusters of large rich magenta flowers. Each	25
VICTORIA. Bright carmine flowers. VEITCHI. Handsome, of the richest scarlet Each FREBELI. This beautiful new variety has large flowers of bright scarlet, formed in	25
large clusters above the foliage	25
has been hybridized with the greatest care, using the most double flowers, and the	
handsomest single varieties for that purpose	50
character, and universal favorites for the decoration of the green-house or conservatory;	
treated the same as tender annuals. For the sowing of seed, see pages 39 and 40. HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA, MIXED. Superb, large, rich, self-colored flowers; saved from	
a choice collection; mixed colors; 20 inches. Hybrida Mixed. Large spotted or tigered flowers; of beautiful colors mixed; 20 inches.	50
HYBRIDA NANA, MIXED. Superb, dwarf; spotted flowers; of choice colors mixed; 1 ft.	$\frac{25}{50}$
WILLIAMS' SUPERB STRAIN, MIXED. The features of this new strain are dwarf habit, robust growth, and producing immense trusses of large and varied colored flowers; 1 ft.	50
*Rugosa, Mixed (Shrubby). Bedding varieties; of the finest mixed colors; 2 feet	50
CAMELLIA JAPONICA DOUBLE, MIXED. Favorite winter-flowering half-hardy green-house shrubs. Soak the seed before sowing, as they lie long dormant; sow in	
sandy peat and loam. Seed saved from the finest double varieties; from 5 to 10 feet *CHAM.EPEUCE. This elegant Thistle, with its beautiful variegated downy leaves, and	25
thickly set spines, is very ornamental for garden decorations.	
DIACANTHA (Ivory Thistle). A rare foliage biennial, with long leaves and spines. The midrib and spines are ivory-white and the leaves glossy green shaded by a snowy down; 2 ft.	10
CASABONE (Fish-Bonc Thistle). Glossy green leaves, with white nerves and brown	
spines; half-hardy perennial; 1 foot	10
and spring months; treated as tender annuals. For culture, see page 40. HYBRIDA, MIXED. Splendid tall varieties, of all colors mixed; 2 feet	20
HYBRIDA NANA, MIXED. Splendid dwarf compact varieties, of all colors, mixed; 1 ft.	25
DOUBLE, MIXED. This is one of our finest plants, and quite an acquisition to our list of florists' flowers, which for cutting can hardly be surpassed. All the rich and beautiful	
colors of the single exist in this new double variety; 1½ feet	00

Per	pkt.
*ULIANTHUS DAMPIEKI (Glory Pea). A beautiful green-house plant 3 feet high	pare.
or can be trained as a Verbena with elecant toliage and brilliant wish could law.	
bea-shaped flowers 3 inches in length, each flower picturesquely marked with a large	
black blotch in front. Start the seed between thick moist cotton, keeping it very warm	
until the seed germinates, then pot in very small pots in a mixture of one-half leaf mould,	
one cupitor compact and one cupitor and bearing the interior one-nail lear mould,	
one-quarter compost, and one-quarter sand, keeping them near the light and very warm	
until fairly started, then harden off, plant out in May or June, when the weather has	
become warm, in a sheltered, sanny position before the plants become pot-bound, then water freely until established. Cold and moisture are death, while heat and moisture	
water freely until established. Cold and moisture are death, while heat and moisture	
are life to the Chanthus. Prepare the soil outside as given for pot culture	25
*COLEUS. One of the most beautiful of our variegated perennial foliage plants: for green-	
house or garden decorations, ribbon beds, etc.; of rapid growth and easy culture, 2 feet	
PICTUS. This new strain is very beautiful, the leaves differing from the old varieties in	
having the teeth of the edge greatly elongated and rounded at the tips, of a rich brown	
on a green or yellow ground, the brown turning to bright red on the yellow surface	05
Charge Mayor Seed award the brown turning to bright red on the yellow surface	25
CHOICE MIXED. Seed saved from our fine collection of all choice varieties.	25
CYCLAMEN PERSICUM. Charming bulbous-rooted plants, with beautiful foliage;	
universal favorites for the green-house or parlor and for winter and spring blooming.	
If the seed is sown early in the spring, they make flowering bulbs in one season; they	
require sandy loam; half-hardy perennial; 6 inches.	
ATRO-RUBRUM. Large dark crimson flowers, ALBUM. Pure white Each	25
MIXED Beautiful mixed colors	25
GIGANTEUM. This new large-flowering variety has beautiful mottled leaves, broad	
petals and stout flower stalks, throwing the flowers well above the foliage; 8 inches.	
RUBRUM. Rose, changing to crimson. ALBUM. Pure white, with a violet-purple eye. Each	50
MIXED. Of rich and varied colors, large flowers	50
*ERYTHRINA (Coral Plant). Ornamental and effective half-hardy plants for out-door	
summer decoration, with beautiful foliage and superb spikes of flowers. The seeds	
should be soaked in warm water for several days before planting; 5 feet.	
CRISTA-GALLI. Clusters of scarlet flowers HENDERSONI Rosy vermilion Each	25
EUPATORIUM RIPARIUM. A favorite winter-flowering plant, which is used for	
making up cut flower work; large clusters of small white flowers; 3 feet	20
FERNS. These ornamental plants are too well known to require any description; are	20
There of the Wording ages on famous There do ight in pasts confined	
very desirable for Wardian cases or ferneries. They delight in peaty, sandy soil.	
ADIANTUM CONCINNUM LATUM. A robust growing variety of the Maiden-Hair Fern,	
fronds 1 to 2 feet long, tripinnate, glabrous, stipes black; useful for cutting	25
ADIANTUM PUBESCENS. The Maiden-Hair Fern.	25
ADIANTUM SESSILIFOLIUM. A Maiden-Hair Fern variety, with tripinnate and arching	
fronds, the pinnæ delicate and light green	25
ADIANTUM TRAPEZIFORME. A rhomb-leaved rare Fern, of the Maiden-Hair variety	25
ATHYRIUM GORINGIANUM TRICOLOR. A new Japanese, nearly hardy variegated variety,	
very rich in the tricoloring of its fronds	25
AISODHII A AUSTRALIS (Australian Tree Ferm) A noble vericity riging upon a stom	20
ALSOPHILA AUSTRALIS (Australian Tree Fern). A noble variety, rising upon a stem some 20 feet high, with fronds from 6 to 12 feet long, light green; stipes and rachis	
some 20 feet right, with from 5 for 12 feet long, right green; stipes and facing	0.5
muricate, the base covered with brown scales	25
GYMNOGRAMMA PERUVIANA ARGYROPHYLLA. A handsome variety, fronds are from	
10 to 30 inches long, and broad at the base; the pinne are also broad and obtuse, the	
upper side of a bluish white, while the under side of the fronds is silvery white	25
GYMNOGRAMMA SULPHUREA. Golden Fern, with dwarf slender fronds, bipinnate; the	
pinnæ set rather distant.	25
GYMNOGRAMMA TARTAREA. Silver Fern, with handsome long fronds, bipinnate: the	
pinnæ with obtusely rounded lobes	25
LOMARIA GIRRA A dwarf green house Tree Fern of the most elegant and graceful	
wouth adopted for every number	25
growth; adapted for every purpose	
	25
LYGODIUM SCANDENS (Japanese Climbing Fern). A graceful climber, growing to an	
indefinate length, pinnæ palmately lobed, fruiting spikelets on the apex of each lobe,	
giving it a beautiful appearance. It grows as easily as the Smilax, and is used for the	
same purpose. It forms charming festoons when grown as a window plant	25
NEPHROLEPIS DAVALLIOIDES FURCANS. A new ornamental variety from Java, of	
strong growth, with long, deeply-crested fronds, of a bright glossy green color	25
PTERIS ARGYRÆA. Variegated Fern, with long fronds, the pinnæ pinnatifid, the lower	
noise himsetites, color silvery white with light green margin	25
pair bipartite; color silvery white with light green margin	20
	0.5
pinnæ having a white band through centre	25
PTERIS PALMATA. Dwarf and compact, fronds I foot high, 4 inches wide, deeply pal-	
roate and bright green	25
PTERIS RUBRA VENIA. A new and rare red-veined variety, similar to Tricolor; very	
robust and hardy	25
PTERIS SERRULATA. Fronds pinnate, pendulous; the pinnæ of a light green color	25
PTERIS SERRULATA. Fronds pinnate, pendulous; the pinnæ of a light green color PTERIS TRICOLOR. A new variegated Fern of great beauty, with long fronds; color	
erimson with light green margin	25
crimson, with light green margin	20
CHICLESTA MINUTED (Ladde Condens) A sell brown popular along of the	20
FUCHSIA. MIXED (Lagre Eur-grop). A well-known popular plant of easy culture,	
for the house or shady situations in the garden; seeds saved from the finest single and	F0
double named varieties; choice mixed colors; half-hardy perennial; 3 feet	50



- Cineraria, Single Variety.
 Auricula Variety.
 Coleus Pictus.
- 4. ABUTILON BOULE DE NEIGE,

- 5. CINERARIA, DOUBLE VARIETY.
 6. CYCLAMEN PERSIUM VARIETY.
 7. CHAMEPEUCE DIACANTHA, OR IVORY THISTLE.
 8. CALORDIARIA VARIETY.
 9. CLIANTHUS DAMPIERI, OR GLORY PEA.

*GERANIUM. A half-hardy perennial popular bedding plant, as well for the house as the green-house, extensively used for massing in beds; height from 1 to 3 feet.	pkt.
ZONALE, MIXED. A superb strain of the largest and finest varieties; mixed colors	20
celebrated collection; mixed colors	50
seed will produce a large percentage of double flowers; mixed colors	50 50
sow in light soil, keeping them moist until they germinate. PEPPERMINT-SCENTED. A favorite sweet-scented foliage plant	$\frac{25}{25}$
GESNERIA, MIXED. Beautiful hot-house, bulbous-rooted plants, producing brilliant colored spikes of flowers; require a light, rich, peaty soil; choice mixed varieties; 2 ft. GLOXINIA. A choice hot-house, bulbous-rooted plant, producing in great profusion	25
its bell-shaped flowers, of the richest and most beautiful colors, during the summer months; the bulbs must be kept warm and dry during the winter; 6 to 8 inches.	
Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta, Mixed. Rich-colored, erect flowers; mixed Crassifolia Grandiflora Horizontalis, Mixed. Rich-colored, horizontal flowers.	$\frac{25}{25}$
Crassifolia Grandiflora Pendula, Mixed. Rich-colored, drooping flowers	25
ering varieties; of fine colors, mixed* *GUNNERA SCABRA. A showy, ornamental foliage plant, succeeds best in a rich,	20
loamy soil; leaves immense, flowers greenish yellow; half-hardy perennial; 2 feet *HELIOTROPIUM. A half-hardy perennial plant, flowering during the whole season, and its delightful perfume makes it a most desirable bouquet flower; a splendid bed-	20
ding-out plant, or can be trained as a green-house climber. PERUVIANUM, Light purple flowers. CHOICE MIXED. Of fine varieties	10
KENNEDYA, MIXED. A handsome and highly ornamental green-house climber. Soak the seed in warm water before sowing; fine varieties, mixed.	25
*LAGERSTREMIA INDICA (Crape Myrtle). A beautiful free-flowering evergreen shrubby tree, with pink flowers. Hardy south of Virginia; 6 to 10 feet	20
flowers like Bomarea	25
*LANTANA, MIXED. One of the most desirable half-hardy perennial green-house or bedding plants, constantly in bloom, and changing in hue. Seed saved from our fine collection of named varieties; 2 to 5 feet	10
LAURUS NOBILIS (Sweet Bay Tree). A handsome, half-hardy evergreen tree, with dark green foliage and rich yellow flowers. Hardy south of Virginia; 15 feet	10
MANDEVILLA SUAVEOLENS. A green-house evergreen climber; does best when planted in the ground; with large white fragrant flowers; 20 feet.	25
MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES (Smilax). A beautiful and graceful tuberous- rooted climber, none surpassing it for its glossy deep green, wavy and most delicate foliage, and small white flowers; fine for vases and baskets; also desirable to use with	
*MUSA ENSETE. The noblest of all green-house plants is this great Abyssinian Banana. The fruit of this variety is not edible, but the leaves are magnificent, long,	20
broad and massive, of a beautiful green, with a broad crimson mid-rib. It is used with success for bedding out, and stands the rain and storms without laceration. Before planting out in May, dig a hole two feet square and about 30 inches deep, filling the	
hole half full of fresh stable manure pressed in solid, and then fill up with compost of good, light, rich soil, mixed with well-decayed manure, plant the Musa, but do not let the roots touch the fresh manure. In our hot summers it luxuriates and attains gigantic	
proportions, from 8 to 12 feet high, producing really a tropical appearance, and should find a place in every collection where there is a conservatory or green-house, for plant-	
ing therein during the winter, from the fact of its presenting an ornamental appear-	
ance among other plants. Those not having the above convenience, by cutting the leaves off, can store it in a light cellar during the winter, with a covering of soil, or	
planted in a tub, water sparingly. The seeds germinate freely if started in a hot-bed or on bottom heat in the green-house. Packet containing 5 seeds	2 00
NERIUM OLEANDER, MIXED. A splendid flowering shrub; mixed colors; 6 feet. PASSIFLORA, MIXED (Passion Flower). Magnificent ornamental evergreen greenhouse climbers, flowers attractive and varied, produced in great profusion and of long	20
duration; choice varieties, mixed. PHORMIUM TENAX (New Zealand Flax). An ornamental plant, with long sword-	20
like evergreen foliage; fine for vases, etc.; 4 to 6 feet	20
plants, fine for bedding out or pot culture; in the fall they can be protected in a cellar or under the stage of a green-house; hardy in the South; 6 feet	20
PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA (Fringed Chinese Primrose). A charming and	20
profuse flowering plant, indispensable for winter or spring decoration in the conserva- tory or green-house. The seed we offer is saved from one of the finest collections, and	
always gives satisfaction; 6 inches; for culture, see page 40. PUNCTATA ELEGANTISSIMA. A new variety, flowers velvety crimson; edges spotted white.	50
KERMESINA SPLENDENS. Large flowers, brilliant, velvet-like crimson, with yellow eye.	50



Heliotrope Variety.
 Fuchsia, Double and Single.
 Gloxinia Variety.

- 4. Mtrsiphyllum Asparagoides, or Smilax.
 5. Primula Japonica Variety.
 6. Primula Sinensis Fimeriata Variety.
 7. Lantana Variety.

27cci s Garach Calchaur.	
PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA (Fringed Chinese Primrose)—Continued.	pkt.
ROSEA. Rose. ALBA. Pure white. ALBA RUBRA STRIATA. White, red stripedEach CHOICE VARIETIES. Mixed colors, of the fringed varieties	50 25 25 25 25
briata is universally admired by all, as the finest varieties and colors; mixed	50
ALBA. Double fringed flowers, white KERMESINA. Double fringed flowers, crimson. DOUBLE MIXED. Of all the choice double varieties PRIMULA JAPONICA, MIXED (New Japanese Primrose). Styled in England the	50 50 50
"Queen of the Primroses," and is perfectly hardy there. The leaves resemble those of the English Primrose, but are about three times the size; the flowers are produced on a tall scape in whorls; the seed takes a long time to germinate and requires great earn	
and constant attention. Beautiful colors, mixed; 15 inches	25 10
PATENS. Superb deep blue flowers	20 25 10
COCCINEA. Flowers scarlet, free-bloomer; half-hardy annual; 2 feet	10 50
large flowers of the richest colors, produced in abundance almost the whole year. Sow in heat in February or March; pot off singly as soon as the plants are large enough to be handled, in a mixture of light, rich soil, leaf mould, and sand. VAN VOLXEMI. Flowers of the richest scarlet, 5 inches in diameter	25
flowering habit; magnificent flowers, measuring from 6 to 8 inches across, which hang in festoons on long pendant stalks, color crimson, purple shaded, whilst the mouth of the tube is adorned with incurved fringe filaments, which are blue mottled with white. *TROP & OLUM LOBBIANUM (Nasturtium). These varieties of beautiful climbers produce freely bright-colored small Nasturtium flowers, on long stems, during the winter months in the green-house, conservatory, or in the summer on trellises in the	50
garden; half-hardy annuals; 6 feet. GEANT DES BATAILLES. Brilliant carmine flowers FINEST MIXED. Of the different shades and colors mixed	10 10
FLOWER SEEDS IN ASSORTMENTS.	
The following are principally imported from Europe, and will be found very choice. T	hey

The following are principally imported from Europe, and will be found very choice. They are sold in the original imported packages at the prices named. Each variety or color separate in the package:

soparate in the package.					
Colors.	Pkt.		ors.	P	kt.
ANTIRRHINUM. FINEST TALL. 8 \$	30 50	ORNAMENTAL - LEAVED			
Antirrhinum. Finest Dwarf. 6	40	PLANTS in variety 1	2	1	00
ASTERS. FINEST QUILLED 18	1 00	Gourds in variety 2	5	1	25
Truffaut's Pæony Perfection, 12	1 00	Grasses in variety 1	2		75
Victoria 12	1 00	PETUNIA, splendid single varieties 1	2	1	25
DWARF BOUQUET 12	1 00	Double Extra Fine 1	2	1	50
GIANT EMPEROR 8	1 00	PHLOX DRUMMONDI 1	6	1	00
Large-flowered Rose 10	75	PHLOX DRUM, NANA COMPACTA.		1	50
COCARDEAU, OR CROWN 6	50	PINKS, splendid biennial varieties. 1	2		75
GOLIATH 6	75	PORTÚLACA, NEW DOUBLE 1		1	00
BALSAM. DOUBLE CAMELLIA 12	1 00	SINGLE VARIETIES 1	0		40
NEW FRENCH ROSE-FLOWERED 12	1 00	POPPY, PÆONY-FLOWERED 1			50
CANNA. Beautiful foliage plants 12	1 00	PRIMULA SINENSIS varieties 1	2	1	50
CARNATION. Finest varieties 12	1 50	PRIMULA SINENSIS. All fringed			00
FERNS, rare and choice varieties 12	1 50	STOCKS, Large-flowered, dwarf			
TREE FERNS, choice varieties 6	1 00	Ten-week 1	2	1	00
GREEN - HOUSE PLANTS,		PERPETUAL DWARF-FLOWERING,		Π,	
a choice selection of varieties 25	3 00	Ten-week	6		50
Green-house Plants, choice 12	2 00	PERPETUAL LARGE-FLOWERING			
HOLLYHOCKS, English double. 12	1 25	Emperor 1	2	1	00
IMMORTELLES, or Everlasting		BROMPTON, OR WINTER-FLOWER-			
	1 50		12	1	00
LARKSPUR, DWARF ROCKET 10	50	SWEET PEAS	6		25
Double Stock-flowered 8	50	WALL-FLOWER, choice double. 1	2		25
NASTURTIUM, Dwarf varieties 10	75	ZINNIA ELEGANS, Double 1	2		00

FLORISTS' AND AMATEURS' REQUISITES.

BOUQUETS, CUT FLOWERS, IMMORTELLES, ETC.

Among other evidences of refinement and culture is the increasing taste and demand for natural flowers, for the decoration of churches, dinner and supportables, weddings, funerals, etc. Flowers are acceptable and suitable

the decoration of churches, other and su for every occasion. We, having the facili-ties, are prepared to execute orders for every kind of floral device or decoration, every kind of floral device or decoration, having daily a supply at the store. They can be packed so as to carry safely from one to three days journey by express. In sending your order, mention the latest time that will do to receive the flowers in your place; often we receive the nowers in after the time they are wanted, or after the express has gone, and then have no opportunity to send in time, hence the disappointment to those sending their orders. The following are a few of the many designs supplied to order:

Bride's Bouquets. Of choice white flowers, with lace papers, or deep silk, fringe, and cord and tassels, \$3 to \$10. Bridesmaid's Bouquets. papers and fringe to match in pink, blue, etc., \$2 to \$6.

Hand Bouquets. From \$2 to \$5. Button-hole Bouquets. From 10 to 25 cents, according to the season.

Table Bouquets. From \$3 to \$10.

Floral Designs. Of various sizes,

Floral Designs. Of various sizes, \$5 to \$30.

Baskets. Of fancy white and gilt work, willow or wire, \$3 to \$15.

Plateaux. Of elegant design, white and gilt work, willow or wire, \$3 to \$15.

Fancy Straw Work. Of various designs, small and large, \$3 to \$15.

For Funerals. Anchors, crosses, crowns, harps, sheaves of wheat or oats, wreaths, etc., made up of choice white flowers, each from \$3 to \$15, according to size.

FRENCH IMMORTELLES, OR EVERLASTING FLOWERS.

In original bunches as imported, 60 cts.; bunches of assorted colors, 75 cts. The following are the colors we import: yellow, green, orange-red, black, spotted, white, rose, solferino, crimson lilac blue, and violet.

							EACH							EACH
Wre	ath	5.9 ir	ı. dian	1.,21	OW	s of flowers,	\$1.00	Wreaths	. 14 in	. diam	., 3:	rows	of flowers,	\$2.50
	66	10	6.6	3	46	64	1.50	64	15	44	3	6.6	66	3.00
	66	12	64	3	46	64	2.00	46	15	66	4	66	66	3.50
Cros	ses.	6 in.	long,	1 re	W C	of flowers.	\$ 50	Crosses,	12 in.	long,	3 r	ows c	of flowers,	\$1.75
64		10	46	2	2.5	66	1.00	66	15	46	3	48	66	2.00
66		10	46	3	66	66	1.50	66	18	64	3	66	6.6	2.50
Upr	ight	t Cre	osse	S, 0	n P	edestals, 3	sizes					\$2.00), 3.00, and	14.00

SINGLE SPRAY

Designs in White or Colored Immortelles. We make these various designs of Immortelles, or Immortelles, Everlasting Flowers, and Grasses combined, to suit the customer. They are

GRASSES, BOUQUET MATERIALS, DESIGNS, ETC.

Ornamental Grasses and Everlasting Flowers, of natural colors or dyed, have become almost indispensable articles for Florists' use, as well as amateurs, in bouquet making and arranging fancy and ornamental designs for Church, House and Parlor decorations. We offer the following varieties, put up in small bunches all of one color, natural or dyed, as may be desired. Prices for large quantities, or by the pound, given on application.

Pampas Grass Plumes, of a beautiful silvery appearance, 15 to 30 inches long, exclusive of stem, retaining their beauty for years. Ours are the finest California Plumes. They can be sent by mail with safety, and when so ordered, 10 cents extra is required for postage on each plume, or 50 cents per dozen plumes. When

Dried Grasses, Agrostis Nebulosa and Pulchella, Apera spica venti, Avena Sterilis (Animated Oats), Briza maxima, Media and Minor (Quaking Grass), Bromus Brizaeformis, and Patulus, Festuca Rigida, Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's Tail), Lasiagrostis Argentea, Milium Effusum, and Phalaris Canariensis. These are only a few of the many varieties which we offer, and are put up in bunches as follows:

Bunches of natural colors, each 20 cts.....per doz. \$2.00 | Bunches of bleached white, and dyed of various colors, each 25 cts......per doz. \$2.50 Grass Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass), white, natural color, each 25 cts. 65 66

5 to 15 " per lb. Osceola, or Florida Plumes..... 2.00 Uniola, or Florida Sea Oats......per oz., 10 cts.,

GRASSES, BOUQUET MATERIALS, DESIGNS, ETC .- Continued.

, =====================================
Bleached Wheat and Oats
Everlasting Flowers, of the following varieties: Acrocimium Roseum and Album, Gomphrena Alba, Aurea and Purpurea, Helichrysum white, yellow and mixed colors, Rhodanthe Alba and Rosea, Statice yellow and blue, and Xeranthemum white and red
California Rock Rose, or Resurrection Plants, for expanding in water, each10 to 25 cts., per doz., \$1.00 to 2.00
Fine wire, of different sizes, for " .35 silver per doz., \$1.50 to 3.00 Tin Foil, for bouquet handles " .30 Bouquet Papers, Pasted Cortons, assorted of differ-
Match Sticks 20 in long, per bundle of 700
Bouquet Sticks, for tying bouquets onper 100 Bouquet Papers, Italiens, assorted, of different patterns and sizes, with 12 turned-down scallops, broad-laced edging, white paper, per doz., 50 cts. to Bridal Bouquets, 3 sizeseach .75, \$1.00 and 1.25 Silk Cord and Tassels for the aboveeach .75 and 1.00 Bouquet Holders of heavy, white paper per doz., .25 and .40
Glass Tubes, for Button-hole Bouquets
" " " " " " " " " " " " 1,50
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
Plant Stands, Iron Brackets, Rustic Work, Trellises, Plant Rods, etc., we refer you to our Bulb Catalogue of 1879- 1880, issued the 1st of September of last year; also a special illustrated list of Trellises, Plant Rods and Rustic Work sent on application. HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.
EACH EACH
Averruncator, or Pole Tree Pruning Shears, \$2.50 to \$4.00

HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. ETC .- Continued.

EACH	
Garden Transplanters, for small plants and	Fruit Gatherer with pole \$3.00
seedlings, which can be taken up and	Turner's Improved Hand Cultivator 5.00
transplanted without disturbing the roots;	Imploved Steel Hand 210
excellent for ladies and amateurs	
English Lawn Grass Rakes 3.50 & 4.00	
English Patent Rivet Back Lawn Scythes 1.50 to 2.50	Cahoon's Broadcast Seed Sower, for sowing wheat,
	Philadelphia Broadcast Seed Sower, for sowing all kinds of seeds 6.00
Spading or Garden Forks 1.25 to 2.25	Planet, Jr., Horse Hoe and Cultivator 12.00
	Planet, Jr., Hand Double Wheel Hoe, Plow and
	Cultivator
Living 1 at at a Language of the state of Language Langua	Planet, Jr., Hand Garden Drill, Wheel Hoe, Culti-
Excelsi a weeding Hook	Planet, Jr., Hand Drill, No. 2
	Comstock's Hand Seed Drill, Cultivator, Weeder,
Ladies' and Children's Garden Tools, in sets. 1.50 to 5.00	Comstock's Hand Cultivator and Weeder com-
Ladies' and Children's Garden Tools, 4 pieces in a box, 2 sizes	
Brier Scythes, 1.75. Brier and Bill Hooks., 1.5° to 2.50	
Darby Scythe Stone, 15. Welsh Scythe Stone, 30	
Daisy Grub. 75 cts. Dock Extractor 2.50	Lee's New Patent Horse Hoe. One of the latest
Dibble for Transplanting	and best for Market Gardener's use 10.00
Pinnie for regushmental	and the same of th

The Firefly Hand Hoe and Plow .- A garden to be well-kept requires frequent bestowal of hard hand labor, on account of close planting which will not admit of horse culture. This implement changes the tires me task of hoeing into one of pleasure, enabling the user to do the work better, and in one-sixth of the usual With it you can open furrows for Beans, Corn, Peas and Potatoes; and all time. With it you can open infrows for beans, corn, reas and Fortness, and the after cultivation can be rapidly and thoroughly done. It can be quickly adjusted to work shallow for hoeing, deep and narrow for cultivating, and deep and wide for plowing. It has a polished and tempered steel mold-board. Price, \$4.00.



The Philadelphia Lawn Mowers,-Nearly all the machines used in mowing lawns are The Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.—Nearly all the machines used in mowing lawns are much heavier than is necessary, and more labor is expended in moving them than should be. To overcome this objection, these machines have been introduced. Style D. 10 and 12 inch cut, with 6½ inch driving wheels. Style M. 14, 16, 15 and 29 inch cut, with 7 inch driving wheels; indiveless retrieves, swing stationary knifes, elf-sharpening knives lighter, stronger and more durable than heretofore; the geating is effectually concealed and cannot clog, all being made of the best material. Over 70,000 have been sold. The best mowers in the market.



The 10-inch machine weighs 20 lbs. It is intended for small grass-plots; and can be easily worked by a lady. Price, \$14.00. It is intended for small The 12-inch machine weighs 34 lbs., and is intended for small

For ladies and boys. \$18.00. lawns. The 14-inch machine weighs 37 lbs., and is intended for lawns

The 14-inch machine weighs 41 lbs, and is intended of favins from ½ to ½ acre, easily worked by a youth. \$20.00.

The 16-inch machine weighs 41 lbs, and is intended for lawns from ½ to ½ acre. Man's size. \$22.00.

The 18-inch machine weighs 46 lbs, and is intended for lawns

from 1/4 to 3/4 acres. \$24.00.

The 21-inch machine weighs 50 lbs., easily worked by one man, and is intended for lawns from 3/4 to 1 acre. \$26.00.

We warrant the above mowers to run easier in grass not over five inches high than any other make.

Each machine is boxed ready for shipment, with directions

Men ord-ring mowers mention width of cut. The Hand Mowers are subject to a discount.

The Philadelphia Horse Lawn Mower, of Pattern 1870, is the most perfect and easily worked Horse Mower ever before invented, and are becoming universal favorites.

30-inch, with Draft Pole. 315 lbs. \$100. 30-inch, Shafts and Seat. 350 lbs. \$120.

The Philadelphia Lawn Sweeper, a new invention for gathering up the grass when cut, leaves, of always giving the lawn a set appears and seat.

etc., always giving the lawn a neat appearance.

Hand size. \$18.00. Horse size. \$70.00.

Pennsylvania Lawn Mowers. The latest invented mowers; being light, strong, easily adjusted, not

Pennsylvania Lawn Mowers. The latest invented mowers; being light, strong, easily adjusted, not liable to clog in short or high grass and easiness of running whilst being worked.

The 14-inch machine has 8-inch driving wheels, weighs 36 lbs. Ladies' size. \$20.00.

The 16-inch machine has 8-inch driving wheels, weighs 38 lbs. Man's size. \$22.00.

We can samply other Implements, if so derived: prices, illustrated circulars, and information given on application.

Excelsior Pump and Portable Fire-Engine.—This compact, portable Engine can be used for all horticultural purposes, etc. All its working-parts are of brass, and of easy acress to the valves, which can be cleansed at any time. It will draw the water from a stream, tark, or pail near by or at a distance, is of simple construction and easily worked, throwing a continuous stream fity feet. Price, \$9,000. Extra hose, if required, at 20 cents per foot, and the extra attachments for applying the same, 50 cents.

Aquarius Force Pump.—A powerful small pump, throws eight gallons of water per minute from fifty to sixty feet, drawing the water from a stream, tank, or will lift the water from a depth of twenty feet. \$10.

water from a depth of twenty feet. \$10.

Bickford's New Garden Pump.—Constructed so as to do away with Piston and Stuffing-box, hence no Priction or Leakage as in other pumps. It is easily worked by a lever to-and-fro, throwing a steady stream forty feet. It will draw the water from a pail or tank near by, or at a distance. S6.

the water from a pail or tank near by, or at a distance. S6.

Hydronette Pump.—A cheap, simple, and effective pump for watering and syringing plants; not liable to get out of order, being made of brass, with India-rubber Bose to draw the water. S6, S9 and S10.

Brusie's Lawn Sprinkler and Fountain.—The work of this Sprinkler is done through Perforated Berelled Buls, so arranged as to water the Laun or Gurden uniformly and as perfect as a shower of rain. It will throw the water over a space of from forty to fifty feet in diameter, according to the pressure of water, which may be recovered to fell in contractions of the pressure of water, which may be recovered to fell in contractions of the property of the pro regulated to fall in a gentle shower, or with as much force as required. By unscrewing the top and putting the perforated bill in its place, and blank balls on the tips of the arms, you can use it as a Portable Fountain; with directions. \$9.



Hydronette Pump.

HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.—Continued.

Peck's Improved Lawn Sprinkler.—It is neat and ornamental, throwing the water from thirty to forty feet in diameter. It also can be used as a fountain by changing the ball on too. and putting on the to forty feet in diameter. It also can be used as a fountain by changing the ball on top, and putting on the fountain attachment; we have two sizes. Four arms, \$6.00; eight arms, \$8.

"Perfection" Lawn Sprinkler.—A small revolving Lawn and Garden Sprinkler, put up in a neat

box, with directions, \$1.25; by mail, \$1.40.

Elastic Plant Sprinkler.—This is a very convenient article—and much preferred by the ladies, as it is easily worked by pressing the rubber together with the hand—for sprinkling Bouquets and Window-Garden Plants, to cleanse their foliage and keep them in a healthy growing condition, as well as for dampening clothes. It is made of Rubber, with a flat-bottom and brass perforated detachable top. \$1.25; by mail, postpaid, \$1.50.

Spray Dampener.—A cheap tin spray dampener, used by blowing water through a tube. For persons having a few plants or a small conservatory, to take the place of a syringe, as it does not wet the carpet, and covers the plants with water like dew. Used by Florists to dampen flowers and bouquets. Any liquid, or even dry powder, can be applied with it to effectually kill or drive away all kinds of insects that infest plants, as no fluid can possibly come in contact with the mouth. Price, 50 cents.

Watering-Pots, Japanned Green .- The French pattern is considered an improvement over the old style of Watering-Pots. It being oval, and the handle extending from the side to the opposite side on top, makes it convenient to handle, as it can be tilted to any desired angle without any extra exertion. We have these pots made of extra heavy tin with an iron-hooped base, to protect the sides and bottom from being indented, and japanned both inside and outside; the spout can be detached, and the rose or sprinkler put on for watering seedlings and fine plants.

4 quart\$2.00 6 quart\$2.50. 8 quart\$3.00. 12 quart\$3.50. We also have made especially for our trade the Round Watering-Pot of extra heavy tin, and iron-hooped bottom,

japanned inside and outside, with two copper roses, fine and coarse.

6 quart....\$2.50. 8 quart....\$3.00. 12 quart 12 quart.....\$3.50. 16 quart. ...\$4.00.

Common tin round Watering-Pots, japanned inside and outside. 4 quart....\$0.85. 6 quart....\$1.25 6 quart \$1.25.

AMERICAN IMPROVED BRASS GARDEN SYRINGES.



Of various sizes and patterns, for the Conservatory, Green-house, Garden, etc.; fitted with caps or roses for ejecting water in one stream, or dispersing it in a gentle manner, or with force, as may be required. They are all of the best material and workmanship.

\$1.25

8.00

2.25 2.75 4.75 9.50

No. 7. Green-house, knu kle-joint, which can be turned in any direction (ball-valve), with one stream and two roses. 18 in. long, 1½ in. diam.

No. 12. Green-house, extra heavy, solid piston, with two roses (ball-valve); also used by sugar refiners. 18 in. long, 1¾ in. diam.

to cleanse house-plants from dust and keep the foliage in a healthy condition; operating in the same way as the atomizer or spray-sprinklers. The liquid is put into the brass globe and the bellows worked; a fine spray issues in a copious stream that is easy to reach every part of the plant and bedew it with insect-killing liquids; while in the ordinary methods a large share is wasted. \$3.50.

Sulphur Bellows; or, Floral and Vintage Duster.—For the extermination of Bugs, Worms, asects and Mildew upon Grape-vines, etc. By the use of this implement the Flour of Sulphur can be evenly Insects and Mildew upon Grape-vines, etc. distributed over every part of the affected plant. \$2.50.

The Paris Green Bellows.—For destroying the Potato-Bugs or Beetle and other pests. It is a simple and effective hand-implement, applies the powder with the greatest rapidity, ease and economy; Paris Green, as yet, being the only satisfactory remedy. It is also a desirable assistant in the Green-house, and for dusting low trees infested with Slugs, as well as grape-vines affected with Midew, with Flour of Sulphur and other insect powders. Use either with or without the rose. Complete directions for use accompany each machine. \$2.50.

Paris Green Duster .- A cheap, simple and effective duster, for applying Paris Green, made of tin, in two sizes. No. 1, 40 cents; No. 2, 60 cents.

The Eureka Fumigator. -After many unsuccessful attempts, we have found an effectual apparatus for the fumigating of green-houses, etc., doing away with the unpleasant duty of being smoked almost to death by the old mode, as it required constant attention to prevent the tobacco-stems from burning to a blaze, and destroying the plants in getting rid of the pests that infest them,

This Apparatus is of simple construction, and not liable to get out of order. When once lit, it is self-acting, and may be left in the house with perfect safety, as flaring is an impossibility, and setting anything on fire out of the question, while all the material is completely consumed without waste and given off in a dense smoke, filling a house in a short time, thus ensuring the entire destruction of insect life.

It can be used for fumigating Green-houses, Conservatories, Pits, Frames, Hospitals, Ships, Poultry-houses, etc.; for destroying Vermin or Purifying Rooms. Directions for use sent with each Machine.

No. 1. Height 12 in., diameter at top, 5 in. Suitable for a house 10x20 feet. Holds 1/2 \$2.00 peck of stems... No. 2. Height 16 in., diameter at top, 7 in. Suitable for a house 12x40 feet. Holds 1 peck of stems. No. 3. " 20 " " " 15x100 " " ½ bus. " 3.00 1/2 bus. 15x100 " 4.00No. 3. Also made of extra heavy iron, galvanized, will last a long while
No. 4. Height 24 in., diameter at top, 12 in. Suitable for a house 20x100 feet. Holds ¾ bus. of stems. 5 00

No. 4 is made of extra heavy iron, galvanized, and will last a long while.

Illustrated circulars and information on any of the above articles given on application.

SUPPLEMENT.

NEW LIST OF VEGETABLE SEEDS FOR 1880.

The following varieties, to which we give space, are not all new introductions, but are worthy of special merit, having been tried and their superiority shown. The description of New Varieties are as given by their respective growers :

Remit for postage 16 cts. per pound, or 25 cts. per quart, or fraction thereof, when ordered to be sent by mail.

CARROT, Danvers Half-Long Scarlet. A new intermediate variety; about midway between the Long Orange and Short Horn, generally growing with a stump root; of a rich orange red color, very smooth and handsome. Per pkt., 5 cts.; per oz., 15 cts.; per lb., \$1.50.

CELERY, Golden Dwarf. A new distinct variety of great value. In size of growth it is the same as the Half Dwarf White, except when blanched, the heart is large and of a golden yellow color, making it attractive for market or private use. It is solid, of excellent flavor, and keeps well during the winter. Pkt., 20 cts.; oz., 75 cts.; lb., \$8.00.

CELERY, Henderson's Half Dwarf White. This variety is increasing in favor with the market gardeners. When blanched is of a vellowish white, making it very ornamental for the table; is solid, having the nutty flavor of the dwarf kinds, and of more vigorous growth. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 40 cts.: lb., \$4.00.

CUCUMBER, Lon-don Long Green. A fine long pickling variety, attaining the length of 1 foot; skin very deep green while young, flesh greenish-white, firm, crisp, and of good flavor. Pkt., 5 ets.; oz., 15 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

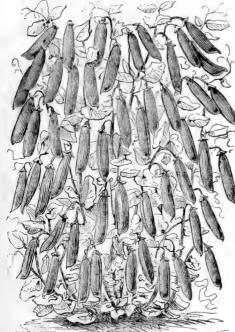
MELON, WATER, Icing or Ice-Rind. The best of Water Melons in every respect; solid, always of good flavor and thin rind, white seeded. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; lb., \$2.00.

PEA, Dreer's Eureka Extra Early. A new selection from Dreer's Extra Early, which are of a dwarfer habit. growing about 20 inches high, free from any runners, an even and abundant cropper, and can all be gathered in two pickings-very important qualities for the market gardener. Pkt., 10 cts.; qt., 50 cts.; bush., \$10.00.

PEA, Dreer's Extra Early. The earliest and most prolific; an even crop-per, sweet and of excellent quality; height, 2 feet; the crop can be gathered in two pickings: also for a late fall crop it has no equal; the market gardener's favorite. Pkt., 10 cts.; qt., 40 cts.; bush., \$8.00.

The above two are the best and earliest maiket gardener's varieties, as well as for private use, and cannot fail to give satisfac-

PEA, Extra Early Premium Gem. This is superior to the Little Gem in habit, size of pod and productiveness. The finest dwarf extra early wrinkled Pea; pods long, very sweet; prolific; also fine for forcing; height, 18 inches. Pkt., 10 cts.; qt., 50 cts.; bush., \$10.00.





DREER'S EUREKA EXTRA EARLY PEAS.

A splendid wrinkled marrow market gardener's variety, of PEA, Yorkshire Hero. branching habit, abundant cropper and good quality; height, 2½ feet. Pkt., 10 cts.; qt., 50 cts.; bush., \$10.00.
A, Telephone.

A, Telegraph, from which it differs, is a wrinkled variety, and in every respect far superior. It is a great cropper, bearing immense pods full of large peas of an exquisite sugary flavor. Pkt., 25 cts., and 5 pkts., \$1.00.

POTATO, Beauty of Hebron. Earlier than the Early Rose, which it closely resembles but of a lighter red color, very productive, of excellent quality, white fleshed, and will yield at least one quarter more in this respect equalled by few of either early or late varie-Three lbs., \$1.25, by mail, prepaid; per pk., \$1.00; per bush., \$2.50; per bbl., \$6.00.



BEAUTY OF HEBRON.

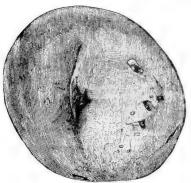


EARLY OHIO.

POTATO, Bliss' Triumph. This new variety is the most attractive in appearance of any yet offered; it combines the productiveness of the Peerless with the good qualities of the Rose, and at least ten days earlier; tubers medium size, round and uniform, eyes slightly depressed, skin of a light red color, flesh fine-grained, excellent flavor and keeping qualities. Three lbs., \$1.25, by mail, prepaid; pk., \$1.00; bush., \$2.50; bbl., \$6.00.

POTATO, Early Ohio. A seedling of the Early Rose, resembling it in color; about a week earlier. It is round and oblong in shape, of vigorous growth, and excellent quality. To get the best results, plant in rather rich moist soil. Three lbs., \$1.00, by mail, prepaid; pk., 75

cts.; bush., \$2.00; bbl., \$5.00.



DUNMORE.



BURBANK'S SPEDLING.

POTATO, Dunmore. A new variety of great promise. Skin and flesh white, tubers large and handsome; fine for the table, baked or boiled. In appearance it somewhat resembles the Peerless, but surpasses that variety in yield and quality. It can be recommended to all potate-growers to try them; as the potato varies on different soils. Three lbs., \$1.00, by mail, prepaid; pk., 75 cts.; bush., \$2.00; bbl., \$5.00.

POTATO, Burbank's Seedling. A new seedling of the Early Rose; white-skinned, of fine form and good proportions; has few eyes, but a little below the surface. Boiled or baked, it is dry and floury, while the flesh is of fine grain and excellent flavor; producing a large crop of marketable potatoes; it ripens between the early and late varieties. Three

lbs., \$1.00, by mail, prepaid; pk., 75 cts.; bush., \$2.00; per bbl., \$5.00.

RADISH, Extra Early Round Red. One of the earliest and best of the Turnip varieties for forcing; very short-leaved; color of skin dark red, white-fleshed and small tap-root. It is also adapted for summer use in the open ground, as well as for forcing. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz.,

RADISH, Extra Early Round White. Similar to the above in every respect, excepting

the color of the skin is white. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

SPINACH, Dreer's Round-Seeded Savoy. The best, large, thick, fleshy, curled-leaved Savoy variety; equally good for spring or fall sowing. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 10 cts.;

TOMATO, Early Acme. This new early variety is unparalleled, and for the family or market, we must pronounce it the best; ripens evenly, of medium uniform size, round, very solid, and of a pinkish color, very productive, bearing until killed by frost; it has no green core, and stands foremost for canning. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 50 cts.; lb., \$5.00.

NEW LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS FOR 1880.

These are not all novelties, but some of recent introduction, and others of special merit, which were omitted under their respective heads.

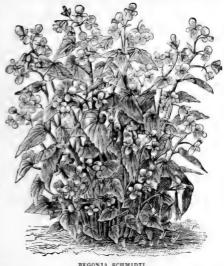
The novelties we offer are given with the descriptions of the raisers, who are the most responsible in the trade.

- ABRONIA, Arenaria. A trailing, half-hardy annual plant, resembling the Verbena, with prostrate branches several feet in length; height, 6 inches; producing clusters of sweetscented vellow flowers. Per packet, 10 cts.
- ANGELONIA, Grandiflora Atropurpurea. A new beautiful green-house shrubby plant.

 If sown early will flower the first season, and can be treated as a tender annual. Famous for its fragrance; flowers dark purplish brown, with a white eye. Pkt. of 10 seeds, 25 cts.
- BEGONIA, Robusta Perfecta (Tuberous-rooted). One of the finest green-house new tuberous-rooted Begonias. Owing to its robust habit of growth and succulent dark green foliage, the plant strikes the eye at once. The flowers are large, of a brilliant cinnabar scarlet, melting into a delicate rose towards the centre, of great firmness and texture, which make them less liable to drop off than is the case with many of the other varieties; height. 12 inches. Pkt. of about 50 seeds, 25 cts.
- BEGONIA, Roezli. A new valuable green-house species from Mexico. The leaves are alternate, dark green, succulent, and the under surface is of a reddish color. Seed sown in April make strong plants by September, attaining a height of twenty inches, and the buds of the inflorescence appear in October, resembling an opening Pæony. They are enveloped in a dark red spathe, and rapidly expand into a beautiful umbel of large size, composed of

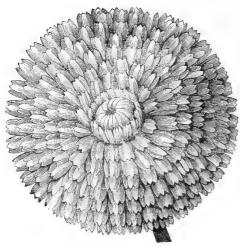
luminous deep red flowers. In a greenhouse this fine species blooms freely and in uninterrupted succession until March. The flowers will be found of utility for bouquets. Pkt. of about 50 seeds, 25 cts.

- BEGONIA, Schmidti. A new beautiful green-house shrubby plant from Brazil. Flowers white, slightly tinged with pink, contrasting finely with the foliage, being of a dark green, with a metallic lustre, Its dwarf branching globe-shaped habit makes it a most desirable decorative as well as a market plant, being literally covered with flowers from May until November, and blooming all winter in the green-house; also a fine summer bedding plant. Pkt. of about 50 seeds, 25 cts.
- CALENDULA, Officinalis Meteor. A new splendid hardy annual variety of the Pot Marigold, very large, beautifully imbricated, extra double striped flowers, the colors are of a bright deep orange on a pale straw-colored, almost white ground; producing a profusion of bloom from May until late in the autumn; height, 1 foot. See illustration on next page. Pkt. of 10 seeds, 25 cts.



BEGONIA SCHMIDTI.

- CAMPANULA, Macrostyla Rosæflora. A beautiful rose-flowered variety of this charming Campanula. This new form cannot fail to become as great a favorite as the old type. Hardy perennial, flowering the first season, if sown early. Pkt. of 25 seeds, 25 cts.
- CEDRONELLA, Cana. A hardy perennial plant, with fragrant foliage, long spikes of purplish flowers, remaining in bloom a long time; height, 2 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.
- CLEMATIS, Hybrida Mixed. The finest hybrid new hardy perennial large-flowering varieties of Clematis. One of our best plants for trellises, arbors, etc.; height, 10 to 15 feet. Pkt., 25 cts.
- coleus, Dreer's Hybrids. Our new strain of hybrid varieties, from which was produced the finest colored, most attractive and novel foliage plants ever before introduced; half-hardy perennial; height, 2 feet. For plants and illustrations see list in this supplement under the plant department. Pkt., 50 cts.
- **DELPHINIUM, Cashmerianum.** A new hardy perennial Larkspur, producing very fine, dark blue Monk's-hood-like flowers, on stems 15 inches high, in corymbs, of six or more. A native of the Himalayas, found at an elevation of 12,000 feet. Pkt. of 15 seeds, 25 cts.
- DELPHINIUM, Ranuncaliflora Nana (Dwarf Ranunculus-flowered Brownish Violet Larkspur). This new variety grows to the height of 15 inches, and forms a column-shaped compact bouquet, with numerous spikes of shining brownish-violet flowers; the summit of the spikes being of a uniform height renders it particularly suited for massing, etc. Hardy annual. Pkt., 20 cts.



CALENPULA, OFFICINALIS METEOR.

PIANTHUS, Coryophyllus Fl. Pl. Grenadin. A new Carnation of great value for market gardeners and florists. It blooms 3 weeks earlier than any other variety, and produces in profusion large double charming flowers of a brilliant scarlet; being dwarf and compact of growth, it will be found useful for borders or massing; half-hardy perennial, height, 1 foot. Per pkt. of 25 seeds, 50 cts.

DICTAMNUS, Fraxinella Mixed. A showy hardy perennial, very fragrant free flowering herbaceous plant; producing racemes of large attractive white and red flowers, often 1 foot in length; height, 2 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.

ERYSIMUM, Pulchellum. A new dwarf profuse yellow-flowering herbaceous plant, of such a densely-tufted growth as to completely hide the soil. Its great hardiness makes it especially suitable for rock-work and grottos; hardy perennial; height, 1 foot. Pkt., 20 cts.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA, Crocea
Flore Pleno. A fine new double-

flowering variety, producing a large percentage of handsome double bright orange scarlet flowers in abundance; hardy annual; height, I foot. Pkt., 25 cts.

GODETIA, Whitneyi Brilliant. This new hardy annual variety is of fine habit, dwarf, compact, free-flowering, showy and effective for massing; the flowers are of a rich carmine, shading off to a delicate rose at the points of the petals; height, 8 inches. Pkt., 25 cts.

GOMPHRENA, Globosa Nana Compacta. A new variety of this everlasting flower, of densely bushy habit and rich foliage, 8 inches in diameter and about 6 inches in height; covered with rich deep violet red flowers; fine for bedding, as well as market purposes; half-hardy annual. Pkt., 25 cts.

HOLLYHOCK. Extra Double White. This extra strain is one of the most valuable plants now grown for florists' summer flowers, which are pure white and perfectly double; hardy perennial; height, about 6 feet. Pkt., 20 cts.

IPOMŒA QUAMOCLIT, Hederæfolia Coccinea (Scarct, Ivy-leaved Cypress Vine).

A new attractive ivy-leaved climber of rapid growth; stems slender, or a violet color, leaves deeply lobated, like the Ivy, the flowers are rather small, of a fiery scarlet, and produced in great profusion during the whole summer. A fine acquisition to our fast-growing climbers. Half-hardy annual:

Flore Duplici. This lovely new double blue flowering hose-in-hose-like form, reproduces itself true from seed, of a trailing habit, remaining much longer in bloom than the single varieties; fine for massing, vases, etc.; half-hardy annual; height, 6 inches. Pkt., 25 cts.

height, about 15 feet. Pkt., 20 cts.

1.OASA, Vulcanica. A new hardy annual with caustic leaves, forming large bushes from 3 to 4 feet high, covered with beautiful white, star-like flowers of a most elegant and peculiar shape. Pkt., 20 cts.

MYOSOTIS, Palustris Semperflorens Flore Albo. A new pure white variety of the marsh Forget-me-not; succeeds best in a moist, shady situation, for greenhouse or out-door culture; halfhardy perennial, blooming the first season if sown early; height, 6 inches. Pkt. of 25 seeds, 25 cts.



IPOMŒA QUAMOCLIT, HEDERÆFOLIA COCCINEA.

PASSIFLORA, Incarnata. A hardy herbaceous perennial variety, requiring but a slight protection of leaves during the winter; foliage smooth, tri-lobed, flowers large, nearly white, with a triple purple and flesh-colored crown. Per pkt. of 10 seeds, 25 cts.

PETUNIA, Hybrida Nana Compacta Multistora. (New Dwarf Inimitable Petunia).

This new variety is worthy of general attention, as it enriches our gardens with a Petunia which is really dwarf, and a profuse bloomer. When only 3 inches high, they begin to unfold their charming flowers. Each plant forms a compact and densely-branched bush 5 to 8 inches high by the same in diameter. The predominating color is of a brilliant cherry-red, and marked with a regularly formed white star. This Petunia is very effective for massing, etc., and admirably adapted for pot culture; as a market plant it will be found far superior to the old tall-growing varieties. Half-hardy perennial, blooming from seed the first season; treated like hardy annuals. Pkt. of 50 seeds. 25 ets.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI, Grandiflora Violacea. This new large-flowering variety is of strong, compact growth, with beautiful flowers, of a violet color, and white eye; hardy annual; height, 18 inches. Pkt., 20 cts.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI, Nana Atropurpurea. A new dwarf, compact-growing variety, with showy large blood-red flowers; fine for either pot or out-door culture; hardy annual; height not exceeding 10 inches. Pkt., 20 cts.

PYRETHRUM, Aureum Laciniatum. A new hardy perennial herbaceous plant, for marginal lines, beds, etc., with beautiful light yellow lacerated, or fringed foliage; height, 4 inches. Pkt., 10 cts.

SALVIA, Farinacea. A new first-class. branching shrubby plant 3 feet high, suitable for the green-house as well as for summer bedding, of a habit similar to the Salvia Splendens, and flowering at the same time. If sown early in the spring, the ends of the branches begin to show the flower-spikes in July: these are light blue, from 9 to 18 inches long; it is not so much the individual flowers, but the woolly-haired bracts colored from light to dark blue, which constitute its special beauty, and remain on for months; the beautiful shade of color. and the readiness with which it flowers in the open ground, combined with its easy cultivation, will soon make this new Sage a universal favorite in our gardens. Pkt. of 20 seeds, 25 cts.

SALVIA, Involucrata. Another new first-class Sage from Mexico, and certainly one of the most showy species. In general habit it resembles the preceding variety, but the leaves, stalks.



BALVIA FARINACEA.

and bracts are glabrous; the inflorescence consists of a long flower-spike with rose-colored bracts, and splendid rosy crimson flowers of 1½ inches in length, in densely arranged whorls of six flowers. It is a green-house shrubby plant, and treated the same as Solvia Forinacea. Pkt. of 15 seeds, 25 cts.

TORENIA, Bailloni. A valuable new species, at once distinguishable from the other Torenias by the size and charming color of its flowers, which are of a bright golden-yellow with a deep brownish-red throat, and trailing habit. Planted with the favorite Torenia Fournieri, which has already acquired such popularity, a most beautiful effect will be obtained. The Torenias thrive well in the summer in open borders; in winter they enliven the green-house or conservatory with their beautiful flowers, which few other plants produce as freely and in such long succession. Special attention is called to this important novelty, so much the more as the Torenias are, like tender annuals, easily raised from seed; they may be sown in the green-house or hot-bed. Pkt. of about 50 seeds, 20 cts.

XERANTHEMUM, Annuum Superbissimum. This new variety has flowers as double

as a Ranunculus, globular-shaped, of a beautiful red color, and entirely free from projecting marginal ray florets. It is said to be the finest form yet obtained of that favorite garden flower; it will be found exceedingly useful for mixing with other varieties of everlasting flowers and grasses for perpetual bouquets. Pkt., 20 cts.

XERANTHEMUM, Annuum Superbissimum Album. A new variety of the above, only differing in color, which is pure white, and very double like the illustration. Pkt., 25 cts.



XERANTHEMUM ANNUUM SUPERBISSIMUM.

NEW AND RARE PLANTS FOR 1880.

Varieties offered for the first time in this country-omissions from general list, and rare plants of great value.

The principal part of these plants have bloomed in our houses during the autumn; the other descriptions have been furnished by the originators, who will assume all responsibility in the event of the failure to answer the recommendations. We have confined to the general list many varieties that are classed by other dealers as "Novelties," in order to draw a distinction; these sorts should not be overlooked as they contain the gems that are well tried and not found wanting.

ACHYRANTHUS EMERSONI.

A decided improvement on A. Lindeni, a large part of foliage being beautiful pink. An effective bedder. 30 cts.

AGERATUM, JOHN DOUGLAS.

A pretty dwarf compact habit, admirable for bedding, flowers large, color azure blue; a very fine variety. 20 cts.

ANTHERICUM VITATUM VARIEGATUM.

An elegant green-house plant with recurved graceful foliage, which attains a growth of about 3 feet. The leaves are dark-green, beautifully marked with broad stripes and bands of pure white. It produces long spikes of small, star-shaped flowers, which are quite effective. The habit and style of plant resemble the Pandanus Veitchi. It is very useful as a basket plant. 25 to 50 cts.

ASCLEPIAS LINIFOLIA ALBA.

A green-house herbaceous plant bearing umbels of pure white flowers during the entire summer when planted out: invaluable for florists' use. 30 cts.

NEW CALADIUM,

These have been selected from a large European collection and are the most distinct and beautiful of the later introductions. Plants will be ready April 15th, 1880. \$1.00 each.

BARRAL. Bright green, with a fine red centre, and large spots of rose. FELICIEN DAVID. Centre of leaf dark carmine, surrounded with white, and beautifully veined with red on a light green ground; a splendid variety.

LEPESCHKINEL Leaves thickly marked with large spots of rich rose color, and having a

rich bright red centre.

MAD. ALFRED BLEU. Deep green, with large blotches of pure white, and broad veins of deep crimson scarlet; distinct and fine.

MACULATA. Green, irregularly blotched with greenish white; distinct.

MURILLO. Centre and veins metallic red, with large crimson blotches, broad margin of lustrous bronzv green.

ONSLOW. Deep rosy crimson centre with forked rays and carmine red spots on rich green

SIEBOLDI. Rich green, with fiery red crimson-rayed centre; green spaces, densely spotted with claret red.

NEW CARNATION.

These are some choice fancy varieties that are recommended for brilliant colors and choice variety, as well as productive sorts. 50 cts. \$5.00 per doz. The set of five, \$2.00.

CRIMSON KING. Beautiful crimson scarlet color; a very large flower.

JOSAPHINE. A vigorous grower, excelling in color and blooming qualities. LORD CLYDE. White, thickly striped with carmine and a frequent blotch of maroon; very floriferous, strong. LYDIA. Rich rosy orange color, blotched and flecked with carmine, clove fragrance, very

double.

TOPSY. Deep rich velvety maroon color, the darkest color, strong growers.

NEW COLEUS.

Dreer's New Hybrid Varieties.

These varieties, which it is a pleasure to offer, have originated in our nursery grounds during the past summer, were selected from perhaps six thousand seedlings excelling in point of color, variety, habit and novelty, and we feel safe in predicting for them a future that leaves nothing

wanting in this class of plants.

From the verdict of many of the leading florists who visited our grounds during the past summer, and the opinions of the committees of the Cincinnati, Philadelphia and New York

Horticultural Societies during the past autumn, we do not hesitate to recommend them as the best and most valuable decorative plants for the conservatory, piazza or border that are now in

The chromo that is issued this season shows in some measure the variety, but not the brilliant colors and enlarged leaves that are shown on the plants at this writing. The plants will be ready for delivery on March 1st, at the following prices: Single plants, each \$1.00. The two sets of fifteen varieties, \$12.00 per set. The dwarf set of ten varieties, \$9.00 per set. After April 15th, 1880, the price will be 75 cts. each; \$8.00 per set, and \$6.00 for the dwarf set. Orders booked now and filled in strict rotation.



DREER'S SET OF TRI-COLORED COLFUS.

Fifteen Varieties.

- ECLIPSE. Scarlet, shaded with brown, yellowish green, serrated margin. HIAWATHA. Orange, yellow and crimson, flamed with dark crimson, serrated margin.
- ORIOLE. Yellow and green, maculated with various tints of carmine, crimson and chocolate, yellow or green, serrated margin.
- PRINCEPS. Large, serrated leaf, dark crimson stained, with rich velvety brown greenish
- yellow serrated margin.

 EXCELSIOR. Yellow, slightly stained with green, and maculated with crimson.
- BIJOU. Crimson, shaded with chocolate, bright green margin.
 QUADRICOLOR. Variously maculated with bronzy red yellow, dark chocolate and green. serrated edge.
- FAIRY. Yellow and green, blotched with crimson scarlet.

- HESPERUS. Yellow, maculated with green and bronzy crimson; serrated edge.
 GOLD PHEASANT. Solferino, yellow, green and crimson, mottled scarlet.
 ILLUMINATOR. Yellow flamed and veined with crimson, bright green margin.
 CHARM. Yellow, tinged with bronzy scarlet, stained with dark brown; green, deeply serrated margin.
- IDYL. Veined and mottled with green and yellow, and stained with bronzy red. PARROQUET. Yellow, maculated with crimson and green.
- SERAPH. Fiery crimson, spotted with chocolate, bright green, serrated margin.

QUEENSLAND SET.

Fifteen Varieties.

ASA GRAY. Orange crimson, violet veins and centre, dark green maculation; bright green, serrated edge.

MISS RETTA KIRKPATRICK. Large white centre, shaded with yellow, broad green lobed

margin, large foliage.

SPECIOSA. Green, with broad yellowish white central bar, resembling Hydrangea Speciosa. RED CLOUD. Rich crimson, evenly marmorated with blackish brown, narrow green margin. TESSELATA. Evenly marbled with green and pale yellow. THOS. MEEHAN. Dark carmine shaded with brown, green margin; a new type with oak-

leaf shaped foliage.

MRS. E. B. COOPER. Rich purplish crimson, maculated with purplish brown, olive green margin.

MARVELLOUS. Brilliant crimson, marbled with yellow and intense brown.

DR. JOS. HOOKER. Dark crimson, stained with dark brown, very narrow dark green margin.

CHAS. DARWIN. Veined and mottled with pink, sulphur and olive green.

BEACON. Blackish purple, with brown and bright crimson midribs and veins, large broad foliage.

ZEPHYR. Rich bronzy crimson, slightly marbled with dark olive green; violet purple veins, broad foliage.

AMABILIS. Broad light green foliage, with pale sulphur midrib and veins, stained with pink. PHARO. Rich crimson scarlet mottled with yellow; blackish toothed margin.

SUPERBISSIMA. Blackish maroon, with a brilliant broad purple band through the centre of the leaf.

QUEENSLAND SET OF DWARF VARIETIES.

Ten Varieties.

DAISY. Orange red, brown and olive green, deeply laciniated foliage. JUDY. Pale green and white mottled, green margin.

GRACILLIMA. Crimson centre surrounded with chocolate spots; broad green margin.

PUCK. Pale buff, tipped with green, carmine stems and leaf stalks.

FAWN. Buff marbled with green, leaves purplish underneath.

PUNCH. Green marbled with yellow, purple stalk and midribs. CHARTER OAK. Deeply serrated, oak-leaf foliage, mottled with various shades of green and

white.

BUTTERCUP. Marbled with bright green, mottled and marked centrally with pure yellow spots.

GEM. Carmine centre, broad green margin, maculated with yellow.

ORNATUS. Central part of the leaf pale yellow, changing to white, broad light green margin

NEW FUCHSIAS.

BLACK PRINCE. Tube and sepals bright waxy carmine, sepals large and broad, with pale

green tips, large open, pale pink, single corolla. 50 cts.

EARL OF BEACONSFIELD. Vigorous growing, free flowering, quite distinct; the blooms are three inches in length, and of great substance; the tube and sepals are of a light rosy car-

mine, deep carmine, single corolla. 25 cts.
ILY NEY. White tube and sepals, and shaded purple corolla, fine, free, showy. 50 cts. EMILY

GOLIATH. Large white sepals, beautiful carmine, double corolla, very free. 50 cts. KINGSBURYANA. A variety of good habit and most abundant bloomer, producing flowers with bright red tube and sepals, the latter reflexed, and large double, open and spreading white corolla. 50 cts.

MISS LUCY FINNIS. One of the dwarfest and most graceful among fuchsias; corolla pure white, very double, and immense size; tube and sepals coral red; a few blooms cannot

fail to create a sensation in any green-house. 50 cts.

SNOW-WHITE. Coral red tube, large white double corolla, very free; a splendid sort for market purposes, flowering, early and freely; splendid. 50 cts.

NEW DOUBLE GERANIUMS.

The continued improvement in this plant again presents some novelties of great merit; they excel in free blooming qualities and dwarf compact habit, and should be in the hands or all lovers of this flower.

ANATOLE DE LA FORGE. Large, well-formed flowers, f a beautiful brilliant lake color, shaded carmine, very attractive. 50 cts.

ARETUSA. Large, well-expanded flowers of deep rich crimson scarlet. 50 cts.

ED. ABOUT. A fine variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear coppery red color, paler towards edges. 50 cts. EMILE DE GIRADIN. A splendid variety, producing immense trusses of flowers of a clear

rose color. 50 cts. ETHEL BEALE. Rich pink, shading to brilliant crimson, rosette form. 50 cts.

NEW DOUBLE GERANIUMS-Continued.

F. V. RASPAIL. Beautiful deep scarlet fine large pips and of good form; compact habit; one of the best of the year. 50 cts.

LITTRE, Large flowers of rosy violet. 50 cts.

M. MALLER. A magnificent variety, freely producing very large flowers of dazzling scarlet. extremely showy. 50 cts.

MAD. THIERS. Very large double white, trusses of fine form and substance; ready May 1st. \$1.00.

NYMPHE. Enormous semi-spherical imbricated flowers, forming a beautiful pure white rosette-shaped pips; ready May 1st. \$1.00.

NEW SINGLE GERANIUMS.

We have the pleasure to offer the following fine New Zonale Geraniums, which possess all the qualities that render them acceptable to the Florist and suitable for decorative purposes generally. They are remarkable for the perfect shape and brilliant coloring of their flowers, showing a decided advance on other well-known popular kinds. They are alike desirable for exhibition and for the conservatory, and some of them will be found among the most brilliant acquisitions for summer-bedding. They have been selected from the finest offered by English and continental growers, and, we believe, are without rivals.

BRENNUS. Rosy cerise, with violet pink blotch in the upper petals; large flower and truss, 50 ets.

DEPUTE DUVAUX. Very rich velvety purple crimson, beautiful. 50 cts. DR. JOHN DENNY. Purplish violet, with crimson scarlet spot; the nearest approach to blue yet raised, excellent shape and substance; this, together with its immense sized trusses, free growth and shape of blooms, render it one of the best for pot or house decoration, and is a great acquisition. One of the most exquisite geraniums raised by M. Sisley, named after Dr. Denny. The flower is irreproachable in size, shape and substance; the color mostly a rich magenta, while on each of the two upper petals occurs a spot of glowing crimson scarlet, the effect of which is quite marvellous. It is probably the most beautiful of all the varieties of which we have any knowledge. 75 cts.

GUINEA. The nearest approach to yellow yet sent out, very distinct. 75 cts.

H. M. POLLETT. The very deepest crimson, splendid, large, white eye, fine form; ready May 1st. \$1.00.

ILLUSTRE CITOYEN. Deep orange flowers, lilac white centre, large flowers, a beautiful variety, 50 cts.

LORD GIFFORD. Crimson scarlet with a distinct white eye, very free, splendid satiny texture, reported as a good bedder; ready May 1st. \$1.00.

W LIFE. This variety, in its growth, occasionally produces a self-salmon white or a scarlet flower, but NEW LIFE. the majority comes beautifully striped and flaked, and, as no plant is propagated from without showing its proper character, reduces the chances of disappointment to a minimum, when its dazzling scarlet flowers are splashed and striped with white, together with its splendid habit, renders it very striking and attractive.

TRICOLOR. This is described as showing three colors; stripes of white, pink and green; novel; ready May \$1.00.

JRBINO. Rosy violet, pretty shade. 30 cts.

GLOXINIA CRASSIFOLIA.

Of this new type of Gloxinia we can offer very showy distinct colors, erect, horizontal and pendula sorts; they are not classified to color, but are all first-class flowers; extra strong tubers mixed. 30 cts. \$3.00 per doz.



NEW LIFE.

HYDRANGEA.

THOS. HOGG. An introduction from Japan, as hardy as the garden Hydrangea, producing large flower-heads of pure white, often 15 inches in diameter; very free-flowering. 25 cts. to \$1, according to size.

NEW CLIMBING (Schizophragma Hydrangeoides). A climbing variety, producing corymbs of white flowers like the ordinary Hydrangea. It is introduced from Japan, where it grows to the height of 50 feet, clinging to trees; reported hardy. 50 cts. to \$1.

NEW PELARGONIUM.

DR. MASTERS. A splendid forcing variety belonging to the group of "Capt. Raikes" and others. It is of a dwarf sturdy habit, the trusses which are large are thrown well above the foliage in great profusion. It is semi-double, the upper petals having large black blotches in the centre, with a narrow margin of rich crimson, the lower petals having a smaller

DUCHESS OF BEDFORD. Its blossoms are of the purest white, prettily fringed with fea-

thered spot of delicate rose in the upper petals. Dwarf habit, early. \$1.

TRIOMPHE DE ST. MAUDE. Fully sustains its character as one of the best high-colored varieties in cultivation; close and short-jointed habit. It is profuse in bloom of massive substance. Rich deep crimson color. \$1.

NEW AND RARE ROSES.

These have been selected as the best of recent introductions, and excel in color, habit and variety. They are of the Tea variety unless specified.

COMTESSE RIZI DU PARC. Flowers medium-size to large, double, globular, color beautiful rose on a copper ground; very vigorous grower. 50 cts.

CATHERINE MERMET. Bright flesh-color, large, full and of beautiful form; one of the finest. 50 cts.

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH. Brilliant crimson, the darkest in color of all tea roses; flowers full and fine form; a valuable rose for forcing. 50 cts.

LETTY COLES. A fixed sport of the fine Tea Rose Madame Willermoz, in form resembling that fine rose, in color a beautiful pink. 50 cts.

MABEL MORRISON (Hybrid). Very large flower, double, good habit, clear white. A sport of Mad. Baroness de Rothschild. \$1.

MDLLE. RACHEL. Very large double, lemon white buds. 50 cts.

NIPHETOS. Pale lemon, changing to pure white; very large and full, moderate grower. The thick waxy petals of this variety render it highly useful for first-class wedding and other bouquets. "The ivory petalled Niphetos, when well grown, is one of the finest of all white Teas." 30 cts.

PERLE DES JARDINS. Fine straw yellow, sometimes deep canary yellow, very large, full, fine form, a good bloomer. "Steps at once into fame as the finest dwarf-growing dark yellow rose we have." In Europe this variety is considered a formidable rival of Marechal Niel. Florists will find it more profitable than that variety. 50 cts.

VICOMTESSE DE CAZES. Yellow, centre shaded with copper, large and full, extra. 50

VARIETIES READY MAY 1, 1880.

ALICE FONTAINE (Bourbon). Beautiful imbricated flower, light salmon rose, very free. \$1. INNOCENTE PIROLA. Pure white, sometimes slightly tinged with rose, large, full; said to be as fine a flower as Niphetos, with a much better constitution. \$1.00. KAISERIN AUGUSTA. Large flower, full; light yellow shaded with dark yellow, very

MARIE ARNAUD. Canary yellow passing to white, long handsome buds, fragrant. 75 cts. MAD. WELCHE. Outside petals pale yellow, the centre deep orange, often shaded with reddish copper color. The flowers are very large and well formed, very double, always opening well, carries its blossoms erect on strong stems. An artificially crossed Rose between "Devoniensis" and "Souvenir d'un Amie." \$1.

QUEEN OF BEDDERS (Bourbon). A good grower, branching freely, but dwarf in habit, seldom reaching more than eighteen inches in height; every branch is terminated by a cluster of buds, of a dark, rich crimson color. A rose bed 25 by 50 feet is described in an English paper as having 22,500 buds and flowers upon it at one time planted with this variety. 75 cts.

REINE MARIE HENRIETTE. Glorie de Dijon with red flowers. A vigorous climbing shrub with stout green wood, firm and a little showy, flowers large, full and well formed;

fine cerise red. \$1.

SALVIA FARINACEA.

A good summer bedding plant, 3 feet high, bushy growth, producing flower spikes 9 to 18 inches long, of a beautiful light blue color; a continual bloomer. 30 cts.

TORENIA BAILLONI.

Trailing habit, producing bright golden yellow flowers with a deep brownish-red throat. It thrives as well in the open border as the green-house or window-box for summer decoration. 25 ets.

OUR PLANT DEPARTMENT.

It is a pleasure to offer, for the first time, a strain of New Coleus plants that originated on our nursery grounds, surpassing in beauty and habit anything yet introduced. Lovers of choice decorative plants should not overlook these gems, that are useful for summer decoration on the lawn, in window-boxes and vases, or winter conservatory and bay window effect. The supplement contains descriptions of these and other new and rare plants, some offered for the first time. They should receive attention, as many varieties will well repay the cultivator.

The collection is being continually enlarged by additions of the latest foreign and native introductions, some of which we have not yet had an opportunity of testing; they have been received from the most reliable growers, experts in their particular specialties, and are offered under their descriptions.

The general list of older varieties has been carefully revised, rejecting all sorts that have not proven themselves adapted to our climate, retaining only such as have some marked excellence in growth, size of flower, or beauty of coloring.

The many valuable works on horticulture now published, giving the detailed culture of each sort, will, we believe, better satisfy our patrons' inquiries than the limited space of this catalogue would permit; therefore, with a few exceptions, we omit the culture, and would say one word to cover a good deal of the subject—feed well, and exercise care.

HOW TO REMIT MONEY, AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONS IN ORDERING, PLEASE SEE PAGE 2.

PLANTS BY EXPRESS.—All plants and other goods are sent by express, unless specially ordered otherwise. This is by far the most satisfactory way of forwarding, as stronger and better plants can be sent and they will be received in better order. We always add enough "Extras" of valuable plants to cover express charges.

PLANTS AND BULBS BY MAIL.—To those remote from the express office, or who reside in distant places and find express charges excessive, WE MAIL THE PLANTS AND BULBS POSTAGE PREPAID when selected at the single price. If ordered by the dozen or hundred, the single price must be remitted to cover postage. Rhododendrons, Tree Pæonias and shrubs are too large to send by mail. By the improved modes of packing, small plants that have been grown in cool houses and small pots are mailed to the most distant points with perfect safety at all seasons of the year.

NO CHARGE FOR BOXES, BASKETS OR PACKING.

PLANTS SHIPPED AT ALL SEASONS OF THE YEAR by our improved system of packing, which enables us to ship during the coldest weather, and seldom a package is injured.

SELECTION OF VARIETIES—If left to us, will be to the interest of the purchaser, as it is difficult to judge of the merits of varieties by description.

PLANTS, SEEDS AND OTHER GOODS SHIPPED IN ONE PACKAGE by express, saving express charges; the orders should be made out on SEPARATE ORDER SHEETS.

OUR CHROMO.—We offer as an inducement to large purchasers of plants, who are requested to compare prices and quality, that when large plants are ordered to be shipped by express, the following discounts will be allowed on plants selected at the catalogue rates:

Durchasars	remitting	\$5 m	av select	Plants a	t Catalogue	price a	mounting	to \$5.50
furchasers	"	10	"	66	***	44	66	11.00
ee	"	15		66	44.	88	86	16.50
"	"	20	"	66	- 66	44	66	23.50
66	66	25		66	44	44	46	29.00
et	**	30	cc	66	er	64	46	35.00
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A special discount will be given on larger lots.

\$1.00 COLLECTIONS BY MAIL.

We will mail to any address, free of postage, any of the collections as given below, at \$1 each; six for \$5; thirteen for \$10. The sorts are propagated expressly for these collections, the most distinct and desirable varieties, and frequently novelties.

OUR SELECTION OF VARIETIES ONLY, AND NO PARTS OF COLLECTIONS MADE.

6	Abutilons,	distinct sorts.	6 Green-house Plants.	distinct sorts.
4	Azaleas,	"	6 Hardy Plants,	66 66
10	Basket Plants,	66 66	8 Heliotropes,	66 66
10	Bedding Plants,	46 66	6 Hibiscus,	66 66
5	Begonia,	"	8 Lantanas,	66 66
6	Caladiums, Fancy,	££.	4 Lilies,	66 66
3	Camellia, Double,	"	8 Pansies,	66 66
6	Cannas,	"	6 Pelargonium, Fancy,	"
8	Carnations, Monthly,	u	6 Pentstemons,	66 66
8	Chrysanthemums,	"	8 Petunia, Double,	ee ee
8	Coleus,	£¢ &¢	10 "Single,	66 66
5	Dahlias, Double,	66 66	8 Phlox, Hardy,	"
8	Ferns,	£(£(8 Pinks, "	
8	Fuchsias,	ee ee	8 Roses,	66 66
8	Geraniums, Zonale,	66 66	8 Salvias,	. 44 44
8	" Double,	66 66	8 Tuberose, New Pearl,	
8	" Scented,	66 66	12 Verbenas,	
12	Gladiolus,	66 66	6 Violets,	66 66

OUR \$5 AND \$10 COLLECTIONS OF PLANTS BY EXPRESS.

(The varieties of our own selection)

Are expressly grown for spring planting, which we will be ready to send out (by Express only) after the 1st of March. These collections are of our own selection, and purchasers may rely on receiving good plants.

DREER'S \$10 COLLECTION OF PLANTS.

This assortment of one hundred plants will be found desirable, embracing such plants as will insure a continuous bloom throughout the season. We offer the whole collection, including packing, which is done in the most careful and compact manner, for \$10, being a large discount on catalogue prices.

DREER'S \$5 COLLECTION OF PLANTS.

This assortment embraces fifty plants of desirable sorts for summer blooming—will be delivered to the express company for \$5.

DIRECTIONS FOR THE CARE OF PLANTS ON ARRIVAL.

Should the weather be favorable for immediate planting (danger of frost being over), and the plants are not injured by long confinement in the box, they may at once be planted out in the flower borders, sprinkling them with water, and shading for a few days from the direct rays of the sun. Should they, however, have suffered, it is desirable to nurse them for a short time in the house, a close frame, or green-house, keeping them away from the *air* and potting the tender kinds in small pots, in a light, sandy soil; where pots cannot be obtained, they may be planted in boxes, and exposed gradually to the air and sun.

GENERAL COLLECTION

NEW AND RARE PLANTS.

ARIITH ON-Chinese Bell-Flower.

Plants of strong growth, and easy cultivation; flowering very freely, and desirable on account of their continuous bloom for the borders, as well as for the green-house or room in the winter. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz., except where noted.

AUREUM MACULATUM. Green and vellow mottled foliage, flower vellow veined with crimson:

splendid bedder.
Boule de Neige. The finest white flowering variety.

DARWINI. An incessant bloomer, producing from 3 to 5 flowers from the axil of each leaf; flowers large, buff yellow, veined with crimson, which resemble a parasol in shape,

REWINI TESSELLATUM. The variegation of this plant shows three distinct shades of coloring; the deep green of the leaves being marbled or tessellated with golden yellow, and a tint intermediate between the two. The flowers are the same as the "Darwini" in color DARWINI TESSELLATUM. and shape.

JOSEPH HILL. Beautiful deep orange, with purple veining; flowers broad and open, beauti-

JOSEPH HILL. Beautiful deep orange, with purple veining; nowers broad and open, beautifully marked in the centre; a vigorous grower.

SNOW-STORM. Pure white, of dwarf habit, an improvement on "Boule de Neige."

PATTERSONI. Beautiful green foliage, large crimson flower.

ROSEUM. Large salmon pink flowers; free bloomer.

VEXILLARIUM AUREUM PICTUM. Flowers scarlet; petals golden yellow; free bloomer, dwarf drooping spreading habit; foliage golden and marbled; useful in vases and as a bedding plant.
WILLIAM FOWLER. Bright vellow flowers.

ACHYRANTHUS.

Indispensable for bedding purposes, either in masses or in the ribbon style, their brilliant tinted leaves forming a marked contrast with all other plants. 15 cts.: \$1.50 per doz.

ACUMINATA. Large purple heart-shaped leaves.

AUREA RETICULATA. Yellow, green and crimson.

LINDENI. Dark purple elliptic foliage.

LINDENI VARIEGATA. Foliage green, veined with yellow.

ACACIA PUBESCENS. \$1 to \$2.50. ACALYPHA TRICOLOR, 50 ets.

ACHIMENES. Six choice named varieties. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz. MIXED. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS-African Lilv.

A noble plant, belonging to the bulbous-rooted section, with evergreen foliage. A plant will frequently send up a flower-stalk 3 feet high, crowned with a head of 20 or 30 blue flowers, which will come into blossom in succession. It blooms during the summer, and forms a fine ornament to an architectural terrace, or a lawn. The roots are preserved in a cellar or under the stage in the green-house during the winter. 50 cts. to \$1, according to size.

ALBA. White flowers. \$1.

| VARIEGATA. Variegated foliage, blue flowers. \$1.

AGAVE-Century Plant.

No plants are more decorative or effective than these, for the conservatory in winter, or lawn and garden in summer, presenting a highly picturesque as well as tropical aspect. They can be wintered in a dry cellar, or under the bench of a green-house when necessary.

AMERICANA. Dark green leaves. 50 cts. to \$8.

AMERICANA HETEROCANTHA. A rare dark-leaved variety of medium growth. \$1.50.

AMERICANA VARIEGATA. Dark green, variegated with creamy yellow; of various sizes. 50 ets. to \$10.

VERSCHAFFELTI. One of the finest and rarest varieties, with short, almost heart-shaped leaves and black spines. Specimen plants, \$5.

AGERATUM.

Old favorites, blooming profusely during the summer and winter. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

BLANCHE, Pure white, very desirable.

JOHN DOUGLAS. Large azure blue flowers, dwarf, compact habit; fine.

LADY JANE. Blue flowers, an effective bedding plant; dwarf habit, very free.

AKEBIA QUINATA.

A perfectly hardy and beautiful evergreen climbing plant, growing 20 feet high, with trifoliate leaves and dark brown flowers; highly fragrant. One of the best hardy climbers. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

ALOCASIA.

IBSONI. Large leaves, marbled green and black; very ornamental. 50 cts. GIBSONI. Jenningsi. Glaucous green, blotched black. 25 cts.

Macrorrhiza Variegata. \$1.

METALLICA. \$1. ODORATA, or GIGANTEA. Gigantic upright green leaves, growing 8 to 10 feet high; flowers like a Calla, green and very fragrant.

\$1.

ALOYSIA CITRIODORA-Lemon Verbena.

Always admired and prized for the delicate odor of its graceful and neat foliage, invaluable for bouquets. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

DOUBLE WHITE SWEET ALYSSUM.

Dwarf, compact growth, covered throughout the entire summer and autumn with masses of snow-white blossoms; very valuable for cut flowers, as it does not drop its blossoms as in the single sort. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

SINGLE SWEET ALYSSUM. \$1 per doz. | VARIEGATED SWEET ALYSSUM. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

ALTERNANTHERAS.

Beautiful dwarf plants of compact habit, growing about 6 inches high, and admirably adapted for edgings to flower-beds or ribbon lines, their beautifully variegated foliage of crimson, purple, yellow, pink, and green forming rich masses of color, always attractive and highly ornamental. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.; \$8 per 100.

AMABILIS TRICOLOR. Orange, crimson and dark green.

AMENA SPECTABILIS. Crimson, pink and brown; the finest and brightest.

VERSICOLOR. Foliage ovate, olive, crimson and chocolate; when used for edgings they are to be frequently sheared like box edging, when the young tips will assume the most brilliant hues.

AMORPHOPHALLUS RIVIERI.

A new Ariod, of easy out-door culture, producing a solitary palm-like leaf on a rose and olive-green speckled stem, 2 to 3 feet high. The tubers, maturing the second year, produce flowers like the "Calla Lily;" the outside of a similar color to the leaf stalk, the inside deep blood-red, veined with black. Tubers are planted out in May, and kept over winter like Dahlia roots. Large tubers, 75 cts.; small tubers, 25 to 50 cts.

AMARYLLIS.

Splendid flowering bulbs, suitable for the green-house or room-culture. They should be grown in pots, well drained, in a soil of equal parts of peat, leaf-mould and loam. They produce showy lily-shaped flowers, from two to ten on a stalk.

AULICA. Dark crimson, large and fine. \$2.50.

FORMOSISSIMA (Jacobæa Lily). Crimson-velvet color, flowering early in the summer. The flowers have a most graceful and charming appearance. To be planted out in May in rich ground; the roots are preserved like Dahlias during the winter. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

HYBRIDS from the celebrated collection of Mr. Louis Van Houtte. \$1.50; \$15 per doz. Hybrids of Vittata, from the celebrated collection of

M. Fouchet, Paris. White ground, lined and striped with red and rose. \$1.50.

HYBRIDS OF VITTATA. " " Red ground, striped with white. \$1.25.

JOHNSONI. Scarlet, striped with white, very large bloom. \$2.

PRINCE OF ORANGE. Bright orange, large. \$2.

VITTATA. White, striped with dark rose; extra. \$1.50.

AMARANTHUS SALICIFOLIUS—Fountain Plant.

This plant grows in a pyramidal form, from 3 to 5 feet high, branching close to the ground. The leaves in the earlier stages of growth are beautifully undulated, of a bronzy green shade; as the plants mature the branches assume a bright orange red color; highly ornamental; plants ready May 15th. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHI-Miniature Virginia Creeper.

An introduction from Japan which has proven entirely hardy. It grows as rapidly as the old Virginia creeper, and attains a height of 50 feet. It clings firmly to any wall, tree, etc. The leaves are small on young plants, which at first are of an olive green brown color, changing to bright searlet in the autumn. As the plant acquires age the leaves increase in size. This variety becomes more popular every season, and is without a rival. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA—Virginia Creeper. A very rapid grower, with large dark green foliage, which changes in the fall to scarlet. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

AQUILEGIA CŒRULEA-Rocky Mountain Columbine.

A hardy perennial plant; the most beautiful of all the Columbines, styled the "Queen of Columbines." The flowers measure from 3 to 3½ inches in diameter; the outer five petals, as well as the long spurs, are of a beautiful violet blue; the inner petals are pure white, forming a pleasing contrast. Strong plants. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

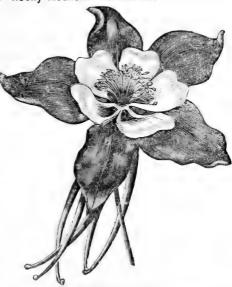
AQUILEGIA CHRYSANTHA — New Golden-Spurred Columbine.

A splendid hardy perennial from the Rocky Mountains; flowers rich golden yellow. Strong plants, 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

These two Aquilegias should be in every collection; being perfectly hardy their preservation is established and beauty unsurpassed as early summer flowers. They succeed best in a deep, cool soil, well drained. Planted in borders where undisturbed, they remain a long time.

ARDISIA CRENULATA.

A very ornamental green-house plant, with dark evergreen foliage, producing clusters of brilliant red berries; a splendid house plant in winter. 50 to 75 cts. each, according to size.



ROCKY MOUNTAIN COLUMBINE.

ARDISIA CRENULATA FRUCTO ALBO. Similar to the above in growth, producing white berries. ARDISIA CRENULATA FRUCTO ROSEA, with rose-colored berries.

ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO-Dutchman's Pipe.

Very large leaves and brownish flowers, of a very singular shape, resembling a pipe. It is a vigorous and rapid growing climber, attaining a height of 20 feet, perfectly hardy. 50 ets.; \$5 per doz.

ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA.

Variegated bamboo; a hardy, broad-leaved, variegated reed; foliage creamy-white and green, retaining its bright fresh color until frost; growing 4 feet high, of graceful form and fine habit. 30 cts.

ASTILBE JAPONICA—Spiræa Japonica.

ASTILBE JAPONICA.

A splendid plant either for outside flowering or forcing; it produces beautiful sprays of silver white flowers during February and March when forced, or outside in June; its dark green leaves, resembling some of the well-known Ferns, when covered with bloom, make it an attractive object. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

AZALEA INDICA-Chinese Azalea.

Our collection of these beautiful green-house plants embraces a large list of the latest and best introductions. No plant is better adapted for parlor or conservatory cultivation; the double white varieties are much esteemed for forcing in winter.

Small blooming plants, 25 ets.; \$2.50 per doz. Medium plants, 50 to 75 ets.; \$5 per doz. Trained standards of symmetrical growth, strong, from \$1 to \$1.50 each; \$9 to \$15 per doz.

HARDY GHENT AZALEA.

This is a magnificent class of hardy flowering plants, the truss of blossom being large and possessing a great variety of color. The preparation of soil is the same as applied to Rhododendrons. We offer a collection of the finest varieties. \$1.25; \$12 per doz.

ALLAMANDA HENDERSONI, 50 cts. SCHOTTII. 50 ets. VIOLACEA. 75 ets.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM. \$2. ASPIDISTRA LURIDA. 30 cts. ASPIDISTRA LURIDA VARIEGATA. 50 cts. AUCUBA JAPONICA. 50 cts.

BAMBUSA.

The following are elegant reeds, of dwarf and medium growth, giving a graceful appearance to sub-tropical groups, and very useful in decorating aquariums or fountains.

AUREA VARIEGATA. Beautifully striped with light green and yellow; 15 to 18 inches high. 30 cts. FORTUNEI VARIEGATA. White and green striped; dwarf. 25 cts. METAKE. Elegant, broad green foliage; medium height. 30 cts.

SIMONSI ARGENTEA. Silver striped; 4 to 5 feet. 25 cts.

BASELLA RUBRA VARIEGATA.

A beautiful species of *Mexican Vine*, of shrubby habit, fine for bedding, or planting in vases, in a sunny position; height 18 inches, foliage large, fleshy, white and green; bright red stems. Flowers pink. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

BEGONIA-Tuberous-rooted.



Of recent introduction, and destined to become very popular blooming plants on account of the great variety of color, form of flower, and abundance of bloom. The bulbs produce fine plants, either for pots in summer, or for bedding out, flowering profusely until frost; doing well in halfshade. Preserve roots in winter the same as Caladium tubers.

BOLIVIENSIS. Large orange flowers. 40 cts.

FREBELI. Vivid crimson-scarlet flowers. 50 cts.

MIXED. Of good quality. 35 cts. SEDENI. Clusters of bright carmine flowers. 40 cts.

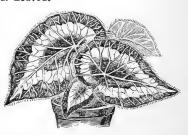
SEDENI SEMI-PLENA. Bright carmine, scarlet semi-double flowers. 75 cts. VEITCHI. Flowers of the richest scarlet. 75 cts.

BEGONIA—Ornamental-Leaved.

All with beautiful variegated foliage, and very desirable for house and garden decorations, in shady positions, especially for baskets, vases, etc. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

DECAISNEANA. DUCHESS OF BRABANT. GRIFFITHI. Louise Schneider. MAD. PERRIER. MARGO. NIGRESCENS PELTATA.

Parnelli. PRUINOSA. QUEEN OF HANOVER. REX. ROI LEOPOLD. SIR COLIN CAMPBELL. THE O'DONOGHUE.



BEGONIA-Flowering Section.

This species and the following varieties are useful and effective for vases and baskets, or for bedding out in half-shady positions. Flowering profusely during summer and winter. constant flowering qualities are a great recommendation. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

FOLIOSA. White flowers; fine, neat-cut foliage.

GLAUCOPHILLA SCANDENS. A drooping variety with pink flowers.
MINIATA. Orange red flowers, very showy. When grown in a hanging-basket it makes a beautiful plant.

BEGONIA-Flowering Section-Continued.

MULTIFLORA. Light rose; a fine winter-bloomer. RICHARDSONI. Large pure white flowers in panicles.

RUBRA. Dark green leaves, flowers scarlet rose, glossy and wax-like. 35 cts. SAUNDERSONI. Scarlet flowers; dwarf-habit, blooming continually. Weltoniensis. Fine salmon-pink, unusually floriferous.

WELTONIENSIS ALBA. Pure white.

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA-Trumpet Creeper.

A hardy climbing plant, with large orange-scarlet flowers; fine for pillars or trellises, being of a more dwarf compact growth than the Radicans. 50 cts.

BIGNONIA RADICANS-Trumpet Creeper.

A hardy climbing plant, with large trumpet-shaped flowers of a reddish-orange color, and very showy when in bloom, 25 cts.

BIGNONIA VENUSTA.

One of the most beautiful climbers for the green-house flowering during the winter months. The flowers appear in huge clusters of the deepest orange color, which completely cover the plant. 50 to 75 ets.

BLETIA TANKERVILLÆ.

An easy-growing orchid, producing large showy flowers of great beauty. They are borne in spikes on stems about 18 inches high; the color of flower is white marked with brown. 75 cts. to \$1.50.

BOUVARDIA.

Shrubby plants with corvmbs of white, rose, crimson and scarlet flowers, blooming during the autumn and winter. Their dazzling richness of color, and formation of flower, make them one of the most useful of our winter-blooming plants for bouquets.

Strong thrifty plants of last season's growth, which can be bedded out for summer blooming, and lifted in the fall for winter flowering. cts.; \$3 per doz. Smaller size, \$2 per doz.; \$10 per hundred.

DAVIDSONI. The best of the white-flowered varieties; sometimes delicately tinged with pink.

ELEGANS. Light scarlet carmine; flower and truss immense size, many of the trusses measuring three to four inches in diameter.

LEIANTHA. Fine scarlet. Compact, deep green foliage.



CALADIUM ESCULENTUM-Colocasia.



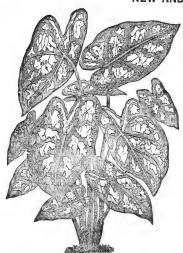
CALADIUM ESCULENTUM-COLOCASIA.

One of the most beautiful and striking of the Ornamental Foliage Plants in cultivation, either for culture in the flower-border or for planting out upon the lawn; it will grow in any good garden soil, and is of the easiest culture: when of full size it stands about 5 feet high, with immense leaves, often measuring 4 feet in length by 21 in breadth: very smooth, of a light green color, beautifully veined and variegated with dark green. 25 cts, each: \$2.50 per doz. Extra large bulbs, 50 cts.; \$5 per doz.

CALADIUM BATAVIENSIS—Colocasia.

Similar to the C. Esculentum in growth and leaf, with darker green leaves and red leaf-stems. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz. Extra large bulbs, 50 cts.; \$5 per doz.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.



This class of beautiful variegated foliage plants, margined and delicately traced with various rich colors, and elegantly spotted and mottled with rich shades of green, crimson, violet, rose and white, are exceedingly handsome when alone, or intermingled with other plants. As a decorative plant they are unequalled being largely used as exhibition plants for summer and autumn fairs when grown in pots, and for planting out in partly shaded places they have succeeded admirably, for which purpose plant out June 1st, in shady positions, in well-enriched and deeply dug ground; a mix-ture of finely decomposed manure or leaf mould and sand should be employed. They require a moist, warm temperature; great care must be taken in their earliest stages of growth to prevent decay of the tubers or damping off. The tubers, after drying off in the pots in the autumn, can be best preserved during the winter in charcoal dust, in a warm room.

We offer a choice selection of sorts. Strong, wellmatured dry tubers. 30 cts.; \$3 per dozen; except

where noted.

ALPHAND. Green spotted with red, crimson centre.

Argyrites. Small leaf, white and green spotted. AUBER. Green, spotted with white and pink.

AUGUSTE RIVIERE. Green; centre gray with crimson spots. 50 cts. BARON ROTHSCHILD. Green, spotted and veined with orange-crimson.

Belleymei. Green, profusely mottled with white.

BELLINI. Dark green, large crimson centre. BEETHOVEN. White, veined with green, mid-rib rose.

BICOLOR SPLENDENS. Deep crimson: broad green margin. BOIELDIEU. Bright orange crimson, broad green margin.

Brongniarti. Very large green and crimson leaf.

CHANTINI. Spotted with rose and crimson.

CHANTINI SPLENDENS. Spotted with rose and crimson; brilliant centre.

DE CANDOLE. Green, creamy white centre and crimson spots.

DISCOLOR. Green, bronzy-red centre.
DR. BOISDUVAL. Crimson-rayed centre, white blotch. 50 cts.

DUC DE MORNY. Green, with crimson-rayed centre.
DUC DE NASSAU. Green, spotted and flamed orange crimson.
DUC DE RATIBON. Green, crimson veined, white spots.

DUCHARTRE. Green, white veined, shaded rose.

E. G. HENDERSON. Green, spotted with rose and rayed crimson. ENCKEI. Green, spotted with pink.

ENDLICHERIANUM. Foliage large, green, with large rose centre. HERCULES. Gray centre, bright red spots and veins.

ISADORA LEROY. Rich metallic green, with crimson red centre rays. 75 cts.

LAMARTINE. Dark olive green, with crimson spots.

MAXIME DUVAL. Green, veined and spotted crimson.

MAX KOLB. Grayish centre, with crimson blotches. 50 cts.

MEYERBEER. White, veins green, mid-ribs red; fine.

MILTON. Red veins on gray centre, crimson blotches.
NAPOLEON III. Flamed crimson centre on green ground.

NEWMANI. Green, spotted rose.

PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD. Green, crimson, mid-rib and veins dotted with ivory white;

black leafstem; extra. 50 cts.
Reine Victoria. Dark green, spotted white and crimson.

ROSSINI. Pale centre, pink ribs and red blotches.

RUBRA MACULATA. Dark green foliage, orange red spots.

Rubra Venosa.

TRIOMPHE DE EXPOSITION. Crimson centre, with red ribs. 50 cts.

WIGHTI. Light green, with crimson and white spots.

CALLA ETHIOPICA—Lily of the Nile.

An old and favorite plant, which should be found in every collection; it grows freely during the growing season, requiring an abundance of water, and producing large pure white blossoms during the winter and spring; the resting period during June and July can be given by turning the pots on their sides, without watering, in a shady place. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

CALLA ETHIOPICA NANA.

A dwarf variety, with smaller white flowers and leaves than the above; useful for bouquets. 50 cts.

CAMELLIA JAPONICA.

The following list comprises the most popular varieties of this favorite winter-blooming plant. The prices vary, according to size; for blooming plants from 75 ets. to \$10 each.

ATRA PIESA FIMBRIATA.

Fringed edges. ALEXINA. Blush striped rose. CALEB COPE. Blush rose. CANDIDISSIMA. Creamy white. CHALMERI. Clear rose.

DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS, White, striped with crimson. DUNLAP'S WHITE.

FEASTI. Delicate salmon and

GILESI. Red and white, fine. HENRI FAVRE. Salmon rose. white.

JEFFERSONI, Deep crimson. White, with JENNY LIND. occasional flakes of rose,

JOAN D'ARC. Rose, spotted white

LADY HUME'S BLUSH, Peach

LANDRETHI. Beautiful pink. LEILI. White, with light rose

streak. MAGDALENA LESHI, Crimson. spotted with white.

ALBA PLENA. Double white. | IMBRICATA. Crimson, spotted | MRS.COPE. White: pink stripe. PRINCE ALBERT. Blush, striped.

QUEEN OF DENMARK. Crimson, shaded with rose.

R. J. DOWNING. Flesh color. REINE D'FLEURS, Crimson. SARAH FROST. Rosy crimson. SACCO MAGNIFICA. Pale rose. SHERWOODI. Light crimson. TRICOLOR. Blush, crimson and rose.

WILDERI. Clear rose. fine. WILLIAM PENN. Dark red. WILLIAM IV. Fine rose.

CANNA-Indian Shot Plant.

A group of plants of grand effect, which their rich and varied-colored leaves produce, combined with large and beautiful flowers of brilliant colors; making a very desirable plant for sub-tropical garden-The roots are successfully wintered in a cellar. ing.

The following list has been selected as the best from a very large collection of new and old varieties. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

ADELE LEVALOIS. Short broad foliage, rich crimson flowers.

ANNEI DISCOLOR. Bright bronzy maroon foliage. BONNETI EXCELSA. Olive-green and purple foliage; very large orange-red flowers.

BRENNINGSI. Broad green foliage, ornamented with broad bands of yellow; constant variegation,

COMPACTA. Green foliage, flowers yellow, spotted with scarlet.

COQUETTE. Green and bronze foliage, the largest

orange flowers.

DR. GROMIER, Dark green foliage; large deep

crimson flowers; height 5 feet.
MARECHAL VAILLANT. Rich maroon foliage.

MONS. ALLEGATIER. Large green and bronzy purple foliage; very large orange-red flowers. ORNEMENT DU GRAND ROND. Bronzy green foli-

age, large scarlet flowers; 5 to 6 feet,

PREMICES DE NICE. Tall green leaves; golden yellow flowers.

Franke. Foliage splendid bronzy maroon, flowers large brilliant crimson. SOUV. DE BARRILLET-DESHAMPS. Green shaded with maroon; large crimson flowers. TRICOLOR. Flowers blood red; foliage tricolored green, red and creamy yellow; dwarf. VICTOR LEMOIN. Dark bronzy green leaves; very large orange flowers; height 5 feet. Zebrina. Beautiful large, bronzy-shaded foliage.

REMONTANT, OR MONTHLY CARNATION.

Very desirable for their free blooming qualities during the winter and early spring months. Young plants set out in the garden will bloom profusely during the summer months, and if lifted and potted in the fall, will continue blooming the entire winter. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz. Large plants in the fall, 40 cts.; \$4 per doz.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT. Creamy white, edged purple.

Asa Gray. Blush, striped vermilion. Astoria. Yellow, flaked with scarlet. BETSY. Large brilliant scarlet; extra fine. BUTTERFLY. Orange buff, flaked with purple.

COVENT GARDEN SCARLET. Large light scarlet; vigorous habit. 30 ets. DONATI'S PRIDE. White edged with pink; extra.

Excellent for variety. EDWARDSI. Large pure white; extra. GEO. WASHINGTON. White, striped cherry. HENRY WARD BEECHER. White, flaked maroon and crimson.



REMONTANT, OR MONTHLY CARNATION—Continued.

LA BELLE. Fine white; very floriferous. LA PURETE. Carmine; very free-flowering. MAC MAHON. Red, flaked with maroon. MRS. PORTER. Richer in color than La Richer in color than La Purete, same in other particulars.

OTHELLO. Crimson shaded with purple.
PEERLESS. Large white.
PRESIDENT DE GRAW. Pure white; very floriferous.

RADETZKY. Rose, with broad violet-purple stripes. VARIEGATED LA PURETE. Rose, striped with white.

PETER HENDERSON. Very large pure white;

will not burst its calyx, remains fresh and white on the plant for some time. Is of

strong dwarf habit, and flowers in profusion.

VESUVIUS. Bright scarlet.

CENTAUREA CANDIDISSIMA.

A valuable plant for ribbon-bedding in contrast with coleus. Leaves downy white, forming a neat compact bush. 20 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

CENTAUREA GYMNOCARPA.

A plant of the general aspect of the Candidissima, but with more graceful and divided leaves, slightly drooping; silver gray hue. 20 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

CEREUS-Night-blooming Cactus.

These are curious plants, producing beautiful flowers of exquisite fragrance; blooming only at night.

DR. REGEL'S. The flower resembles the Grandiflora, but much larger. \$1. GRANDIFLORA. The well-known Night-blooming Cereus; a flower of exquisite beauty and delicious fragrance. 75 cts.

CESTRUM-Night-blooming Jasmine.

PARQUI. A favorite plant, on account of the delightful odor of its unattractive greenish-white flowers; of easy cultivation; succeeds well when planted out, blooming during the summer. 20 cts.

AURANTIACUM. A pure orange winter flowering variety. 20 cts.

CHRYSANTHEMUM—Large Flowering.

This favorite autumn flower, since the addition of so many choice varieties, has become still more popular. The Dwarf or Pompone sorts are sufficient themselves to form a choice bouquet, such is the variety of color and form embraced by them. The Pompones are particularly suited to pot-culture, while both large and dwarf are perfectly hardy, and form beautiful objects in the open garden. The following list comprises the finest new and older varieties:

Spring plants 20 cts.; \$2 per doz. All those marked * are good for Exhibition purposes, and

large plants are offered in the autumn at 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

*Admiranda. White shaded flesh color, centre carmine.

*Alphonso. Crimson; the finest shade and

form. ALFRED SALTER. Large delicate pink. AUREA MULTIFLORA. Fine deep yellow. BEETHOVEN. Purple, tipped with yellow. BOULE DE NEIGE. Pure white. CAPTIVATION. Light purple.

EUDOXIE BETEIL. Snow white.

*GAZELLE. Rosy purple; tipped with yellow. *GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND. Golden canary.

*H. S. RUNDLE. Pure white convex flower; imbricated, very fine.

*IAGO. Deep purple. Creamy white, fringed. Laciniatus.

LADY TALFOURD. Delicate rose and lilac. Mt. Etna. Bright crimson.

*PINK PERFECTION. Very large bright pink. QUEEN OF ENGLAND. Striped blushed; incurved.

RANUNCULUS. Crimson, incurved.

REINE DES BLANCHES. Fine white. *Souv. DE F. MARROUCH. Blood red, orange centre; petals golden yellow.

CHRYSANTHEMUM-Pompone or Liliputian.

Spring plants 20 cts.; \$2 per doz. All those marked * are good for Exhibition purposes, and large plants are offered in the autumn at 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

ALBA MULTIFLORA. Fine pure white in large clusters.

AMIE FEILLE. Bronzy crimso. ATTILA. White, shaded rose.

*Bob. Fine crimson.

**Brilliant. Crimson scarlet.

*GOLDEN AURORA. Brilliant golden yellow. HENRIETTA HIMES. Pale sulphur. JACQUES FLEURIES. Milk white.

JONAS. Yellow, crimson centre. *LA FIANCEE. Pure white, finely fringed; finest for cut flowers.

*LAURA. Dark lilac.

*LAURA. Dark Hade.
LES GOBELIN. Lilac, white centre.
M. SCHMIDT. Yellow, edged with crimson.
MAD. DE PALEVILLE. Clear rose.
*MAD. DE SOULANGIS. Fine rose.
MAD. FERRAND. White, shaded with lilac.
*MONS. MIRET. Yellow, crimson tip.
RAGOZZA. Rose, yellow edge.
*ROL DE LILIBUT. Margon.

*ROI DE LILIPUT. Maroon.

SOUVENIR. Yellow, edged crimson. TREVENNA. Pure white.

CINERARIA MARITIMA

A white foliage plant, similar to the Centaurea, with leaves deeply cut and a more vigorous growth, trailing habit and hardy. It is commonly known as "Dusty Miller," and is used extensively in ribbon lines, massing, etc., for contrasting with dark-leaved foliage plants. 20 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

CISSUS DISCOLOR.

Unsurpassed in the rich marbling of its green and velvety purple leaves. It requires a high temperature during winter, but in summer and autumn it grows vigorously and forms a superb The leaves are much used for trimming the margin of bouquets and baskets. 30 cts. plant. Th

CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM. An elegant | CITRUS MANDARIN. The favorite miniaclimber. 50 cts. ture orange. 50 cts. to \$2. CHOROZEMA VARIUM. Orange and crimson flowers. 30 ets.

orange. \$1 to \$2.

HARDY CLEMATIS.

The improvement in this family within a few years surpasses anything recently introduced in the hardy climbing plants. The effect produced by a well-grown plant is grand, being large in flower, rich in coloring, and produced in large quantities. For verandahs, fences, trellises, etc., of moderate height, they are most appropriate. They endure our severe winters exceedingly well, and in summer are covered with a continual mass of bloom.

ALBERT VICTOR. Deep lavender. 75 cts.

AZUREA GRANDIFLORA. Large, azure blue flowers.

CANDIDISSIMA PLENA. Double white. \$1.50.
FLAMULA (Virgin's Bower). Fine foliage, with small white flowers, in clusters; fragrant. 25 to 50 cts. FORTUNI. Large, double white. (See illustration.) 75 cts. JACKMANI. Large, rich violet purple; very fine. 75 cts. JEANNE D'ARC. White, striped with blue, large JEANNE D'ARC.

flower. 50 cts. JOHN GOULD VEITCH. Blue double flowers. \$1.50. LANUGINOSA. Very large, pale blue flowers. 50 cts. LANUGINOSA NIVEA. Large, white. 50 cts.

LADY BOVILLE. Light blue, cupped. 50 cts. LORD LONDESBOROUGH. Rich mauve, striped with

white. \$1. LUCIE LEMOINE. The best double white. \$1. RUBRO-VIOLACEA. Large, rich purplish vio-

MISS BATEMAN. thers. \$1.50.



FORTUNI.

White, with chocolate an-let. 50 cts.
Standishi. Deep blue, profuse flowering. 50 cts.

CLERODENDRON BALFOURI.

A hot-house climber of great beauty. The flowers are of a bright scarlet, encased by a baglike calyx of pure white; the trusses or panicles of flowers are upward of 6 inches in width, and when trained upon the rafters and hanging down, have a rich and elegant appearance. It can also be trained as a pot-plant, and is continually in bloom, although more profusely during the winter months. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

CLERODENDRON SPECIOSUM. Like the preceding, with crimson flowers. 50 cts.



COBEA..

Handsome free-flowering climbing plants, growing rapidly, with large bell-shaped flowers. They are among our best summer climbers, and are excellent for training in the green-house and conservatory.

COBEA SCANDENS. Rapid grower, large purple bell-shaped flowers. 25 cts.; \$2 per doz.
COBEA SCANDENS VARIEGATA. Beautiful green leaves,

variegated with yellow and white, large purple bell-shaped flowers, rapid grower. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.

A dwarf evergreen green-house shrub, with bright glossy ovate green leaves, shaded with yellow; ornamental for bedding out, or as a specimen pot-plant. 50 cts.

COLFUS.

This plant is too well known to require much description, being deservedly popular plants, Whether grown as individual plants or for massing in ribbon-gardening, hardly anything is so desirable. The following list embraces the best old sorts and novelties of 1879, 15 cts.: \$1.50 per doz. Excepting where noted.

Albion. Bright green, spotted with purplish black.

BEAUTY OF WIDMORE. Light green, chocolate centre and pink zone; dwarf.

BRILLIANT. Bronzy crimson, dark veins and shadings, golden edge.

CHAMELEON. Variegated violet, rich scarlet and chocolate, with white edge. Stock selected with reference to richness of color.

Crown Jewels. Claret-crimson, broad margin of golden yellow.

ELDORADO. Rich yellow, with a narrow crimson edge and mid-rib; smooth foliage.

EMPRESS OF INDIA. Bright crimson maroon, narrow yellow edge.

EXCELLENT. Green and nearly black leaves.

EXQUISITE. Violet carmine, broad lobed green margin.

FASCINATION. Brilliant crimson centre, surrounded with yellow laciniated green edge. 25 cts.

GEORGE BUNYARD. Dark green, with broad violet rose centre and mid-rib. 25 cts.
GOLDEN BEAUTY. Crimson, wavy, with golden edge.
KENTISH FIRE. Centre of leaf bright vermilion and crimson; deeply serrated. 25 cts.

LADY BURRELL; OR, THE SHAH. The lower half or base of leaf is rich violet crimson, the upper half golden yellow.

LORD FALMOUTH. Various shades of crimson yellow, orange and green. 25 cts.

M. J. LINDEN. Bronzy crimson, broad bright yellow edge.

MAROON VELVET. Rich velvety maroon.

MUSAICA. Marbled and spotted with yellow and rich crimson.

MULTICOLOR. Rich shades of crimson, red, rose, etc., quite unique.

NOVELTY. Cream colored centre, margined with yellow, green serrated edge. 50 cts.

Color rich brown, on a green or yellow ground. QUEEN VICTORIA. Crimson, the brightest golden edge.
RAINBOW. Bright blood red crimson, yellow margin.
VENOSA. Yellow, veined and marbled with dark crimson.

VICTOR LEMOINE. Yellow, with broad crimson margin.
VERSCHAFFELTI. Rich velvet crimson; the well-known bedder.

CONVALLARIA—Lily of the Valley.

One of the most charming of our spring-flowering plants, whose slender stems set with their tiny bells, diffusing a delicious odor, have rendered it a universal favorite. They are entirely hardy, and delight in a shady, well-enriched border. Roots deliverable until April, and after September 1st.

MAJALIS. Single, white. 10 cts. each; \$1 per doz.
MAJALIS FLORE-PLENO. Double white. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

MAJALIS FOLIIS VARIEGATIS. Single, white; golden-striped foliage. 50 cts.; \$5 per doz.

CROTON.

Ornamental plants with the richest variegated and spotted foliage. They should demand a place in every collection of plants; suitable for baskets, vases, fern, and wardian cases.

AUCUBÆFOLIUM. Green, spotted with yellow, like an Aucuba. 50 cts.

DISRAELI. A new and distinct variety, with trilobate leaves, deep green inoculated with represented at the state of the orange-red. \$1.

INTERRUPTUM. Very long wavy foliage, with red mid-ribs. 25 to 50 cts.

IRREGULARIS. Long green foliage, broad yellow mid-rib. 50 cts.

JOHANNIS. Very long, narrow, drooping foli-

age. \$1.

RUBRUM PICTUM. Green, yellow and orange red. 50 cts. to \$1.

UNDULATUM. Dark green and orange, undu-

lated margin. \$1. VARIEGATUM. Large green and yellow leaves. 25 to 50 cts.

WEISMANNI. Long, narrow leaves of yellow

margined with green. \$1.

CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS.

A fine grass-like plant, forming a mass of reedy stems with broad tufted heads, very desirable for baskets, vases, or as an aquarium plant. 20 ets.

CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS VARIEGATUS. Similar to the above, with variegated leaves. 50 cts.

CRINUM AMABILE. \$2. CUPHEA HYSSOPIFOLIA, 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

CUPHEA PLATYCENTRA. (Cigar plant.)

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz. For other sorts, please see Bulb Catalogue.

CYPRIPEDIUM INSIGNIS. 75 cts. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

DAHLIA

The best time for planting is after the first of May for the tubers, and the plants can be set out as late as the tenth of June. They delight in a rich, sandy loam, highly manured with decomposed cow manure. To insure perfect flowers, mulch during the summer with short manure. Thin out superfluous branches, and keep them well tied up to strong stakes, firmly driven in the ground. The roots can be preserved during the winter in dry sand, free from frost, damp, or fire-heat

NEW AND CHOICE VARIETIES.

The following collection has been selected from the latest introductions, excelling in color, form and habit, and can be highly recommended from trials on our own grounds. Plants ready May 1st, 1880. 50 cts. each; \$5 per doz.

Large Flowering Varieties.

ANDREW DODDS. Extra fine, blackish crimson.

Buff. JOHN KIRBY.

MAGDALA. Fawn, striped and spotted with maroon.

MELLY. White, tipped with purple. fine form.

GEM OF THE LILIPUT. Dark scarlet.

fine form.

MR. DIX. Dark crimson red.

NEBO. Maroon; perfect.

OVID. Brilliant purple, good form.

REV. J. B. M. CAMM. Yellow, flaked red, very large and constant.



THE PRESIDENT. White, lightly tipped with purple.

Liliputian, or Bouquet Varieties.

DEUTSCHER GOLDMETEOR. Golden yellow, broad crimson margin. DR. WEBB. Rich scarlet, medium size.

GOLD PHEASANT. Yellow, tipped with crimson LITTLE WONDER. Scarlet; a charming variety.

GENERAL COLLECTION OF LARGE FLOWERING VARIETIES.

25 cents. \$2.50 per dozen. \$20 per 100.

ADELINE. White, tipped with crimson. AMAZEMENT. Yellow, striped with crimson. AMAZON. Primrose, full centre.

AMORETTE. Light rose, edged with lilac. AUTUMN GLOW. Orange salmon, with buff

BEPPO. Primrose, tipped with scarlet. BICOLOR. Lilac striped, and dotted with maroon

BILA BILA. Aurora, yellow base. BIRD OF PASSAGE. White, tipped with car-CALIFORNIA. Pure yellow.

CANARY BIRD. Canary yellow. Maroon, striped with lilac. DANDY. DEFIANCE. Pale yellow, tipped with white. DONALD BEATON. Purple. Lilac, striped with purple. ELIZABETH. EMILY. White, with lavender edge. ESTELLA. Creamy white, perfect form.

FANNY PURCHASE. Bright yellow. FASCINATION. Deep rosy lilac. FAVORITE. Pure white, dotted with purple.

FLORA. Deep purplish lilac. FRANK SMITH. Maroon, tipped with white.

GLADIATOR. White, broad maroon margin. LADY ATKINS. Fine dark scarlet.

LADY HERBERT. White, edged crimson. LADY JANE ELLIS. Creamy white, tipped with rose.

LADY OF THE LAKE. Blush, edged purple. Orange yellow.

LEAH. Orange : LORD NAPIER. Bright purple.

MANTES DE LA VILLE. Rosy lilac. MARIE BERSAUD. Orange scarlet.

MARQUIS DE BEAUMOND. White, tipped with rose.

Yellow and purple. MIRA.

MRS. BOND. Crimson, shaded with scarlet. MRS. KUTH. Yellow, tipped with white.

MRS. THOMPSON. Yellow, striped with purple. MRS. WM. PIGGOTT. Pure white.

OBLATA. Pure white.

PENELOPE. Blush white, faintly striped with purple.

PRINCESSE MATHILDA. Pure white, dwarf.

ROSINA. Bright rose, full centre.
ROVER. Deep scarlet, shaded with maroon; extra fine.

S. SICKMANN, White, edged with maroon. SUNBEAM. Carmine, striped maroon. UNIQUE. Fine yellow.

UNIQUE. Fine yeno

VIRGO MARIA. Pure white. WACHT AM RHEIN. Maroon,

DAHLIA-Liliputian, or Bouquet Varieties.

The term "Liliputian" applies to the flowers, not the plants. They are distinguished by a profusion of elegant miniature blossoms, remarkable for symmetry of form and beauty of colors. Useful for Bouquets and Baskets of cut-flowers. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

AJAX. Pure white.

Deutscher Turnergruss. Crimson scarlet, edged with white.

DEUTSCHE JUGENDFUELLE. Rose. DEUTSCHE MÆDCHENLIEBE. Lilac.

DEUTSCHER ZELLENMEISTER. Pure scarlet.

Dr. Schwebbs. Deep scarlet. KLEINER PREUSSE. White, edged with maroon. UNA. Pure white.

KLEINE DOMITEA. Buff yellow, marked with red : fine.

KLEINER RUFUS. Maroon.

LITTLE HELENE. Blush, tipped with purple. LITTLE NAJADE. Rose, edged with crimson. LITTLE PRINCE. Currant-red, tipped with

white.

DAPHNE INDICA ALBA.

A green-house plant, producing rosy-white flowers, very fragrant; desirable for brides' bouquets, etc. 50 cts. to \$1.

DELPHINIUM FORMOSUM—Hardy Perennial Larkspur.

Large, bright blue, white centre. This is among the finest hardy herbaceous plants in cultivation, flowering in tall spikes of the most brilliant blue; if not allowed to produce seed, it will flower from July to November. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

DIEFFENBACHIA.

BARAQUINI. Waxy-like stems and ribs. 25 to 50 cts.

BAUSEI. Beautiful mottled foliage. 50 cts.

Brasiliensis. Very striking variegation, deep green leaf beautifully marked and mottled with small blotches of greenish yellow and white. \$1.

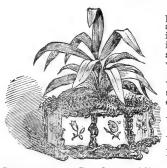
PICTA. Light green leaves, prettily spotted with white. 25 to 50 cts.

WEIRI. Leaves marbled with yellow. 50 cts.

DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS-Dicentra.

A hardy herbaceous plant, adapted to out-door planting or forcing for early spring blooming. It produces racemes of delicate pink and white heart-shaped flowers, in the open ground, in April and May. 25 cts.

DRACÆNA—Dragon Tree.



One of the most desirable of our ornamental foliage plants for decoration, either in or out-doors, as it does not appear to suffer under the dry atmosphere of rooms; and in a partially shady situation stands remarkably well during the summer out of doors. Its bright-colored crimson and scarlet-shaded foliage renders it very useful for the window-garden, planted as a centre-piece in a rustic stand, jardiniere, or window-box, or for summer decoration in vases, ornamental beds, etc. It thrives best in a light rich soil, composed of leaf mould, sand, loam, and thoroughly decomposed manure.

AMABILIS. Foliage green, white and pale violet, strong; splendid. \$1.

AUSTRALIS (Cordyline). Strong, graceful drooping leaves. 50 ets.

Green, creamy white flakes flushed with Baptisti. rose. \$1.

Broad green foliage, strong grower. 50 cts. Braziliensis.

CANNÆFOLIA.

COOPERI.

IA. Broad green foliage. 30 cts.

Broad drooping leaves, dark purplish green and crimson. 50 cts. to \$1. Large, oblong, bronzy brown leaves, Magenta border on the lower half of the leaf. Excelsa. \$1 to \$2. ERREA. Dark bronzy red. 50 cts.

GUILFOYLEI. Long deep green leaves, striped white and pink. \$1.

Indivisa (Cordyline). Narrow drooping leaves; strong. 50 cts.

SHEPHERDI. Dark green, paler green stripes and bronzy orange hue, splendid. \$1.

STRICTA. Large broad leaves, deep crimson shadings on mature plants. 75 cts. to \$1.50. TERMINALIS. Rich crimson foliage marked with pink and white. 30 cts. to \$1.

VEITCHI (Cordyline speciosa). Very fine large specimen plants, extra fine for vases. 30 cts.

DENDROBIUM NOBILE.

A beautiful orchid of easy culture, producing green, yellow and pink flowers. It requires peaty soil, and during growing season plenty of heat and moisture. \$1.

ECHEVERIA METALLICA.

A fine and stately plant, with very large shell-like leaves of a beautiful metallic, lilac hue, with tall flower-stems covered with bell-shaped, yellow, and scarlet flowers, strong. 30 cts.

STAPELIA VARIEGATA. A curious erect-growing plant, resembling a cactus or succulent. The square stems and branches with their prominent four angles are dull green, covered with gravish spots; flowers are full an inch in diameter; star-shaped and of a peculiar reddish purple. 50 cts.

EPIPHYLLUM TRUNCATUM-Lobster-leaved Cactus.

A very useful winter-flowering plant, flowers in different shades of purplish crimson to scarlet. Our stock is grafted on the Pereskia stock, and will succeed where those on their own roots fail; the plants are large and bushy, two and three years old. 75 cts. to \$1.

CRUENTAS. Brilliant crimson. SALMONIUM. Salmon.

SALMONIUM. Salmon. SALMONIUM COCCINEUM. Salmon scarlet. SPECTABILIS. Magenta scarlet. TRUNCATUM. Salmon red. VIOLACEA. Violet.

ERYTHRINA CRISTA-GALLI-Coral Plant.

A magnificent plant, producing its scarlet and crimson pea-shaped flowers on spikes 18 inches long. Plant them in the garden in May, and they will flower profusely three or four times in the course of the summer. They may be taken up in the fall, and kept in perfect preservation during the winter in a dry cellar, the roots covered with half-dry earth. 25 to 50 cts., according to size.

ERIANTHUS RAVENNÆ.

A perfectly hardy Ornamental Grass, from 9 to 12 feet high, throwing up from thirty to fifty flower spikes. It resembles the Pampas Grass, but blooms much more abundantly, and with the advantage of being hardy, making it a desirable plant for the decoration of lawns. 30 cts.; clumps, 75 cts.

EUCHARIS AMAZONICA.

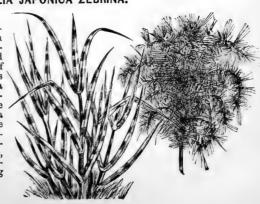
A splendid hothouse plant, blooming nearly the entire season. It sends up stalks bearing several pure white, star-shaped flowers, 4 inches across, delightfully fragrant. It is very highly prized in bouquets, baskets, etc. 50 cts. to \$1; \$5 to \$10 per doz.

EULALIA JAPONICA VARIEGATA.

A very graceful, tall, ornamental, hardy plant from Japan. Long, narrow leaf blades, striped green, white, and often pink or yellow. It throws up stalks from 4 to 6 feet in height, terminated with a cluster of flower spikes; the flowers are surrounded by long silky threads, which, when fully ripe, expand not unlike an ostrich feather when curled. These dry flowers are valuable as parlor ornaments, as they retain their beauty for a long time. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz. Clumps, 75 cts.; \$9 per doz.

EULALIA JAPONICA ZEBRINA.

The most distinct hardy ornamental grass sent out for many years, an introduction from Japan. It produces long blades, which are marked with broad yellow bands across the leaf instead of longitudinally. It grows from 4 to 6 feet in height, forming a striking and graceful plant, its markings being unlike anything that we know of in cultivation. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn, and will not fail to arrest attention. It bears elegant large tassellike plumes, in the autumn, white, shaded with pink, which make handsome parlor decorations; strong plants. 50 cts. to \$1.



EUONYMUS RADICANS VARIEGATUS.

A hardy plant, with small glossy pea-green leaves, deeply margined with creamy-white: well fitted for baskets, vases; growing equally well under trees in the shade, and highly recommended as a climbing plant. 20 ets.; \$2 per doz.

ERANTHEMUM PULCHELLUM. flowers. 30 cts.

EUPATORIUM RIPARIUM. White flowers. 25 cts.

Blue | EUONYMUS LATIFOLIA AUREA VAR. 50 ets. EUPHORBIA JACQUINIFLORA. 50 cts.



FERNS.

Our collection embraces the leading sorts of this beautiful class of plants; their graceful and great diversity of foliage make them much valued for Wardian cases, Ferneries and rock-work where there is moisture and shade; the stronger varieties succeed well when planted out in shade and moisture. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz., except where noted.

Australian tree fern. \$2.

ADIANTUM. (Maiden Hair.) | DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA. AMABILE. ASSIMILE. Concinnum. CONCINNUM LATUM. CUNEATUM. FARLEYENSE. The most magnificent of Maiden Hair ferns. 50 cts. to \$1. FORMOSUM. 50 cts. Gracillimum. 50 cts. PUBESCENS. SEEMANI. 75 ets. St. Catherinæ. 50 cts. TRAPEZIFORME. 50 cts. Alsophila Australis. Australian tree fern. \$1 to

CHEILANTHES HIRTA. CYRTOMIUM FALCATUM. DAVALLIA MOOREANA. \$1. GYMNOGRAMMA. CHRYSO-PHYLLA. (Golden Fern.) DECOMPOSITA. PERUVIANA ARGYRO-PHILLA. Finest silver fern. SULPHUREA. (Sulphur Fern.) LASTRAEA PATENS. LOMARIA FALCATA. 75 cts. CILIATA. 50 cts. GIBBA CRISPA. 75 cts. LYGODIUM SCANDENS. (Ja -

ponicum.) A climbing Japanese fern of great beauty. 25 ets. EXALTATA. NEPHROLEPSIS

Strong grower. 25 to 50

NEPHROLEPSIS DAVALLI-OIDES FURCANS (new). A beautiful and ornamental crested fern of easy culture. 30 cts.

POLYSTICHUM ANGULARE. POLYPODIUM AUREUM.

PTERIS ARGYREA. (See cut above.) A very showy strong-growing fern; with variegated foliage: excellent for interior or outside decoration.

CRETICA ALBO LINEATA. HASTATA. PALMATA.

SERRULATA. SERRULATA CRISTATA. TREMULA.

SITILOBIUM CIRCUTARIUM. Strong grower. 50 cts.

FICUS-India Rubber Plant.

A fine plant, very popular, not only in the hothouse but as a decorative plant for the drawing-room or flower-garden. Its thick leathery leaves make it especially valuable in consequence of doing perfectly well in the dry air of inhabited rooms; and this will enable many to enjoy a fine-leaved plant who have no glass-house.

FICUS-India Rubber Plant-Continued.

CHAUVERI. Foliage much larger and broader than F. elastica, with cream-colored mid-rib. \$1.50

COOPERI. Another variety, with narrower leaves than F. elastica, with red mid-rib. \$1.50.

ELASTICA. The old and favorite sort. Fine large shining foliage. \$1 to \$1.50.

PARCELLI (new). Large leaves, beautifully marbled with bright green and white. The plant is of free growth and extremely effective. \$1.

REPENS. A fine creeper for green and hothouse decoration. 25 cts.

FUCHSIAS-General Collection.

The Fuchsia or "Lady's Eardrop" constitutes certainly one of the most graceful tribes of The ruchia or "Lady's Largrop" constitutes certainly one of the most graceful tribes of plants. They all require a shady situation during the summer months, and must not become pot-bound before flowering; the best soil is a rich sandy loam, or equal parts of loam, sand and manure thoroughly decomposed. The following have been selected and retained as the best.

Persons desiring large specimen plants must leave the selection of varieties to us, as we grow

only such as are suitable for that purpose.

Young, thrifty plants. Price 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen. Large specimen plants, 50 cts.

Double Corolla Varieties.

ALPHA. Fine double purple corolla; crimson sepals.

AVALANCH. Violet-purple corolla; bright carmine tube and sepals. CHAMPION OF THE WORLD. Very large purple corolla. 50 cts.

ELM CITY... Crimson sepals; fine dark purple corolla.

GRAF ANDRASSY. Dark violet-purple corolla, crimson sepals.

LA NEIGE. White corolla, carmine sepals.

MARKSMAN. Extra large dark-purple corolla; crimson sepals.

MISAI. Tube and sepals coral-red; finely reflexed, violet corolla; very large.

Mons. Fillon. Crimson sepals; dark violet-purple corolla.

MRS. H. CANNELL. White corolla, bright carmine sepals; splendid.

PRINCE LEOPOLD. Fine golden green foliage; crimson sepals; double purple corolla.

PRINCESS OF WALES. Crimson sepals; creamy-white corolla.

PURPLE PRINCE. Scarlet sepals; purple corolla; fine.
Tower of London. Scarlet sepals; large double purple corolla.

Single Corolla Varieties.

25 cts.; \$2,50 per doz. Large specimen plants, 50 cts. to \$1.

ANNIE LUSTRE. Sepals and tube pure white, corolla vivid crimson.

ARABELLA. White tube and sepals; rose corolla; the best early variety.

AURORA SUPERBA. Sepals and tube salmon, corolla large bright orange scarlet,

BEAUTY OF SHERWOOD. White sepals; purple corolla.

CONSPICUA. Crimson tube and sepals; pure white corolla. The best single variety of this class, COVERT GARDEN. Valuable in the white tube and sepal section: a good market variety

EARL BEACONSFIELD. One of the strongest and most continuous blooming varieties ever sent out, and one of the very best for sale and decoration, flowers neither good shape nor color but produced in very large clusters and blooms nearly all the year, if allowed plenty of pot room.

ERECTA. Sepals and tube crimson, stained white, corolla rosy pink.

GOLDEN FLEECE. Golden green leaves; scarlet and purple flowers.

INIMITABLE. Crimson sepals; dark-purple corolla; a fine sort.

LORD BYRON. Tube and sepals crimson, with large, open, bell-shaped, almost black corolla. one of the darkest known, 50 cts.

LUSTRE. Vermilion corolla; white sepals. Early.

MISS ARTHUR. Blush sepals; orange-salmon corolla.

ROSE OF CASTILE. Blush white; purplish rose corolla. Still one of the best.

SPECIOSA. Orange carmine; winter-flowering.

STANDARD. Rosy pink tube, about 2 inches long; large and fine corolla of a rich violet-purple color.

STARLIGHT. Waxy-white tube and sepals; long rosy lake corolla.

SUNRAY. A new tri-color leaved variety; variegated like a tri-color geranium.

WAVE OF LIFE. Bright yellow foliage and high colored flowers, rich scarlet tube and sepals with bright violet-blue corolla.

WHITE SOUVENIR DE CHESWICK. Pure white tube and sepals; corolla bright rose pink, cupshaped. 50 cts.

FUNKIA-Day Lily.

Hardy Herbaceous Plants, with lily-like flowers.

ALBA. Large, pure white, fragrant flowers, open daily in August; leaves broad ovate, nerved. 25 cts.

CŒRULEA. Blue flowers, broad dark green leaves. 20 cts.

CUCULLATA VARIEGATA. Beautiful clear green leaves, marbled with the purest white; light blue flowers; requires shade to retain its variegation during the entire summer. 30 cts. LANCEOLATA MARGINATA. Light green leaves, margined with white. 30 cts.

GARDENIA-Cape Jasmine.

Are desirable for their pure white and delightfully fragrant flowers; blooming in May, June, and July, at a season when pure white flowers are scarce; they are highly prized in Brides' Bouquets, Wreaths, etc. 25 to 50 cts.

CAMELLIA FLORA. FLORIDA.

FORTUNI. RADICANS.

RADICANS VARIEGATA. riegated foliage. 50 cts.

GAZANIA SPLENDENS.

Fine, large, bright orange flowers, with white and brown centre, and dark green foliage, silvery underneath; requires a sunny situation. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

GENISTA FRAGRANS.

A green-house plant of a broom-like growth, producing spikes of bright yellow fragrant flowers, making a fine plant for the parlor, etc. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

ZONALE GERANIUM—General Collection.

This plant is so admirably adapted for bedding purposes in our hot climate, that it is cultivated perhaps in larger quantities than any other plant. So many improvements in this class of plants have been recently made, that we believe the present revision of the list offers a collection unsurpassed in this country—habit, color, growth, and all points duly considered. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz. Extra showy plants can be furnished after April 1st, in 4 and 5 inch pots. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

A. HENDERSON. Scarlet crimson; fine white

ALCIBIATE. Red salmon, and shaded clear violet.

BEAUTY OF KINGSESSING. Pure white, large salmon centre; immense truss: the finest of this color.

Belisaire. Salmon, veined crimson, shaded carmine; large truss.

Brilliant scarlet; clear COMTE DE GOMER. white centre; fine; the same as Rienzi.

Very large, bright scarlet; fine Corsair. form.

DAZZLER. The richest scarlet, very large white

Dr. Andry. The finest salmon bedder. ERCKMANN CHATRIAN. Intense blood-red.

GENERAL CHANEY. Violet rose, new shade; extra.

General Grant. Dazzling scarlet: enormous truss.

General Sherman. Crimson scarlet, very large.

ADAM KOCK. Fiery scarlet; immense truss, | JEALOUSY. Large salmon yellow flowers, of more compact than "General Grant."

JEAN SISLEY. Rich shade of scarlet, white eve.

Jules Croles. Purplish-scarlet.

LA VIENNE. The purest white, pale stamens; splendid.

LEVESON GOWER. Largest salmon flower, size and form.

LONDON. The largest pips; truss large; color dazzling scarlet. 30 cts. MASTER CHRISTINE. The best pure pink

bedding geranium. MRS. GEORGE SMITH. The most beautiful

salmon.

P. L. COURIER. Very large orange-red; extra. PRINCESS OF WALES. Immense truss of orange salmon. An excellent bedder. PURITY. Pure white.

REV. MR. ATKINSON. Dark crimson truss of immense size.

S. SPINNER. Cerise scarlet, very fine.

White; dwarf bedder. VENUS.

VICTOR MARLET. Bright scarlet; fine truss. WHITE PRINCESS. The best white bedder

The 12 Best Show Varieties.

A. Henderson. Belisaire. DAZZLER. ERCKMANN CHATRIAN.

GENERAL SHERMAN. MASTER CHRISTINE. Mrs. George Smith. P. L. COURIER.

PRINCESS OF WALES. REV. MR. ATKINSON. VENUS. WHITE PRINCESS.

The 6 Best Bedding Varieties.

ADAM KOCK. GENERAL GRANT.

MASTER CHRISTINE. PRINCESS OF WALES. REV. MR. ATKINSON. VICTOR MARLET.

DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONALE GERANIUM.

The revision made to this year's list includes only the best of recent introductions, excelling in their free-blooming qualities: the improvements made in this respect and in color have been very decided, so that this class of geraniums flower as freely as the single varieties. Price, 20 cts.; \$2 per doz. Large show plants in May or June, 50 cts.

ARETUSA. Fine, large vermilion. 50 cts.

BISHOP WOOD. Scarlet and carmine.

CANDIDISSIMA PLENA. Very large, full and finely formed flowers of snowy-white, not becoming tinted with rose as the flowers get fully expanded. 30 cts.

CONRAD KIRCHNER, Brilliant scarlet, white centre

CREMIEUX. Finest scarlet. 50 cts.

DEPUTY ANCELON. Dark violet rose.
DEPUTY LAFLIZE. Dark vermilion Dark vermilion-purple. very rich color.

DEPUTY VARROY. Carmine, upper petals spotted white.

Dr. JACOBY. Nankeen salmon. ED. ABOUT. Salmon flaked with white. 50 cts. EMILE DE GIRARDIN. Beautiful rose; splendid. 50 ets.

ANATOLE DE LA FORGE. Fine magenta. 50c. F. P. RASPAIL. Rich crimson, scarlet pips. 50. LA CONSTITUTION. Brilliant orange salmon, the most beautiful flower of this shade.

LAFAYETTE. Carmine lake, dwarf, compact

growth; large truss. Very bright vermilien M. G. LOWAGIE.

extra MAD. A. BALTET. One of the best double

whites, 30 cts.

MAD. GRANDGEORGE. Carmine cherry : extra large truss.

MAD. NEURY. Violet carmine, shaded violet MAD. THIBAUT. Pink, white blotches on Pink, white blotches on upper petals; extra.

Bright mahogany color: MONS. BUCHLER. novel.

NŒMIE. Blush pink, white centre; fine.

ROBT. BUIST. Brilliant crimson. SCINTILLANT. Very large, bright scarlet.

The 6 Best New Varieties.

ED. ABOUT. ANATOLE DE LA FORGE.

ARETUSA. CREMIEUX. EMILE DE GIRARDIN. F. P. RASPAIL.

The 6 Best Older Varieties.

CANDIDISSIMA PLENA. DEPUTY ANCELON.

DR JACOBY. MAD. BALTET. MAD. GRANDGEORGE. MAD. THIBAUT.

DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED GERANIUM.

This interesting class of Geraniums are presenting yearly many novelties; they are especially adapted to pot-culture, either trained on trellises or grown as trailing plants in hanging-baskets. 25 cts.: \$2.50 per doz.

BIJOU. An extremely attractive hybrid variety, with large full double flower trusses of a bright scarlet color.

KOENIG ALBERT. Fine double violet rose flowers. LA FIANCEE. Bright lilac double flowers.

LUCIE LEMOINE. White, tinged with rosy lilac double flowers.

ROSINA. Pale pink, crimson markings. VESTA, Delicate blush, rayed crimson.

SINGLE - FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED GERA-

These are extremely useful, from their drooping growth, for vases, rustic or suspended baskets, rockeries, and trained on trellises in pots. 20 cts. each; \$2 per doz.

COCCINEA. Rosy-scarlet flowers.

DOLLY VARDEN. Golden green, bronze zone; pink flowers.

DR. SCHOMBURGK. Large purplish mauvecolored flowers.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH. Variegated with creamy white.

ELEGANS. Mauve-colored flowers.



DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED GERANIUM.

EMPEROR. Large green leaves, dark zone, rose-colored flowers. The strongest grower in this section.

FAVONIA. The brightest carmine to be found in this section.

LATERIPES. The old ivy-leaved; white flowers. L'ELEGANTE. Edged with creamy white, large white flowers: beautiful.

GOLDEN TRICOLOR GERANIUM.

As an ornament for the parlor or conservatory nothing excels this class of beautiful plants; the flowers are quite attractive in addition to the richness of foliage. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz., except where noted.

LADY CULLUM. Golden yellow, orange crimson zone. 40 cts. MRS. JOHN CLUTTON. Cream-colored edge, fine dark crimson zone.

GOLDEN TRICOLOR GERANIUM-Continued.

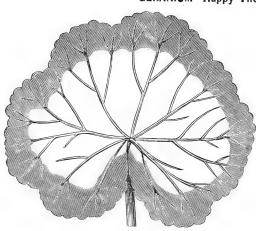
MRS. POLLOCK. One of the most beautiful of this class, bronzy-scarlet zone, golden edge, scarlet

SIR ROBERT NAPIER. The broadest and darkest zone, indented with brilliant scarlet, fleshcolored flowers; extra. 50 cts.

SOPHIA DAMERESQUE. Dark crimson zone, fine broad golden margin; fine.

SUNSET. Bright scarlet zone; one of the best.

GERANIUM-Happy Thought.



GERANIUM-HAPPY THOUGHT.

Quite a new feature in Geraniums, differing from the ordinary form in having a large yellow blotch in the centre of the leaf, with an outer band of green at the margin; flowers rich magenta rose; habit dwarf. A good bedder, novel and universally ad-mired. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

SILVER-LEAVED GERANIUM.

These varieties are among the best for bedding purposes, preserving their beautiful markings during the hot and dry weather of summer. They are desirable plants for the parlor or green-house. 25 cts.; \$2.50

HENDERSONI. Fine creamy margin. ITALIA UNITA. Silver edge, carmine zone.

MOUNTAIN OF SNOW. Silver edge. vigorous grower.

Mrs. J. C. MAPPIN. A very distinct and vigorous habit, broad silver edge, splendid white bloom, with a pink eye. 30 cts.

Perfection. Broad silver edge; vigorous. PRINCE SILVERWINGS. A silver and tri-color leaf; very distinct. 30 cts. Queen of Queens. A pure silver edge. 30 cts.

GOLDEN BRONZE GERANIUM.

Admirable bedding plants, attaining the brightest colors during the heat of summer; flowers and foliage equally beautiful. The following are the best varieties. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz. Annie Keeler. Extra broad, bright chestnut zone, on a fine yellow ground, compact habit. Black Douglas. Splendid dark zone, on a fine yellow ground; scarlet flowers. Marshal MacMahon. Fine bold leaf; broad zone of chocolate on golden yellow ground;

one of the best and most effective.

HYBRID BEDDING AND SCENTED-LEAF GERANIUM.

15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

Capitatum. Rose-scented. Capitatum Major. Large leaf; rose-scented.

DENTICULATUM. Cut leaf; rose-scented. DENTICULATUM FERNIFOLIA. Fern leaf: rosescented.

LADY PLYMOUTH. Variegated white-and-green leaved; rose-scented geranium.

Lemon-Scented.

Oak-leaved, with bold foliage; MACBETH. large scarlet flowers.

MRS. TAYLOR. Rose geranium, with showy scarlet flowers.

MULTIFLORUM COMPACTUM. Silver-gray leaves, rose-colored flowers.

Odoratissimum. Apple-scented, spicy apple perfume.

ODORATISSIMUM ERECTUM. Nutmeg-scented. QUERCIFOLIUM NIGRICANS. Oak-leaved, veined black.

SHRUBLAND PET. Dwarf; sweet-scented: scarlet flowers.

SCATIEL HOWELD.
PEPPERMINT-SCENTED.
ROSE. Variegated green-andwhite, edged with pink.

GESNERA—Nægelia.

The value of Nægelias as decorative plants can scarcely be over-estimated. Most of them have rich, velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson, while their pyramidal spikes of blossoms are extremely handsome. The tubers are kept dry in pots during the winter until March, and then started in pots. Our collection embraces the newer sorts. 50 cts.; \$5 per doz.

FRENCH HYBRID GLADIOLUS,

They are the most stately and effective of our summer flowering bulbs, being of a robust erect growth, with green sword-shaped leaves and magnificent flower-scapes, rising from two to four feet in height. The colors comprise the most brilliant of orange, scarlet, and vermilion tints upon yellow and orange grounds, including a graduated scale of intermediate shades, from white and rosy blush and salmon rose tints, to a salmon red and nankeen; from blush-white with and rosy blush and salmon rose tints, to a salmon red and nankeen; from blush-white with purple crimson throat, and marginal streak of pink, to light rosy salmon grounds, with flakes of deep carmine. A succession of bloom may be had from July to September, by planting at intervals from April to June, preserving the strongest bulbs for the latest planting. Their culture is very simple: they will grow in any ordinary garden mould, but succeed best in good earth, manured with well-rotted horse-dung. The bulbs are taken up in the fall and placed in a dry cellar, protected from frost.

> > > 40 35

Gladiolus in Assortments—Invariably our Selection.

We have made these selections with reference to contrast of colors, time of flowering, and quality of bloom, and will serve as a guide to those unacquainted with the sorts. The seedlings offered abound in the finest varieties, which compare favorably with the higher-priced named sorts. The mixtures contain many good sorts.

No		Pr	ice.
1.	12 varieties named	\$1	50
2.	12 " . "		
3.	12 " "		
4.	12 mixed varieties		
5.	100 "		
6.	12 mixed white and light colors	. 1	50
8.	12 choice seedlings	. 1	00
	12 extra "	. 1	50

On purchaser's selection a discount of ten per cent, from catalogue prices will be made rice

when one dozen varieties are selected. Two
per cent. on one hundred varieties.
ACHILLA. Currant-red, white lines ADONIS. Rosy salmon, carmine margin. ALCYON. White, flamed carmine rose APOLLON. Rosy lilac, with a large stain
of light rose; fine
centre and lower divisions nure white
ARISTOTE. Rose, crimson stripes ARISTOTE. Fine satin rose, flamed with
ARSINOE. Fine satin rose, flamed with
bright crimson
BERENICE. Pink, flaked with cherry;
maroon stripes BERNARD DE JUSSIEU. Violet, shaded
cherry and purple
BERTHA RABOURDIN. Pure white, car-
mine stain
Brenchillensis. Rich scarlet
CALYPSO. Rose, blotched with carmine.
CANABY. Clear yellow, shaded with
rose
CANOVA. Long spike of very large
white, carmine spotted flowers
CELINE. White and rose ground, car-
mine stripes
CERES. Pure white, stained with pur-
Plish rose
CHARLES DICKENS. Light rose, blazed
and striped with carminate rose CHERUBINI. Large flower, perfect shape,
with ground largely blazed with car-
minate violet
Olimination District Political

dark yellow.....



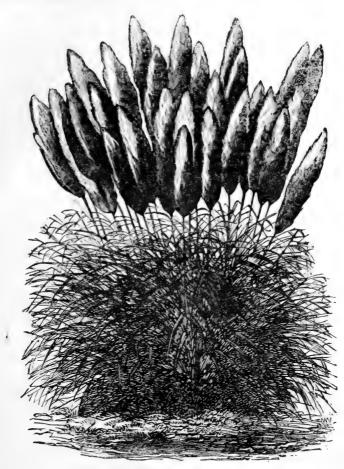
	G. M.		
	FRENCH HYBRID GLADIOLUS.	Pr	ice.
	CLEMENCE. White, with crimson flakes.		20
ı	COMTE DE MORNY. Dark cherry, white blotches		20
	COURANTI FULGENS. Dark crimson		10
-	CUVIER. Amaranth, blazed with purple.		25
	DAPHNE. Light cherry, dark stripes DE CANDOLLE. Cherry, blazed with red.		20 50
	DE LAMARCK. Light cherry color,		00
	blazed with red; white stains	\$1	25
1	DELECATISSIMA. White, slightly tinged,		75
l	with carmine lilac DIANA. White, flaked with red		30
	DIDON. White, suffused with lilac	1	00
-	DON JUAN. Orange and fire-red		10
i	DR. LINDLEY. Light rose, blazed with		50
-	DUC DE MALAKOFF. Orange red, blazed		00
1	with lighter stripes		20
	EDITH. Rose carnation, dark stripes		15 20
	ELDORADO. Pure yellow, red stripes ELVIRE. Pure white, flamed carmine;		20
	very delicate	- 1	50
	EBATO. Pale rose, carmine stains		25

FRENCH HYBRID GLADIOLUS—Continued.

Pr	ice.		Pri	ice.
ETENDARD. White, blazed with lilac	35	MADAME VILMORIN. Rose, white centre,		
EURYDICE. Pure white, blazed with		shaded, and striped with carmine		50
bright carmine; large	60	MARIE DUMORTIER. White, streaked		
Eva. White, slightly tinged with rose		with rose and violet		25
and pale lilac\$1	50	MARY STUART. White, tinged with rose,		
FELICIEN DAVID. Cherry rose, striped		blazed with bright cherry	31	50
and pale lilac		MARS. Beautiful scarlet		18
ground	60	MATHILDA DE LANDEVOISIN. White.		
Fulton. Transparent velvet-like ver-		carnation tinted		30
milion, bright purple stain, large flower	20	MAZEPPA. Rose, yellow stains		18
GALATHE. White, carmine stains	20	METEOR. Dark red, brilliant, large stains		
GOLIATH. Light red, carmine stains	15	of pure white		3
HORACE VERNET. Bright purple red,		MEYERBEER. Brilliant red, blazed with		
large pure white blotch 2	50	vermilion, amaranth red stain, perfect		
HENRIETTA. White, tinted and blazed		shape		20
with lilae; dwarf	50	MIDAS. Rose, mottled with scarlet		10
Homer. Light amaranth, flamed with		MILTON. White, tinted with rose		50
bright purple 1	50	MOLIERE. Dark red, with violet carmine.		50
HORTENSE. Beautiful rose, on white		MONS. LEGOUVE. Fiery red, with blotch		
ground blazed with carmine red	50		1	50
IDA. White, tinged with rose, large		MOZART. Rose, tinged violet, white blotch		50
flower	15	NAPOLEON III. Bright scarlet, white		
Imperatrice. Blush, striped purple	15	streak		20
IMPERATRICE EUGENIE. White, blazed		NELLY. White carminate rose		18
with rosy violet; large flower, perfect		NEWTON. Dark crimson with white		
shape	60	ground, largely lined with white		60
Isabélla. White, with large dark car-		OPHIR. Dark yellow, purple stain ORACLE. Cherry rose, brilliant and fine.		20
minate violet stains; fine spike	75	ORACLE. Cherry rose, brilliant and fine.		20
ISOLINE. Pale flesh, violet stain	25	ORPHEUS. Magnificent spike, rose color,		
James Watt. Bright vermilion, large		blazed with carmine; perfection	1	00
pure white stain, striped with purple JEANNE D'ARC. White, tinged with rose.	50	OSIRIS. Dwarf, purple stained with white.		20
JEANNE D'ARC. White, tinged with rose.	15	PEGASSE. Pink, flaked with salmon rose.		20
JOHN BULL. Pinkish white	15	PENELOPE. Large, white and carnation.		18
JOHN WATERER. Light cherry, blazed		PERICLES Splendid spike light rose		
with red, white stains, striped	75	bordered, blazed with carminate purple	2	00
Juno. White, striped lilac, purple stain.	75	PHEBUS. Fiery red, large pure white stain	1	50
LA CANDEUR. Very long spike of large		PRINCE IMPERIAL. White, with carmine		18
well-opened flowers, of a perfect white,		PRINCESSE MATHILDE. Beautiful rose,		
lightly striped with carmine violet 1	00	carmine stains		20
LADY FRANKLIN. White, tinged with		PRINCESSE MARIE DE CAMBRIDGE.		
rose, striped and blazed with carmine 1	00	White, with very large carmine stain,		
LA FIANCEE. Pure white, bluish-violet		large, well-opened flower; extra	2	00
stain; large and perfect	75	PRINCESS OF WALES. White, blazed with		
Lelia. Peach, stained with lilac	25	carmine and rose		1
LEONORA. Cherry, tinged with orange	75	RACINE. Cherry, tinged with violet;		
LE POUSSIN. Light red, white ground,		centre white		3
and very large white stains	20	Rebecca. White, striped lilac		20
LORD BYRON. Brilliant scarlet, stained		REINE VICTORIA. Pure white, violet		
and ribboned with pure white	20	carmine stain; large and fine; extra		2
LORD GRANVILLE. Pale yellow, striped		ROBERT FORTUNE. Carmine red, tinged		
with rose	20	with violet, pure white lines on all the		
LORD RAGLAN. Salmon, vermilion spots.	30	divisions; perfection	1	5
Louis Van Houtte. Velvety carmine.	10	ROMULUS. Brilliant brownish red; large		
MACMAHON. Cherry, tinted salmon	50	pure white stain; very showy		30
MADAME BASSEVILLE. Cherry, purplish		ROSA BONHEUR. Large flowers, slightly		
MADAME BASSEVILLE. Cherry, purplish stain on white ground, white lines	50	tinged with lilac, and blazed with car-		
MADAME BINDER. White, carmine stripe.	40		1	50
MADAME DE SEVIGNE. Light cherry,		ROSA PERFECTA. Fine rose color, tinged		
largely stained and lined with white	60	violet, pure white lines on all divisions	1	00
MADAME DE VATRY. White, purplish-	~=	Rossini. Dark amaranth red, lined and		
carmine stains; very large	25	stained with white; large		13
MADAME DESPORTES. White, slightly		RUBENS. Bright vermilion, striped with		۳,
striped with violet	50	carmine, whitish ground		50
MADAME HENRIQUE. Creamy white,	4 ~	carmine, whitish ground		
flaked with purple	15	opened sulphur-colored nowers, large	1	00
MADAME LESEBLE. Pure white, large	50	carmine stain	1	00
purplish-rose stain	50	SHAKSPEARE. White, very slightly blazed with rosy carmine, large rose stain;		
MADAME PAILLET. Carmine and violet.	10	with rosy carmine, large rose stain;	1	04
MADAME RABOURDIN. Rose, flaked with	co	extraSIR JOSEPH PAXTON. Red, tinged with	1	00
MADAME VICTOR VERDIER. Rosy sal-	60	light orange strined with comming on		
MADAME VICTOR VERDIER. Kosy sal-	10	light orange, striped with carmine on white ground		7
mon, stained with crimson	10	мине ground		16

FRENCH HYBRID GLADIOLUS-Continued.

	Price.	P	rice.
SIR WILLIAM HOOKER. Light cherry,		THERESA. Rose, shaded with salmon	30
rosy carmine stain on pure white ground		ULYSSES. Very fine glazed rose, beautiful shade	1 50
SAPHO. Cherry, orange-tinted, large pure white blotch	75	VESTA. Pure white, spotted carmine	20
STUART LOWE. Rosy violet, stained and		VIRGINALIS. White, bordered carmine 1	
blazed with deep rose on white ground.	50	Vulcan. Brilliant dark velvety crimson. Walter Scott. Bright rose, striped	25
SULPHUREUS. Sulphur yellow THALIA. White, striped carmine		carmine	40



GYNERIUM ARGENTEUM-Pampas Grass.

The most effective and stately of all the Ornamental Grasses, producing a grand effect on the lawn with its graceful foliage and silvery plumes; the latter are produced on stems 8 to 10 feet high, in upward of forty, on well-established plants that remain in the open ground from year to year with protection. This is best done by tying the tops together and enclosing in a flour barrel, with top open and space packed out with straw or leaves, earthing up the soil well around the outside of barrel; or it can be removed to a cellar and replanted in the spring. Requires a rich and deep soil. The plumes, when cut before they fully expand and dried in the shade, make handsome parlor ornaments for winter decoration. 25 to 50 cts. Extra strong plants for immediate effect can be furnished from \$1 to \$2 each.

GYNERIUM ARGENTEUM CARMINATUM RENDATLERI. The flower stems are 10 feet high, crowned with immense silvery white plumes, tinged with pink. 50 cts. to \$2 each.

GLAUCIUM CORNICULATUM.

An ornamental plant with long silvery white, velvety leaves, gracefully recurved and deeply cut to the mid-rib. Its silvery color makes a fine contrast with dark-colored foliage plants, and largely used in ribbon gardening. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

NEW AND RARE GLOXINIAS.

Beautiful summer-flowering, tuberous-rooted plants for the green-house or conservatory, with large bell-shaped flowers, of the most delicate and brilliant colors. There are three sorts, with horizontal, erect, and pendulous flowers. We offer 24 varieties of named sorts. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

G. Insignis. A tall shrubby-growing variety, with large glossy green leaves; producing spikes of large gloxinia-like flowers, of deep lilac color, lasting until Christmas. 30 cts.

HARDY ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

Elegant ornaments on the lawn, adapted for massing in flower borders, and some are the most graceful hanging-basket or vase plants.

AGROSTIS GLAUCA. A rare, dwarf variety, with a glaucous bluish tinge; fine for edgings, baskets, or vases. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA. See special description.

Bambusa. See special description.

DACTYLIS GLOMERATA ELEGANS. A dwarf ribb ERIANTHUS RAVENNÆ. See special description. A dwarf ribbon-grass, with broad, silvery stripes. 20 cts.

EULALIA JAPONICA VAR. and ZEBRINA. See special descriptions.

GYNERIUM ARGENTEUM—Pampas Grass. See special description. STENOTOPTRUM GLABRUM VARIEGATUM. An ornamental grass from New South Wales. Green, handsomely striped yellow; a good vase or basket plant in sunny situations. 20 cts.

HANGING-BASKET AND VASE PLANTS.

The growing of Plants in baskets, vases, etc., is constantly on the increase. They add greatly to the decoration of a room, garden, or verandah, and impart an air of taste and refinement that

the most costly ornaments cannot give.

The following plants have been selected as the most suitable for this purpose. The varieties with an * are particularly suited for large vases, for the centres of which Palms, Dracenas, Geraniums, Fuchsias, Coleus, etc., will make a rich effect. The varieties requiring shade are so marked. Those without descriptions will be found under their proper headings.

*Abutilon Vexillarium Pictum. 25 ets. ACORUS GRAMINÆUS VARIEGATUS. Grasslike. 20 cts.

*Agrostis Glauca. A beautiful blue grass. 20 cts.

BEGONIA.

CISSUS DISCOLOR. (Shade.) 30 cts. EUONYMUS RADICANS VARIEGATA.

FERNS.

FICUS REPENS.

*GLECOMA ROTUNDIFOLIA VARIEGATA. Creeping. 20 cts.

*GNAPHALIUM LANATUM VAR. Silvery foliage. 25 cts.

HYDROCOTYLE LURIDA (New). From Japan; producing nearly round handsomely crimped leaves; a fast runner; chocolate-colored flowers. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz. IVIES. See Hedera.

LINARIA CYMBALARIA, or Kenilworth Ivy.

LYCOPODIUM.

*Lobelia. *MANETTIA

Cordifolia. See Summer Climbers.

MAURANDIAS.

Muhlenbachia Rotundifolia. 25 cts. Othonna Crassifolia.

Panicum Variegatum. Variegated Grass. (Shade).

*Peristrophe Angustifolia Aurea.

REINEKIA CARNEA VARIEGATA. Grass-like. 25 cts. Russelia Juncia. Scarlet flowers.

20 cts. Saxifraga Fortunei. (Shade.) TRICOLOR. Very fine and rare. 35 cts. *SEDUM.

*SENECIO.

Thumbergias. See Summer Climbers. TORENIA.

TRADESCANTIA.

Vinca.

HEDERA-Ivy.

The most useful and popular evergreen vine. The varieties marked with an * are the hardiest and most vigorous, suitable for covering walls, fences, trees, rock work, and rustic work, as well as baskets or vases. The others are of a more slender growth, and used principally for hanging-baskets, vases, etc. When grown in pots and trained to screens or trellises, they are very desirable plants for vestibule and hall decoration; their refreshing glossy green foliage will bear a large amount of ill-usage.

ALGERIENSIS. Glaucous green, large silver blotches. 50 cts. AUREA MACULATA. Foliage blotched with yellow. 50 cts. CONGLOMERATA. Densely covered with small undulated foliage; curious. 50 cts.

*DIGITATA OR FINGER-LEAVED. (Rare.) 50 cts.

*Helix (English Ivy). Rapid grower, most generally used. 25 to 50 cts.



HEDERA-lyy-Continued.

LACINIATUS. Small cut-leaved. 25 to 50 cts.
*LATIFOLIA MACULATA. Marbled white on the young growth; vigorous grower. 25 to 50 cts.

LOBATA. Cut-leaved; fine for baskets or vases. 25 cts.

MACULATA MAJOR. Like Latifolia Maculata, but much more variegated. 50 cts.

MARMORATA ELEGANS. Small silvery-marbled leaves. 25 cts.

REGNERIANA. Giant-leaved; strong grower. 25 to 50 cts.

*SPECTABILIS AUREA. Young growth veined with yellow. 50 cts.

TRICOLOR. A small-leaved variety, with handsome white, green and pink variegated foliage: constant. 50 cts.

HELIOTROPE.

Perhaps the most favorite free-flowering and fragrant tribe of plants in cultivation, equally fine as summer bedding plants, or in pots during winter in the house. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

CHIEFTAIN. Lilac, large truss. ETOILE DE MARSEILLE. Deep bluish purple.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE. Blush.

GRANDIFLORUM. Pale lilac. JULIETTE, Bluish lilac.

LOUISE DELAUX. Fine rose white, large.

MAD, DE BLONAY. Large truss, nearly pure white, valuable.

Blush white.

NELLY, Bluss. W WREATH. Nearly white, compact

VIOLET QUEEN. Violet,

HEMEROCALLIS KWANSO VARIEGATA, FI., PI.

A superb hardy plant, producing long deep-green leaves broadly striped with white; bearing very large double copper-colored flowers. 50 cts. /

CHINESE HIBISCUS.

Small shrubs; some varieties with large double and others with single flowers, blooming freely during the summer months, and fine for garden decoration in partially shady situations. They are equally desirable for winter blooming. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz. ROSA SINENSIS. Large crimson.

ALBA VARIEGATA. Beautifully white, variegated foliage.

AURANTICUM PLEMA. Double salmon.

Cooperi Tricolor. Foliage beautifully variegated with dark green, pink and white; flowers crimson.

CRUENTUS. Double crimson.

FOL. VARIEGATA. Foliage mottled with yellow; flowers crimson.

GRANDIFLORA. Large rose.
LUTENS PLENA. Double yellow.

METALLICUS. Dark bronzy shining foliage; flowers single, crimson.

MINIATUS SEMI-PLENA. The finest and most brilliant, semi-double vermilion scarlet, flowers 4 inches in diameter. 35 cts.

RUBRA PLENA. Double crimson.

VIVICANS. Remarkably large flowers, 4½ inches in diameter, full, double. The color is a brilliant crimson scarlet: very showy. 50 cts.

HOYA CARNOSA-Wax Plant.

This plant has thick fleshy leaves, which make it admirably adapted to house culture. It grows moderately fast, of a running growth, and bears umbels of beautiful flesh-colored flowers resembling wax. It makes a fine trellis plant, and continues a long time in bloom. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS.

The old favorite; well-known and favorite plants, producing large heads of flowers in great profusion; the color of the Hortensis varieties can be changed to a beautiful blue, by mixing the iron scales or sparks from a blacksmith's shop among the soil. They thrive best in a shady situation, with a plentiful supply of water; with protection they have endured the severest winters around Philadelphia; large pink flowers. 25 cts. to \$1.

Aurea Variegata. Golden variegated foliage; very showy. 50 cts. Hortensis Variegata. An exceedingly ornamental plant; the leaves are deep green, mar-

gined with pure white; fine for shady positions. 50 cts.

IMPERATRICE EUGENIE. Rose, shaded with white and blue. 50 cts.

OTAKSA. A Japanese variety lately introduced; beautiful large glossy foliage, large heads of pale pink flowers. 25 to 50 cts.

SPECIOSA VARIEGATA. Margin of leaves green, with a broad white band passing through the

centre. 50 cts.

STELLATA PROLIFERA. A new and rare variety from Japan; double rose-colored flowers, changing to a coppery shade. 50 cts.

THOMAS HOGG (new.) An introduction from Japan, equal in growth, style, etc., to the H. Hortensis, except in color. It produces large pure white flowers which, on well-grown plants, measure more than 12 inches in diameter. It is quite as hardy as the other garden sorts. 25 ets. to \$1,



HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.

A hardy variety lately introduced, of great merit; it endures the heat and cold of our climate extremely well. Elongated flowers of snowy white, often a foot long, which are produced in the greatest profusion, and continue from August to November. The finest hardy shrub of recent introduction. 50 cts.; extra strong, \$1.

IMANTOPHYLLUM.

GLATUM. Resembling the Amaryllis in foliage; bearing large clusters of conspicuous buff orange-colored flowers. \$1 to \$2. MINIATUM. CRYTANTHIFLORUM. \$2.

IRIS GERMANICA.

These are neat, robust, hardy herbaceous plants, with large ornamental flowers of rich and elegantly-blended colors, exquisitely striped HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA. with dark violet, purple, or bronzed lines, upon a lighter ground. Not rising more than two or three feet in height, they are admirably adapted for gardens. We offer a choice collection of 12 varieties. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

IRIS FEDIDISSIMA. A highly ornamental and rare variety of "Flag," graceful foliage, ornamented with bands of creamy-white; an excellent pot-plant. 50 ets.

IXORA.

Exceedingly showy plants, bearing large clusters of splendid flowers in white, rose, orange, etc., which remain a long time in bloom during the winter and spring months.

BLANDA. White. 50 cts. CROCATA RUTILANS. Salmon. 75 cts.

JAVANICA. Orange. 50 cts. ROSEA. Rose. 50 cts.

JASMINUM.

GRANDIFLORUM. This favorite variety, known as the Catalonian Jasmine, is a valuable winter-blooming sort. The flowers are pure white, and deliciously fragrant. 25 cts.

GRAND DUKE OF TUSCANY. Large white double flowers; imbricated, fragrant. NUDIFLORUM. (Yellow Flowering Jasmine.) Climber; producing yellow flowers; hardy with

protection in this latitude. 25 cts. OFFICINALE (White Flowering Jasmine.) Climber; hardy with protection in this latitude. 25 ets.

SAMBAC. Very fragrant white flowers; a splendid house plant. 50 cts. SAMBAC FLORE PLENO. Similar to the above, with double flowers. 75 cts.

LAGERSTRŒMIA-Crape Myrtle.

One of the most beautiful of half-hardy shrubs, growing and blooming finely in the summer, and only requiring the shelter of a cellar in winter. INDICA. The old and popular Crape Myrtle, pink

flowers. 25 to 50 cts.

LANTANA.

One of the best summer-flowering tribe of plants for our climate; equally fine in dry or wet weather, sun or shade. There are few bedding plants that bloom more continuously or afford a greater variety of color than the Lantana. When grown with a single stem and trained as standards, with fine bushy tops and straight stem, besides being in bloom all summer, they present on the lawn or piazza an effect that is not surpassed by any other plant. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

COMTESSE MORNY. Blush and rose. CRAIG. Rich orange carmine; medium growth. DON CALMET. Lilac, orange centre.
FAVOURITA. Yellow merging into crimson.

FAVOURITA. Yellow merging into crimson. HARKETT'S PERFECTION. Green foliage, variegated with yellow, lilac flowers; very showy and constant.

IMPERATRICE EUGENE. Blush and white.

LE NAIN. Orange and carmine. LUTEA SUPERBA. Sulphur. MAD. MAIL. Buff, lilac and orange. QUEEN VICTORIA. Fine white.



LILIUM AURATUM-Golden Japan Lily.

This superb Lily has flowers from ten to twelve inches across, composed of six delicate white, ivory-like petals, each being thickly studded with rich chocolate-crimson spots, and having a bright golden band through the centre of each petal, with an exquisite vanilla-like perfume. As the bulbs acquire age and strength, the flowers obtain their maximum size and number. Upwards of twelve flowers have been produced on a single stem. It is perfectly hardy in dry soils, also admirably adapted for pot culture.

Sound flowering bulbs of our own growing, 50 to 75 cts. \$5 to \$7.50 per doz., according to size.

LILIUM LANCIFOLIUM-Japan Lilv.

These superb Lilies are perfectly hardy, flowering freely in July and August, forming one of the most striking objects in the flower border. Strong bulbs, for spring planting, can be furnished as late as the 1st of April, after which time they can be furnished in pots, for turning out into the border. They also flower finely in pots.

ALBUM. White. 50 cts. ROSEUM. Spotted rose. 25 cts. RUBRUM. White and red spotted. 25 cts.

MONSTROSUM ALBUM. 75 cts. Monstrosum Rubrum. 75 ets.



LILIUM AURATUM-GOLDEN JAPAN LILY.

For other varieties, to be planted in the autumn, see Bulb Catalogue of 1879.

LOBELIA.

Neat and extremely floriferous plants, much used for edgings (in shade), hanging-baskets, vases, etc., of which we offer the following select varieties. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz., except where noted.

IVORY PEARL. Pearly white. 30 cts.

SPECIOSA ELEGANS. Spreading, fine deep blue.

TRUE BLUE. Color as name denotes. 30 cts.

WAVE OF BLUE. A charming color. 30 cts.

LONICERA-Honeysuckle.

25 cts.; extra strong, 50 cts.

BELGIAN or MONTHLY. Very fragrant; red and yellow flowers.

CHINESE EVERGREEN. Red, yellow and white variegated flowers; very fragrant; commonly called "Woodbine."

HALLIEANA. A white monthly Honeysuckle, from China; flowers pure white, turning to vellow, with the fragrance of the Cape Jessamine; hardy, vigorous grower, and flowers freely; evergreen.

SCARLET TRUMPET or CORAL. Deep red, trumpet-shaped flowers.

Variegated (Brachypodium aurea reticulata). Foliage beautifully variegated; succeeds in any situation; a fine edging to flower beds.

YELLOW TRUMPET OR CORAL. Light yellow tube-like flowers.

LYCHNIS VISCARIA ALBA PLENA.

Hardy, with fine large double white flowers, which are produced in the greatest profusion during the entire summer; very valuable for funeral designs, taking the place of the Carnation at a season when double white flowers are in great request. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

LYCOPODIUM-SELAGINELLA.

20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

Arborea. Steel blue, creeping. | Involucratum. MARTENSI COMPACTA. MARTENSI VARIEGATA. CÆSIA. Steel blue. LEPIDOPHYLLUM or ROCK-CORDATA. Rose. Expands when placed PLUMOSA. DENSA. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz. in water. Rubricaulis. DENTICULATA. 15 cts.; \$1.50 LEPIDOPHYLLUM VARIEGA-SCHOTTI. Fine for baskets. TA. Species from Japan per doz. SERPENS. DENTICULATA VARIEGATA. (new). Forming a green ro-Umbrosa. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz. sette with yellow tips. 30 cts. WILDENOVI.

LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA. Scarlet, orange, and yellow flowers. 25.cts.

L. PENRHOSIENSIS. Scarlet. 25 cts.

L. PENRHOSIENSIS. Scarlet. 25 cts.

MADEIRA, MEXICAN, OR MIGNONETTE VINE.

Of rapid growth, suitable for covering arbors, etc. Flowers feathery white, with a fragrance resembling Mignonette. 10 cts.; 75 cts. per doz.

MAHERNIA ODORATA-Honeybell.

A winter-flowering green-house plant, producing an abundance of small yellow bell-shaped flowers; very fragrant. $25~\rm cts.$; $\$2.50~\rm per~doz.$

MANETTIA CORDIFOLIA.

A pretty climbing plant, producing bright scarlet tubular flowers, about two inches long, forming a complete mass of bloom from July to October. One of the finest plants for large vases and rustic baskets; sun or shade. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

MARANTA.

The Marantas are all showy and beautiful plants, with large ornamental foliage, requiring the temperature of the hot-house.

BARAQUINI. 50 cts, MICANS. 30 cts. REGALIS. \$1.00.
BICOLOR. 50 cts. MAKOYANA. 75 cts. ROSEO-PICTA. 75 cts.
FASCIATA. 50 cts. PORTEANA. 75 cts. SANGUINEA. 50 cts.
LINDENI. 75 cts. ORNATA. 50 cts. VAN DEN HECKEI. 50 cts.
ZEBRINA. An excellent and robust-growing variety, very useful for Wardian cases, window boxes, etc. 30 cts.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM CORDIFOLIUM VARIEGATUM-Variegated Ice Plant.

The variegation of the leaves, white and green, is very distinct, and the star-shaped purple flowers contrast finely with the creamy white foliage. It is valuable for baskets or vases, as its succulent character enables it to stand our hot and dry weather. Its bedding qualities are highly recommended. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

MIMULUS MOSCHATUS HARRISONI.

A new musk plant of stronger growth and larger foliage than the M. Moschatus; it produces large and showy bright yellow flowers, spotted with crimson. The foliage has the same agreeable fragrance as the old musk. Of easy culture and free flowering. 25 cts.

MOSCHATUS. The old favorite musk plant. 15 cts.

MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES—Smilax.

A climbing plant, unsurpassed in the graceful beauty of its foliage; and its peculiar wavy formation renders it one of the most valuable plants for bouquets, wreaths, festoons and decorations. It is extensively cultivated by florists for this purpose, and has become a great favorite. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

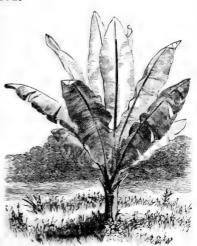
MAGNOLIA FUSCATA. A green-house shrub, with fragrant flowers. 75 cts. to \$1.

MANDEVILLEA SUAVEOLENS, \$1.

MUSA ENSETE.

The noblest of all plants is this great Abvssinian Banana. The fruit of this variety is not edible, but the leaves are magnificent, long, broad and massive, of a beautiful green, with a broad crimson mid-rib; the plant grows invuriantly from 8 to 12 feet high. It is used with success in the parks of Europe, and the experience on our own grounds proves that it stands the rain and storms exceedingly well. In our hot summers it luxuriates and attains gigantic proportions, producing a tropical appearance, and should find a place in every collection, where there is a conservatory or greenhouse, for planting therein during the winter; and being easily removed. presents the same grand effect on the lawn, terrace, or flower-garden, when bedded out in the summer. Those not having the above convenience, by cutting the leaves off, can store it in a light cellar during the winter, with a covering of soil, or planted in a tub; water sparingly. When planted out in the summer, with good drainage, it cannot receive too much water. We have been successful in raising a fine lot of these plants, which enables us to offer them at a low price.





NERIUM-Oleander.

The improvements lately made in this class of popular and easily cultivated plants have been really striking. The double varieties do not show their character until the plants become strong, ALBUM PLENUM-NEW DOUBLE WHITE. An introduction from the West Indies. Long, slender foliage; fine double white flowers. 40 cts.

ATROPURPUREUM PLENUM. The richest blood-red crimson color, quite double and finely im-

bricated. 50 cts.

FLAVUM DUPLEX. Large, semi-double, yellow flowers; early and free flowering. 50 cts.

MADONI GRANDIFLORA. Fully as large as the double pink, and nearly as double; pure white; strong habit. 30 ets.; \$3 per doz.
PROF. DUBAND. White, duplex flowers, yellow throat. 50 ets.

SPLENDENS. Double pink. 25 cts. to \$1.

NIEREMBERGIA FRUTESCENS.

A well-known bedding plant of splendid grass-like habit, with bluish-white flowers an inch in diameter; flowering from June to October. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

OLEA FRAGRANS.

A favorite greenhouse shrub, delightfully fragrant; the scent is sufficient to perfume a large conservatory. 50 cts. to \$1.

OTHONNA CRASSIFOLIA.

Resembling the Sedums in growth and habit; the flowers are bright yellow, like small tassels, which are borne in great profusion; a splendid plant for baskets and vases, trailing a long distance. It stands the hottest sun. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

OXALIS.

DEPPH. A summer-flowering variety, excellent for borders and edgings. It is grown rather for the lively green with black zone leaves than the flowers. 10 cts. per doz.; 50 cts. per 100. FLORIBUNDA ALBA. An ever-blooming variety, used for pots and baskets; white flowers. cts.; \$1 per doz.

ROSEA. Similar to the above with rose-colored flowers. 10 cts.; \$1 per doz.

LASIANDRA. Similar to Deppii, leaves divided in nine divisions, flowers standing well above the foliage. The bulbs are planted an inch apart. 10 cts. per doz.; 50 cts. per 100.

PÆONIE-Tree.

This plant, instead of dying down to the ground every winter, as the herbaceous variety, is a small, hard-wooded shrub. The flower is the same in form as the common variety, but of a light pink or blush color. \$1.50.

PÆONIE-Herbaceous.

The Herbaceous Pæonias are exceedingly hardy, and will succeed in any ordinary garden soil, well enriched with good manure. During the summer months mulching will be beneficial to the roots, especially on dry soils. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz., except where noted.

ALBA PLENA. Double white. BARON J. D'ROTHSCHILD. Pale rose. 50 cts. COMTE DE PARIS. Rose, buff centre. Rose, tinged buff.

DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS. Rose, tin FRAGRANS. Dark rose; fragrant.

HUMEI. Pink; fragrant. JEANNE D'ARC. Blush white, shaded with rose. 50 cts.

LINGULATA. Pure white. 50 cts.

MAGNIFICA. Of a rosy chamois color. 50 cts. MODESTE PULCHERIMA. Deep rose, bright, large, showy and distinct. 50 cts.

OFFICINALIS PURPUREA MAJOR. Large purple flower. 50 cts.

OFFICINALIS RUBRA. Dark crimson.

POTTSI. Dark crimson. ROSEA DELECTA PULCHRA. with buff. 50 cts.

SULPHUREA. Pale yellow. 50 cts.

TENUIFOLIA. Dark crimson; very double and showy, with peculiar fine cut leaves. 50 cts.
TRICOLOR GRANDIFLORA. Large threecolored flower. 50 cts.

WHITLEYI. Pure white; fragrant.

PALM.

The following is a select list of rare and handsome varieties, which can be recommended of easy culture for apartments, conservatory decoration, or vase plants during the summer. The prices vary according to size and rarity.



DÆMONOROPS PALEMBANGENSIS. \$7. JUBÆA SPECTABILIS. A magnificent variety.

LATANIA (LIVISTONA) BORBONICA. (Chinese Fan Palm.) One of the handsomest. 50 cts. to \$5.

LIVISTONA HOGENDORPI. A fine fan palm. \$4. LIVISTONA OLIVÆFORMIS. A rare fan palm. \$5. Oreodoxa Regia. \$3.

ARECA ALBA. White stems. \$5. Areca Baueri. \$5. ARECA AUREA. Golden stems. \$5. ARECA LUTESCENS. Fine yellow stems,

\$3 to \$6. ARECA RUBRA. Handsome red stems,

\$3 to \$6. ARECA VERSCHAFFELTI. One of the most elegant varieties. \$3 to \$10.

CARYOTA URENS. \$1. CHAMÆDOREA AMAZONICA. CHAMÆDOREA ELEGANS.

\$4. CHAMÆROPS EXCELSA. A handsome fan palm. \$3.

CHAMÆROPS GIESBRECHTI. CHAMÆROPS HUMULIS. \$3. Cocos Weddelliana.

CORYPHA AUSTRALIS. (Australian Fan Palm.) \$3 to \$5.

CYCAS REVOLUTA. (Sago Palm.) \$7.50 to \$10.

PHENIX DACTYLIFERA. (The Date Palm.) \$2.50 to \$8.

PHŒNIX RECLINATA. \$3.
PHŒNIX SYLVESTRIS. \$3 to \$10.

PRITCHARDIA (BRAHEA) FILIFERA. \$1 to \$3.

PTYCOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ. \$2.

SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS. \$3 to \$5. THRINAX ARGENTEA. \$1.

TRITHRINAX MAURITIÆFORMIS. \$5.

PANDANUS UTILIS-Screw Pine.

Called Screw Pine from the arrangement of the leaves on the stem. Excellently adapted for the centre of vases and baskets, or grown as a single specimen; a beautiful plant. 75 cts. to \$1. VEITCHI. This splendidly-variegated Screw Pine is one of the most attractive plants. The leaves are light green, beautifully marked with broad stripes and bands of pure white, and most gracefully curved. \$1.50 to \$3.

PANSY.

This plant has received special selection and culture, so that the stock offered can be relied on as embracing the best from foreign and domestic collections, comprising the various shades of color with flowers of the largest size and fine form. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz. Out of frames, \$1 per doz.

PHORMIUM TENAX—New Zealand Flax.

Long sword-like green leaves; useful as a bedding or greenhouse plant. 75 cts.

Variegata (Veitchi). A finely variegated form of New Zealand Flax. The leaves are the same size as the species, with conspicuous broad stripes of creamy white running out their entire length, and contrasting well with the light shining green. A noble plant. \$1 to \$3.

PASSIFI ORA-Passion Flower.

Very handsome climbing plants, growing rapidly and blooming freely, with blue, purple or scarlet blossoms. P. Cœrulea and Incarnata are hardy; the other sorts require greenhouse culture.

ALATA. Pale blue, crimson cup. 50 cts. ALATA. Pale blue, crimson cup. 50 cts.

CŒRULEA. Blue; hardy with protection. 25 c.

DECAISNEANA. Blue, red cup. 50 cts.

INCAENATA. Perfectly hardy; blue flowers, free flowering. 25 cts.

INSIGNIS (Tacsonia). Crimson, blue mottled with white tube, \$1.50. PRINCEPS. Scarlet, very effective, 50 cts. to \$1. RACEMOSA. Purple. 30 cts. VAN VOLXEMI (Tacsonia). Crimson, 30 ets.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUM.

This new type of Pelargoniums, called "Regal," contains the most brilliant colored flowers in this class of plants. The flowers are of large size, very rich and showy; and although they are not really double, yet from their fulness of form and the extra number of petals, they have the appearance of being so.

BEAUTY OF OXTON. The upper petals are of a very rich maroon color, darkly blotched: the under petals very dark crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre, tinted with rose; all the petals are attractively and regularly margined with white, and beautifully fringed.

CAPT. RAIKES. A splendid variety, producing very fine large full flowers, upper petals deep, fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black, and bordered with carmine; lower petals clear,

bright fiery crimson. \$1.

PRINCE OF NOVELTIES. Carmine, tinted with crimson, white margin. 75 cts.

QUEEN VICTORIA. This remarkably distinct and handsome Pelargonium is one of the most marvellously beautiful and novel varieties ever offered. The color is a rich vermilion; all the petals broadly margined with pure white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon, peculiarly crisped. 75 cts.

SPOTTED AND SHOW PELARGONIUM.

We offer a carefully selected collection from the latest and best English and French varieties which can be highly recommended to all lovers of these rich and showy flowering plants. 50 cts.; \$4.50 per doz. Medium size, 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz., except where noted.

ADMIRATION.

ANTAGONIST. Blotched maroon, white margin. BALTIC. Crimson and scarlet, centre shaded with violet.

BERTHA. Rich maroon, white centre. CORONET. Crimson and rose.

DONNA MARIA. Rich salmon, white margin and centre. DR. ANDRE. White and pink; elegantly fringed

ECLIPSE. Blackish maroon, edged crimson.

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA. Purplish black, white margin.

Ensign. Blotched maroon and crimson. 50 cts. Brilliant carmine, dark EUGENE DUVAL. purple spots.

FIREFLY. Fiery crimson, blotched maroon. 50 cts

GEORGE FREDERICK. Bright orange scarlet. 50 cts.

GEORGE SAND. Pale violet and light salmon. GRACE. Maroon, upper petals edged with bright rose.

GUSTAVE MALET. Scarlet, maroon and violet. HEBE DE BEAUTIFUL. Rosy salmon, dark blotch, fringed petals.

HIAWATHA. Dark maroon, crimson margin. 50 cts.

Carmine, white, maroon and HOLBEIN. Dark maroon, upper petals margined with purple.

IMPERATRICE EUGENIE. French white, all the petals spotted with purplish black. JEAN SISLEY. Blush, stained carmine and

violet.

L'AVENIR. Rosy scarlet, striped white. LE VESUVE. Fiery crimson scarlet, very large.

LUCY MORTON. Nearly pure white. MAGNATE. Violet, blotched maroon. MONARCH. Crimson, white centre.

MRS. BRADSHAW. Extra large; white, with dark purple blotches.

PREST. SCHLACHTER. Rich purple, white centre.

PRINCEPS. Orange crimson and white,

PRINCESSE HORTENSE. Orange salmon; pink

TRIOMPHE DE ST. MAUDE (new). Rich deep crimson, trusses of enormous size. \$1.

VICOMTESS DE BELLEVAL. Fiery crimson, white centre, each petal blotched with rich purple; a splendid variety.

VICTORY. Pink, shaded orange.
VOLANTE NATIONAL. Blotched with rosy carmine, white throat. 50 cts.

WATCHFUL. Lilac, shaded with violet, upper petals spotted with crimson, very attractive.

SINGLE PETUNIA.

We offer a very choice collection, selected from many hundreds of finest seedlings, varying through all the shades of crimson, rose and purple, to the purest white, striped, mottled, selfcolored, and fringed. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz. The varieties are given on next page.

SINGLE PETUNIA—(Continued.)

These varieties are offered as the most distinct kinds:

Argus. Amaranth red, white throat, medium. CLIMAX. White and red; good. COLUMBIA. White shaded and bordered blush.

Diana. Red, deeper throat, veined and fringed.

FLORA. White, marked and tipped with purple carmine.

GEM. Cherry red, striped white with fine bars; dwarf habit.

GOLIATH. Violet purple and carmine, with a well-expanded throat of white, veined with purple; a very striking and novel variety.

IAGO. Darker shade than the above, smaller flower, in other respects the same.

LAURA. Purplish white, curiously veined

with maroon; fine.

MARVELLOUS. White, blotched red; fine.

OTHELLO. The same type as Goliath, a yellowish stain in throat, fringed flower; good habit.

Souvenir. Purplish white veined.

SPARKLE. Red and white, margined white; bright. TROPHY. Bright red and white blotched.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE PETUNIA.



Having made the hybridizing of the Petunia a specialty for many years, with the view of obtaining the best in this country or Europe, we annually present a new set carefully selected from a plantation of over 5000 seedlings, more than 20 per cent. of which have proven double. The following unrivalled sorts we believe are not to be excelled, being particularly rich in color, of the largest size, with fringed margins, fine form, and very double. 20 cts.; \$2 per dozen.

ALPHA. Brilliant dark crimson; tipped white. ADMIRATION. White and purple; fringed. ARABELLA. Blush, veined crimson.

CHAS. DARWIN. Light purple, very large and finely fringed.

CHARM. Extra large amaranth purple, blotched white, fringed; extra.

COMET. Large white, dark purple blotches. Dark purple and white, finely fringed

FIMBRIATA PLENA. Dark purple, edged white, the finest fringed.

White shaded with purple; fringed. White and carmine; fringed.

NE PLUS ULTRA. White, carmine and crimson, shaded and

NOVELTY. Pure white, veined lilac and purple centre. SENSATION. Splendid crimson, purple and white.

SIGNET. Rosy pink and white, very double, finely fringed;

SNOWBALL. The finest white. STELLA. White, marbled with purple. SPLENDIDA. Amaranth red, margined white.

PANICUM VARIEGATUM. ANICUM VARIEGATUM. A splendid variegated grass for baskets, etc. 20 cts. PERISTROPHE AUGUSTIFOLIA VAR. Golden yellow and green variegated leaves, fine for baskets. 20 cts.

PEPEROMIA MACULOSA., Dwarf-growing. ornamental foliage plant, with round, thick bright green leaves, veined with grayish white. 30 cents.

PHLOX—Hardy Herbaceous.

The beauty of the Phlox is not yet sufficiently known and esteemed. For their brilliant trusses of flowers, comprising all shades of color, from white to crimson, striped and mottled, they have few if any superiors among hardy perennial plants. They should be divided and replanted, in freshly prepared soil, each alternate year. 20 cts. \$2 per dozen.

Adelaide. Salmon scarlet; extra fine.

AUGUSTA REVIERE. Large, bright salmon, shaded carmine; extra. Comtesse de Chambord.

White, with salmon purple. COMTESS DE LAMBERTYE. Large white, with

distinct crimson eye; extra. DOCTEUR BOISDUVAL. Light rose, carmine eve.

DRONEDA. Brilliant crimson.

ELDORADO. Brilliant crimson, shaded with

purple. EUGENE VERDIER. Dotted with silver, and purple eye.

JAMES H. LAING. Salmon rose shaded with violet, very fine flower and spike; superb. LE COER DU MONDE. Large rose, flaked

white, crimson eye; very fine. LE SULTAN. Purplish crimson.

MAD. LEON GALLOIS. Pure white, purple eye.

PHLOX-Hardy Herbaceous-Continued.

MAD. DE WENDEL. Pure white, large carmine eye.

MAD. GUILLOT. Very large flowers, rosy violet, with purple

eve: very fine. MAD. JOURERT. Flowers dark rosy carmine, with fine purple

eve. MAD. LE COURT. Brilliant carmine; crimson eye.

MAD. MONTPENSIER. White, tinged with lavender; purple

MAD. PECAUL. Carmine, mottled white; purple eye.

MAD. RENDATLER. White and crimson flake.

MADEMOISELLE SAUSSINE. White, with large, dark carmine eve.

MISS ROBERTSON. Pure white, perpetual flowering; extra. MISS WHITEHEAD. Rose, crimson eye. MRS. BALFOUR. Carmine purple; fine form. NAPOLEON III. Extra; fine striped; white and lavender. PANICULATA VARIEGATA. Handsome variegated foliage, rose-colored flowers. 50 cts.

PRINCESSE DE FURSTENBERG. Very large, white; carmine

PRINCESS OF WALES. Pure white.

VICTOR LEMOINE. Rose, dotted ash, with carmine-purple eve: extra.



HARDY PINKS.

These are dwarf-growing varieties, about one foot in height. The flowers are of various colors, rich in fragrance, perfectly double, and entirely hardy. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

ALBA FIMBRIATA. Fringed white.

ALBA MULTIFLORA. Pure white, fragrant,

COCCINEA. Very fine, pure scarlet.
EXCELLENT. White maroon centre, narrow

violet margin.

FREEDOM. Red lace.
GERTRUDE. Rose, maroon centre.

JENNY LIND.

JOHN BULL. White, dark purple centre, violet edge.

LADY BLANCHE. Fine pure white.

LADY CRAVEN. Very dark maroon, broad white margin.

LAURA WILMER. White, edged maroon.

M. MANIER.

MONT D'OR. MRS. POTTIFER. White, lilac centre.

NINA. Red, large, full.

QUEEN VICTORIA.

QUERTERI. Large double crimson, extra.

SCARLET GEM.

SOLOMON.

PLUMBAGO.

Free-flowering shrubs, producing flowers in great profusion, are attractive for summer or winter blooming.

ALBA. Pure white. 25 cts.

LARPENTÆ. A variety of low spreading growth, flourishing in almost any soil, deserving of attention as a bedding plant for which it is admirably adapted in our climate. It is continually covered with deep blue

flowers, summer and autumn. 20 cts.: \$2 per doz.

CAPENSIS. Light blue. 25 cts.

ROSEA. A choice hot-house plant, rose flowers. 50 cts.

PITTOSPORUM VARIEGATUM. 50 cts. PLEROMA ELEGANS. 30 cts.

PLEROMA PURPUREA. 30 cts.

POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA.

A hothouse plant of great beauty, producing bracts or leaves that surround the flower one foot in diameter, on well-grown specimens, of the most dazzling scarlet. It blooms from Novemberto February. Largely used by bouquet-makers for designs of cut flowers, etc. 25 cts. to \$1, according to size.

Poinsettia Pulcherrima Plenissima. New Double Poinsettia. Very brilliant scarlet, tinted with orange color; a dazzling color. The head grows on a specimen plant fourteen inches in diameter by ten inches in depth, giving it the appearance of a cone of fire. \$1.

PRIMULA—Chinese Primrose.

This florist's flower is held in great esteem, and one of the most desirable winter-blooming plants, flowering during the winter and spring months. Choice varieties, 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

PRIMULA FLORA PLENO ALBA. Very free flowering double white variety; a single specimen often yielding 500 flowers. 75 cts. to \$1.

PRIMULA ACAULIS ALBA PLENA. A hardy variety, blooming in the early spring in great profusion; requires a slight protection. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

PUNICA GRANATUM—Pomegranate.

Beautiful plants of symmetrical growth which can be advantageously used as bedding or pot plants, and as they are deciduous, after blooming, they can be kept in a cellar or under the They produce quantities of flowers, which on a well-grown plant of six feet high by three feet in diameter, present a magnificent appearance.

ALBA PLENA. Creamy white flowers; very double. 50 cts. LEGRELLEI. Reddish yellow, bordered with white; very double. 50 cts.

A dwarf variety, flowering profusely while only a foot high. A peculiar shade of brilliant orange scarlet, double flowers. 30 cts. RUBRA PLENA. Double crimson flowers. 50 cts.

PYRETHRUM AUREUM—Golden Feather.

Used largely for massing or ribbon edging. The leaves are of a golden yellow color, delicately cut; the color is retained all summer in the brightest sun. The flower shoots should be taken off when they appear to preserve the shape of the plant. 15 cts.; \$1 per doz.; \$6 per 100.

RHODODENDRON.

The Rhododendron is one of the most valuable of our hardy decorative plants. The leaves are broad, green and glossy, and when planted in groups, or belts, or alone, give a summer landscape in the midst of winter. Did it produce no flowers, it would be the most desirable hardy plant known for every style of lawn planting. In June, when the masses of rich and glossy green are surmounted by scarlet, purple, and white clusters, each cluster large enough for a bouquet, the display is worthy of any expression of admiration. They bear pruning well, and can be kept down to two feet, or allowed to grow six or eight feet; as standards, they are particularly fine.

They require only a good garden soil, which should be dug at least two feet deep and mixed with some leaf mould or peat; it is also well to mulch the ground during the summer, and a protection of leaves and brush during the first winter will be beneficial. The finest varieties are the Hybrids of Catawbiensis. Plants from 18 to 30 inches high, bushy, well established, of

which we offer the following choice-named collection, besides fifteen choice varieties.

\$1 each; \$10 per doz. Plants set with buds, \$1.50; \$15 per doz. Nearly all these varieties

can be furnished in bud. ALARM. White centre, edged with deep car-

mine.

ALEXANDER ADIE. Very bright rosy crimson. BLANDYANUM. Deep rosy crimson.

BRAYANUM. Scarlet.

BROUGHTONI. Bright rose.

COMTE DE GOMER. Beautiful white and crimson.

CONCESSUM. Rosy carmine; fine.

Dark rosy lilac; immense CURRIEANUM. bloom.

ELFRIDA. Deep red, with large spots; pretty. EVERESTIANUM. Rosy lilac; crimped petals;

FASTUOSUM. Double lilac, with large trusses. H. H. HUNNEWELL. Very dark rich crimson, splendid truss.

Purplish late HENDERSONI. crimson; bloomer.

.JEWESS. Rosy purple with black spots.

JOHN WATERER. Brilliant carmine; immense truss.

JOSEPH WHITWORTH. Rich dark lake, dark spots.

LADY ELEONOR CATHCART. Fine rose, beautifully spotted.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. Dark chocolate, beautifully spotted.

LORD NAPIER. Very dark pure lake.

MICHAEL WATERER. Late crimson, splendid truss. MRS. JOHN CLUTTON. Beautiful clear white,

exquisite shape.

MRS. JOHN WATERER. Bright rosy crimson. Perfection. Very beautiful blush white;

fine truss. SIR ROBERT PEEL. Bright scarlet crimson.

dark spots. SURPRISE. Light rosy lilac, chocolate spots. THE QUEEN. Very fine blush white, perfect

RICHARDIA ALBA MACULATA.

A dwarf variety of the "Calla Lily;" flowers smaller, of same snape, leaves covered with pure white spots. It flowers freely during the summer months, planted out in the open border. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

RHYNCOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES.

A beautiful greenhouse plant, with glossy evergreen foliage, producing masses of pure white Jasmine-like flowers, delightfully fragrant; in bloom about May and June. It is of a climbing habit, and presents a beautiful appearance when properly trained. The flowers are very desirable for bouquets, etc. 30 cts.

JASMINOIDES AUREA VARIEGATA. Foliage variegated green, white and carmine. 50 cts. JASMINOIDES ARGENTEA VARIEGATA. Foliage edged with silvery white. 50 cts.

THE ROSE.

The Rose still maintains its position as the most attractive of flowers. Every year adds a large number of varieties to our extended lists, new at least in name, if not in character; and it shall be our special endeavor, after careful comparisons, to point out such of them as show a decided improvement in their leading characteristics over pre-existing varieties.

Our collection of Roses is now admitted to be one of the most complete, having been enriched, by direct importation, with the latest popular sorts. The repeated award of the highest premiums by the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society is sufficient evidence of their merit. EVER-BLOOMING ROSES cannot be secured unless the plants are kept in a vigorous growing condition. To derive the greatest enjoyment from rose culture, beds should be prepared exclusively for their benefit, by throwing out the sub-soil and replacing with a good compost, so that the roots in running down may find nourishment.

A fresh loamy soil, enriched with well-rotted cow manure, we have found the best, and the

fertility preserved by a yearly top-dressing of well-rotted manure.

Our Roses are pot-grown on their own roots, and not forced into unnatural growth; being pot-grown renders them more desirable for sending to a distance; as they retain the ball of roots and soil, the purchaser runs no risk in transplanting. Being kept in cold houses without fire over winter, their natural growth is likewise not checked, in planting out, by sudden changes of temperature in the spring; but the plants go ahead, giving perfect satisfaction in every way.

We have made a large reduction in price, which in no way affects the quality of the stock, it

being kept up to a first-class standard

Roses by Mail.

We will send by mail 12 fine and distinct one-year-old pot-grown plants, of our selection, of good kinds, for \$1,50: 8 for \$1.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSE.

30 cts.; \$3 per doz., except where noted.

This class is very popular, combining the vigor of the hardy garden Rose with the frequent blooming qualities of several other classes; some of the sorts are also very fragrant. The following is a select list of the latest introductions, as well as those that have been well tried:

ANDRE FRESNOY. Very large carmine, shaded | GEANT DES BATAILLES. purple.

ANTOINE MOUTON. Deep rose; very large and full. Similar to Paul Neron. ARDOISE DU CHALET. Crimson red.

AURORE BOREALE. Large, shining red. BARON HAUSMANN. Splendid carmine. BURGOMASTER CARL MULLER. Amaranth

red, shaded with violet, vermilion and black, free-flowering,

CARDINAL PATRIZZI. Velvety crimson. CHAMPS DE MARS. Extra fine double crimson. CLAUDE MILLION. Purplish red.

CHESHUNT HYBRID (New). Carmine cherry, large and full. 75 cts.

large and full. 10 cts.
CLOTHILDE ROLLAND. Fine cherry.
COMTE LITTA. Velvety purple.
COMTESSE D'OXFORD. Light carmine; fine form.

Dr. Lemee. Velvety purple.

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH (New). Very pale rose, the largest and finest form. . 75 cts. DUKE OF EDINBURGH, Brilliant maroon

crimson. EUGENE FURST. Deep purple rose; velvety flower, large and somewhat cupped, very 50 cts.

FANNY PETZHOLD. Rose, shaded with white.

Bright scarlet;

GENERAL HOUTPOUL. Dark crimson. GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Brilliant red. GENERAL VON MOLTKE (New). Sca

shaded carmine. 75 cts. GENERAL WASHINGTON. Very double, crimson.

GLOIRE DE DUCHER. Dark purple. HENRY PAGES. Fine rose, centifolio form.

HORTENSE MIGNARD (New). Cherry pink,

ORTENSE Allosand full. 75 cts.

large and full. 75 cts.

ELVE GROSS. Blush, very large. 75 cts. JEANNE GROSS. JULES MARGOTTIN. Bright carmine, cupped form; fragrant; a splendid variety.

Splendid satin rose; very large, LA FRANCE. full, fine globular form; a constant bloomer.

The sweetest of all roses, and none can surpass the delicacy of its coloring.

LAURESTINUS. Dark crimson. LEOPOLD I. Brilliant fiery-red.

LOUIS VAN HOUTTE. Bright crimson, shaded black.

LOUISE WOOD. Bright crimson.
MADAME DE ST. PULGENT. Crimson, shaded with slate color.

MADAME CHARLES WOOD. Vivid crimson, shaded purple; fine; a magnificent rose. MADAME CHIRARD. Light rose.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSE-Continuea.

MADAME MARIE FINGER. Light rose, with darker centre. Large flower and foliage. PAUL NERON. Very large dark rose; good foliage; by far the largest variety in cultiva-Vigorous growth.

MADAME RIVIERE. Delicate rose.

MALFILATRE. Dark crimson, rosette form.
MARIA RADY. Splendid crimson.

MILLER HAYES (New). Crimson shaded, velvety red, cupped. 50 cts.

PAULIN TALABOT (New). Dazzling carmine. 50 cts.

tion; very desirable.

PAUL VERDIER. Large clear rose.

REV. J. B. McCAMM. Very bright rosy pink; fine form; very sweet. Constant and distinct tinct. 50 ets.

ROI DES ESPAGNE. Fine carmine. VICTOR VERDIER. Carmine, large and full.

WHITE HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSE.

BOULE DE NEIGE. Pure white; good form, | MAD. LACHARME (New). White, centre on

COQUETTE DES ALPS. Fine white; flowers in clusters. 75 cts.

LADY EMILY PEEL. White, edged with rose.

MADEMOISELLE BONNAIRE. Pure white, occasionally tinged with rose in the centre. \$2.00.

opening shaded with rose, changing to pure white; the finest of this class. \$1.50.

Perfection des Blanches (New). Pure white, vigorous. \$1.

White, shaded flesh

OLGA MARIX (New).

color. \$1. PEARLE DE BLANCHES. Pure white, vigorous and free. 75 cts.

BOURBON ROSE.

This class contains some of our choicest ever-blooming Roses; they require but a slight protection during the winter. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz., except where noted.

APPOLINE. Fine pink.
GLOIRE DE ROSAMENE. Bright crimson, semidouble, climbing habit, free.

Hermosa. Pink.

HERMOSA (climbing). Pink, climbing habit.

Jos. Paxton. Cherry rose. Jules Cæsab. Cherry carmine. 75 cts. MRS. BOSANQUET. Large blush, free. Peerless. Cherry. PRINCE NAPOLEON. Fine carmine.

IMPERATRICE EUGENIE. Large, full, rose color. | SOUVENIR DE MALMAISON. Blush, large, fine.

BENGAL, CHINESE, OR DAILY ROSE.

25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

The brilliant colors of many roses of this class, as well as their constant blooming and dwarf habit, render them great favorites for window-gardening and winter blooming; they are also equally adapted for the flower-bed or pot-culture. The following select sorts are the most desirable:

AGRIPPINA. Deep crimson.
ARCHDUKE CHARLES. Changeable.

CELS. Blush.

DUCHER. Pure white.

EUGENE BEAUHARNAIS. Crimson.

INDICA ALBA, or White Daily. JAMES SPRUNT, or Climbing Agrippina. 50 cts. JEAN MARIE (New). Deep crimson, streaked with amaranth. 50 cts.

LA SUPERB (New). Lilac rose, shaded with carmine; large. 50 cts.

LAWRENCIA (Miniature). Pink. LAWRENCIA (Miniature). Crimson.

LEMESEL (New). Fine double rose, fine form. LOUIS PHILIPPE. Crimson and rose.

Dark crimson. Lucullus.

Sparkling crimson, fine Nemesis (New). bloomer.

PETIT NINI (New). Brilliant amaranth,

shaded with black. PINK DAILY. Pink.

SANGUINEA. Blood-red.

TEA-SCENTED ROSE.

This class comprises the most of the "Ever-blooming" Roses. They are, however, quite as much prized and admired for the delicious fragrance and the exquisitely beautiful forms of their flowers, as for their free-blooming qualities. They make excellent bedders, yielding a constant succession of flowers throughout the entire season, and are also well adapted for pot-culture. In color they embrace all shades, from the purest white to bright crimson, and from light straw to rich orange. Those marked with an * are the best suited for forcing and winter blooming.

Select List of New and Old Varieties.

30 cts.; \$3 per doz., except where noted.

plish rose, very fragrant. ANNA OLIVIER (New). Light salmon yellow.

50 cts.

ANNETTE SEAUT. White, shaded yellow; very double.

Bella. Pure white.

ALINE SISLEY. Color varies from red to pur- | BELLE LYONNAISE. Canary yellow, shaded salmon.

BIANQUI. Extra double white, very fragrant. *Bon Silene. Carmine and salmon.

*CANARIE. Fine yellow. CATHARINE MERMET. Bright flesh color, full and beautiful. 50 cts.

TFA-SCENTED ROSE-Continued.

CHAMOIS. Yellow, shaded dark yellow. 50 cts. CLAIRE CARNOT. Deep yellow. 50 cts. COMTESS DE LABARTHE. Fine salmon rose,

globular bud.

COMTESSE RIZA DU PARC (New). Flowers medium size to large, double, globular; color beautiful rose on a copper ground; very vigorous grower. 50 cts. **CORNELIA COOK. Large buds of perfect form,

color creamy white.

*DAVID PRADEL. Carmine shaded with rose, extra.

DEVONIENSIS. Creamy white. DEVONIENSIS (climbing). Creamy white. climbing habit.

*DOUGLAS. Rich crimson.

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH (VEITCH) (New). The new crimson-flowered tea-rose: the first of this color; beautiful. 50 cts.

ESTHER PRADEL. Salmon rose.
GLOIRE DE DIJON. Blush and yellow.

HELVETIA (New), Salmon with peach-colored centre. 50 cts.

HOMERE. Rose, salmon centre.

*Isabella Sprunt. Sulphur, white shade. *Jean Pernet. Creamy yellow, with deep yellow centre; double. Le Nankin. White, base of petals bright

nankeen vellow.

LE PACTOLE. Pale yellow.

LETTY COLES (New). A fixed sport of the fine tea-rose, Madame Willermoz, in form resembling that fine rose, in color a beautiful pink. 75 ets

MARIE GUILLOT. White tinted with yellow. MADAME AZALIE IMBERT. Buff yellow. 50 cts.

MADAME BRAVY. Pure white.

MADAME CAMILLE. Very fine light rose, 50 cts. MADAME CECILE BERTHOD. Very double, deep vellow. 50 cts.

MADAME CELINE NOIREY. Large rosy purple. MADAME DAMAIZIN. Salmon rose.

MADAME FALCOT. Nankeen yellow. MADAME FBANCOIS JANIN. Orange yellow,

fine double, 50 cts.

MADAME MARGOTTIN. Dark vellow, with rose centre; very fine.

MADAME RUSSELL. Creamy buff, shaded with pink. *MADAME WILLERMOZ. Very large creamy

white: one of the best.

*MARECHAL NIEL. Bright golden vellow, large and fine form, with thick, feathery petals, opening well, fragrant, climbing habit, finest acquisition for many years, and should be in every collection, Strong plants, 50 cts. to \$1

MARIE SISLEY. *Cream white, bordered with

rose; fine. 50 cts.
MARIE VAN HOUTTE. Very large and double creamy white, 50 cts.

*NIPHETOS. Pure white, full, fragrant, fine Magnolia-like petals.

*OLYMPE FRACINEY. White, shaded with vellow; fine.

PERLE DES JARDINS (New). Beautiful strawcolor, sometimes deep canary; fine. 50 cts.

PERLE DE LYON. Very large double yellow, strong grower and free-flowering; extra. 50 ets

REINE DE PORTUGAL. Golden yellow, shaded with coppery rose. 50 cts. *SAFRANO. Saffron yellow.

*Souvenir D'UN Amie. Bright rose, large, perfect form, fragrant; one of the best. SOUVENIR DE JENNY PERNET, White, shaded

with salmon.

TRIOMPHE DE LUXEMBOURG. Rose. VALLEE DE CHAMOUNIX (New). Orange yel-

low, shaded lilac, 50 cts.

NOISETTE ROSE.

40 ets.; \$4 per doz.

These Roses are free-blooming, flowering in clusters, of taller habit than the foregoing classes; some of them are very fragrant. Those marked with an * are adapted for training to trellises and pillars.

AMERICA. Creamy yellow. AMIE VIBERT. Pure white.

BEAUTY OF GREEN MOUNT. Deep rose. CAROLINE CUSTER, Light buff yellow; free.

50 cts. *CHROMATELLA. Cloth of FELLENBERG. Crimson. Cloth of gold.

*JAUNE DESPREZ. Rosy buff.

*LAMARKE. Creamy white. MADAME HERMANN. Fine rosy salmon. *MONSTROSA. Blush.

*OLIFF. Pink. OPHIRE.

*SIR WALTER SCOTT. Deep rose, *SOLFATERRE. Yellow.

*WASHINGTON. White.

PERPETUAL MOSS ROSE.

\$1.00, except where noted.

EUGENIE GUINOISEAU. Bright cherry, chang- | MADAME MOREAU. Vermilion red, veined ing to violet.

JAMES VEITCH. Deep violet, shaded with crimson; large and double; best dark Moss.
MADAME EDOUARD ORY. Deep rose, large and full. \$1.

with white.

SALET. Bright rose, blush edge. SOUPERT AND NOTTING. Fine pink; mossy. SOUVENIR DE PIERRE VIBERT. Dark red, shaded with carmine and violet.

ANNUAL MOSS ROSE.

60 cts.; \$6 per doz.

BLANC. White. CRISTATA. Rose, crested. ENGLISH Moss. Red, very mossy.

GLOIRE DE MOSSEUSES. Fine rose, very mossy. HENRY MARTIN. Carmine. WILLIAM LOBB. Purplish violet.

PRAIRIE ROSE.

Very hardy climbers. 40 cts.

BALTIMORE BELLE. Blush. GEM OF THE PRAIRIES. Rich rose color; fra- PRAIRIE QUEEN. Deep rose. grant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Those marked * are climbers. 40 cts. each.

FORTUNE'S DOUBLE YELLOW. Yellow, shaded | MA SURPRISE. White, centre shaded with with crimson.

GREVILLA OF SEVEN SISTERS. In clusters, changeable.

*HEBERMONT MUSK CLUSTER. White, very fragrant.

Laura Davoust. Blush. MADAME PLANTIER. Pure white. salmon; fragrant.

SWEET BRIER. Rosy pink. *WHITE BANKSIA. Fragrant. *WHITE MICROPHYLLA. White.

*WHITE MUSK CLUSTER. Pure white, very fragrant.

*YELLOW BANKSIA. Fragrant.

A | RUSSELIA JUNCEA. Scarlet tubular flowers, grass-like habit. 25 cts. REINECKIA CARNEA VARIEGATA. grass-like plant. 20 cts.

SALVIA-Sage.

These rich and abundant-flowering plants are indispensable in the autumnal garden; either in masses or scattered among shrubbery, their gorgeous effect is best displayed. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz. SPLENDENS. Scarlet Sage. SPLENDENS.

BRUANTI. A novelty of great value for groups in open ground, dwarf and very

bushy, long and large flowers, early, splendid velvety red. 50 cts. GORDONI. Scarlet; dwarf.

MARMORATA. A new variety of Scarlet

Sage, the flowers and calyx pure white, beautifully mottled and spotted with scarlet, dwarf habit, free blooming.

SOUCHETI FLORE ALBO. Pure white.

Officinalis. Tricolor foliage, green, white, and pink variegated; flowers blue; hardy. Officinalis Aurea. Golden yellow margin;

flowers blue; hardy. PATENS. Richest azure blue; large. Rosea. Rose-colored.

SEDUM.

These interesting and very pretty plants are too much neglected. They will thrive in almost any soil, or upon rocks, where many other plants would scarcely live; useful in large vases, hanging-baskets, etc.

CARNEUM VARIEGATUM. Light green lance-shaped leaves, edged with white. 30 cts.

SIEBALDI. Small round leaves, rose-colored flowers; hardy. 20 cts.

SIEBALDI VARIEGATA. Same as above, leaves edged with white; hardy. This beautiful little plant does not receive the attention it deserves, as it may be used in baskets, vases, stumps and remain permanent from year to year. 30 cts.

SENECIO—German or Parlor lvy.

Very useful climbers for inside or open ground decoration, free growers and well adapted to basket or vase culture.

A decided novelty, of a dark metallic green hue, veined with silvery gray; thick, fleshy leaves, which so nearly resemble the English Ivy that it is frequently mistaken

for it even by florists; vigorous climbing habit, producing large golden yellow flowers. This sort can be used to very great advantage for many purposes. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

SCANDENS. Light green-leaves, rapid grower. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

SCANDENS VARIEGATA. A novelty, with bright green leaves irregularly bordered and marked with creamy white. Our stock, being in good condition, it makes quite the same rapid growth as the green type, and presents a very attractive appearance. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA.

One of the most charming hot house climbers, growing rapidly, with long, glossy, deep green foliage, and producing clusters of pure white flowers, deliciously fragrant; very extensively used for cut flowers. 75 cts.

STEVIA.

White winter blooming plants of great value, vigorous growth and free flowering. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

Snowy white flowers, early bloomer. COMPACTA.

SERBATA VARIEGATA. Leaves edged with white; largely employed in ribbon gardening.

HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS.

These add materially to the beauty of the garden, furnishing a supply of flowers during the spring and summer months, many of them of delightful fragrance. Strong plants of the following: ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon). In varieties..... CRATÆGUS PYRACANTHA. Fine for hedges; pink tlowers.
CYDONIA JAPONICA (Pyrus Japonica). Scarlet flowers.
CYTISUS LABURNUM (Golden Chain).
DAPHNE CNEORUM. Fragrant, pink flowers, beautiful.
DEUTZIA SCABRA. White flowers, tall growing.
CRENATA FLORE-PLENO. White, double.
GRACILIS. A neat, dwarf-growing shrub, with panicles of pure white flowers bloom-50 50 ing in profusion 50 60 00 50 PURPUREA. Chinese purple.

PEACH. Double-flowering, pink and white...

PHILADELPHUS (Syringa). Known also as the Mock Orange.

PRUNUS SINENSIS. Double white flowering Plum...

RHODODENDRONS. See special description....\$1 00 to 1 50 75 50 50 50 RHUS COTINUS (Purple Mist Tree). Showy..... SPIRÆA. Blooming from early spring until autumn. BILLABDI. Flowers in pink spikes.

CALLOSA. Pink corymbs; fine. 50 Very dwarf white..... THUNBERGIA. JAPONICA (Astilbe Japonica). Dwarf, elegant white spikes..... 50 SYRINGA (Lilac). A favorite early flowering shrub, fragrant..... 50 VIBURNUM OPULIS (Snowball) 50 WEIGELIA. Popular and handsome shrub. AMABILIS. Light pink. AMABILIS ALBA. White. DESBOISI. Deep rose. ISOLINE. Pure white. ROSEA. Deep pink. AMABILIS VARIEGATA.

SUMMER CLIMBERS.

Very useful, free flowering and rapid growing climbers for decorating verandas, trellises, screens, etc., blooming all summer and autumn.

COB.EA. See special description, 25 cts. IPOMEA LEARI. Large azure-blue convolvulus flowers. 20 cts.

LOPHOSPERNUM SCANDENS. Foxglove-like, rosy purple flowers

MADEIRA VINE. See special description. 10 cts.

MADEIEA VINE. See special description. 10 cts.

"ANETHA CORDIFOLIA. See special description. 25 cts.

"AURANDIAS. Exquisite slender climbing plants, with graceful foliage and handsome white, pink and purple trumpet-shaped flowers. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

ALBA. White. BARCLAYANA. Purple.

ROSEA. Rose.

SENECIO. See special description.
THUNBERGIAS. Very desirable for vase plants, blooming incessantly; white, buff and orange flowers, with black eyes. Each color 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

SANCHERZIA NOBILIS VARIEGATA. A noble plant when well grown in the hot-house, valuable for decora-

tion; large leaves, beautifully variegated. 50 cts.
SAXIFRAGIA FORTUNEI. 20 cts.
TRICOLOR. This beautifully variegated plant is much prized for the coloring of its leaves, and should be in every collection. 50 cts.

STRELITZIA REGINA. The Queen plant. \$2.50 to \$4.



MAURANDIA.

TIGRIDIA-Shell-Flower.

The flowers are about four inches in diameter. The bulbs are planted about the middle of May, and taken up in October and kept over winter in dry sand.

CONCHIFLORA. Orange, with crimson spots, flowering from July to October. Curious and beautiful shell-like flowers. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

PAVONIA. Red, with crimson spots. 15 ets.; \$1.50 per doz.

TORENIA ASIATICA.

An exquisite, tropical soft-wooded plant, producing a profusion of waxy, porcelain blue flowers, tipped with rich violet-purple, in constant succession; it succeeds admirably out of doors in the summer season, where the situation is moist and half-shady, and from its trailing habit is well adapted for vases, rustic baskets, rock work, etc. 20 cts.

TORENIA FOURNIERI.

This fine new annual variety, producing large sky-blue flowers, with three spots of a dark blue and a bright yellow centre, has proven a splendid bedding variety. On our grounds last summer, exposed to the full sun, it formed a compact bushy plant about one foot high, which commenced to flower in June, and continued incessantly until frost; fine for massing or edgings. 20 ets.; \$2 per doz.

TRITOMA UVARIA GRANDIFLORA.

A splendid summer and autumn flowering plant, with stately flower scapes and magnificent terminal dense spikes of rich orange red flower-tubes; familiarly known from its glowing colors as the "Red-hot Poker." Hardy, with protection. 25 to 50 cts., according to size.



DOUBLE TUBEROSE.

One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the summer flowering bulbs, throwing up tall spikes of double white flowers three to five feet high, which remain in bloom a long period. It is now an indispensable article in making up a bouquet or basket of flowers at any time during the year, as by skilful management a succession of flowers can be obtained. For early flowers they can be started in February or March, in the greenhouse or hot-bed; and for a succession they can be planted at intervals as late as August. For flowering in the open borders, they can be planted about the first of May; they will then bloom in September. We grow upwards of 50,000 of these roots, and are in a position to supply the finest bulbs.

First size, each	00
Second size, each	8
Per hundred	00
First size, started in pots for early flowering, \$2 per dozen	.*

New Double Tuberose, "Pearl,"

The value of this sort over the common variety consists in its flowers being of double size, imbricated like a rose, and its dwarf habit, growing only from eighteen inches to two feet in height; its short growth making it desirable as a pot plant or for winter forcing.

10 cts.; \$1 per doz.; \$6 per hundred.

Started in pots, \$2 per doz.

Variegated-leaved Tuberose. Leaves striped with light yellow, very showy when planted in masses; flowers single. 20 cts.; \$2 per doz.

When sent by mail, 25 cts. additional for postage.

Tuberose bulbs, when sent by mail, 25 cts. per dozen additional to pay postage. Those started in pots cannot be sent by mail.

TRICHYRTIS GRANDIFLORA. Hardy, orchid-like flowers. 25 cts.
TROPÆOLUM LOBBIANUM. In variety. 25 cts.



TRADESCANTIA.

Often called "Wandering Jew," and very pretty for baskets and fountains, growing rapidly, with handsome foliage. 15 ets.; \$1.50 per doz.

AQUATICA. Very small green leaves.

AQUATICA. Very small green leaves.

DISCOLOR. An upright growing sort, light green leaves, the under side violet-purple, good for a centre plant of baskets, etc.; strong grower. 30 cts.

VITTATA. Bright green, striped white. DISCOLOR.

ZEBRINA. Leaves striped with silvery white on a dark ground.



VALLOTA PURPUREA.

VALLOTA PURPUREA.

Flowers of a brilliant scarlet, resembling the Amarvllis. the bulb throwing up its strong stems in August about one foot high, with from five to eight of its lily-like flow-Unlike many other bulbs, it requires no season of rest, but can be kept constantly in a growing condition, taking care not to over-pot them, as they flower better when pot-bound. 30 to 50 cts.

THE VERBENA

Is the most useful and popular of our bedding plants, yet for want of proper cultivation, many fail to grow it to perfection. Frequent change of soil is necessary. A fresh, sandy loam, enriched with well-rotted manure, or sods from a pasture, thrown up with cow manure, and well-

rotted before using, we have found the best. A simple plan, when it is not practicable to renew the entire bed, is to dig holes about

one foot square and deep, wherever a plant is desired, and fill up with fresh soil, as above named. We have devoted much labor and care in the annual selection of our Verbena seed, and with over an acre bed to select from, we are in a position to secure first-class novelties in point of color, habit and growth.

Price to name or color, \$1.25 per doz.; without names, assorted colors, \$1 per doz.; \$6 per hundred.

AURORA. Rosy crimson, extra large. BIJOU. Dark scarlet, large white eye.
BIRD OF PASSAGE. Orange scarlet, white eye.
BLUE BIRD. Blue, white eye.
BRUNETTE. Indigo blue, dark eye. CANDIDISSIMA. The finest white bedder. DAPHNE. Crimson, extra. DAPHNE. Crimson, extra.

DEFIANCE. Fine scarlet bedder.

DISPLAY. White, striped carmine.

GAIETY. White, large purple centre.

GLOW-WORM. Dazzling velvety crimson.

HESPERAS. White, large violet crimson centre.

HINDOO. Purplish blue, large white eye. JUBILEE. Crimson, white eye.
MAGNUS. White, striped lilac and purple. MAS. HAYES. Rosy carmine, very large.
MES. WOODRUFF. The finest scarlet.
MONITOR. Maroon, splashed with white.
MURILLO. Striped purple and white.



THE VERBENA.

NABOB. Blush pink, white eye. OBERON. Crimson, splashed with violet. ORACLE. White, flaked with scarlet. OVID. Rosy pink. REMARKABLE. White, striped with blue. ROSINA. White, maculated with pink. ROSINA. White, maculated v. SERAPH. Scarlet, white eye. White, striped with scarlet. TALISMAN. White, striped with scarce.
TEMPLE. White, with a pink band through each petal. VELVET MANTLE. Velvety crimson, white eve. VULCAN. Scarlet, black centre.

VINCA.

This old and popular plant should be in every garden, producing its masses of bloom from June to frost; of compact bushy growth. Its continual bloom makes a desirable plant for massing. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

ALBA. Pure white.
ALBA OCULATA. White, crimson eye.

Rosea. Rose, dark eye.

VINCA-Periwinkle.

HARRISONI. A beautiful variegated trailing plant, rapid growth, leaves dark green, centre light green, light blue flowers. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz.

MAJOR VARIEGATA. Similar to the above in growth, leaves glossy green, broadly margined with creamy white, blue flowers; both sorts admirably adapted to hanging baskets and vases. 15 cts.: \$1.50 per doz.

VIOLET.



It is one of the leading flowers among florists for bouquets and cut flowers. All the varieties should have a slight protection of leaves during the winter. A better plan to insure early spring flowering is, to plant in cold frames in the fall. They thrive best, during the summer, in a shady situation, in a rich, deep soil. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per doz., except where noted.

Belle de Chatenay. Pure white, border of petals embroidered with lilac. It is quite fragrant.

KING OF VIOLETS. Large, double, dark blue. 30 cts.
MARIE LOUISE. Deep violet blue; very fragrant and freeflowering. It should be grown by all interested in the culture of cut flowers, on account of its easy forcing qualities. NEAPOLITAN. Light blue, large, double, and exquisitely

fragrant.

ODORATA FL. PL. The old double Russian violet, producing the largest double dark blue flowers, very fragrant. 25 cts.

PRINCESS LOUISE. Fine, double, white.

QUEEN VICTORIA. The largest single-flowering sort, deep blue, very fragrant and free; a good forcing variety. It is a vigorous grower, an abundant bloomer, and perfectly hardy.

SCHENBRUN. Single, deep blue; very fragrant.

WHITE CZAR. Very large single white flowers, sweetly scented, strong growth and freeflowering.

VIBURNUM TINUS (Laurustinus.) White VITIS VARIEGATA. Hardy climber, varieflowers, buds rose-colored. 25 cts. to 50 cts.

WISTARIA-Chinese Glycene.

One of the most popular hardy vines, growing rapidly, climbing to a height of fifty feet or more, and when in bloom presents a truly magnificent appearance. The plants offered are all strong, pot-grown, transplant easily, and give satisfaction.

FRUTESCENS (American Glycene). Of a more dwarf habit than the Chinese, darker blue flowers. 25 cts.

MULTIJUGA. A new variety from Japan, with very elegant foliage and flowers of lilac and blue. 50 cts. to \$1.

SINENSIS. One of the most hardy climbing plants, and when once established, of rapid growth,

covering the entire side of a house in a few years, presenting a magnificent appearance when in full bloom, with its thousands of rich clusters or pendulous racemes of delicate violetblue blossoms, richly perfumed. 30 cts.

SINENSIS ALBA. A white variety of the above. 50 cts.

YUCCA.

ALŒIFOLIA. Handsome purplish green. 50 cts. ALŒIFOLIA VARIEGATA. Very fine. \$1 to \$5. FILAMENTOSA (Adam's Needle). Hardy and very ornamen-

tal, long, narrow leaves, from the edges of which hang long, white threads. The flower-stem rises to a height of five feet, bearing a spike of large, creamy white, bellshaped flowers; very striking. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

RECURVA. A valuable hardy variety; fine for vases or outdoor planting; exceedingly graceful, recurving habit. 25 cts. to 50 cts.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS, LILIES, AND OTHER BULBS, FOR WINTER AND SPRING FLOWERING,

PUBLISHED SEPTEMBER 1st OF EVERY YEAR.



SMALL FRUITS.

THE circumstances of soil and climate greatly influence the varieties, both in productiveness and quality, hence the wide difference of opinion upon their respective merits. Of so many new varieties of which we hear and try, few stand the test, or last over a year or two, before we find there is nothing in them. We have endeavored to weed out, in the following lists, the poorer kinds, and to offer only those that have stood a severe test; still it were better for the cultivator to experiment carefully in the newer sorts until they were found adapted to his soil and climate.

Postage on Small Fruit Plants.

All small fruit plants will be sent by mail, at the single or dozen rates, without additional charge. When ordered at the hundred rate, add for Strawberry plants, 15 ets. for fifty, 25 ets. for one hundred; Raspberry plants, 30 ets. for fifty, 50 ets. for one hundred; Grapevines, Blackberry, Currant, and Gooseberry plants, 50 ets. for fifty, 80 ets. for one hundred additional, to pay postage.

BLACKBERRY.

These are rank growers, requiring an ordinary soil, with a spading of manure in the spring; trim out the dead wood in the autumn, and the end of growing shoots in the summer. Plant 3 hy 8 feet anart

	Per	doz.	Per	100.
EARLY DORCHESTER. The earliest sort, good bearers	.\$1	00		
EARLY WILSON. Early, large, sweet and productive	1	00	4	00
KITTATINNY. Very large, superior quality and productive	. 1	00	4	90
LAWTON, or NEW ROCHELLE. Large, sweet and juicy	. 1	00	4	90

CURRANT.

These require a cool, rich ground. Plant 3 by 4 feet apart. Per doz. Per 100, \$15 00 8 00 8 00

8 00 10 00

GOOSEBERRY.

Requires a cool, rich soil. Plant 3 by 4 feet apart. The English varieties are liable to mildew, and will succeed in some locations; the sorts are imported from Lancashire.

ENGLISH VARIETIES. Choice sorts of the large varieties, which show their character after the

second year of fruiting. 30 cts.; \$3 per doz.

HOUGHTON'S AMERICAN SEEDLING. A vigorous and productive variety, the best for our climate, not liable to mildew. \$2 per doz.; \$12 per 100.

GRAPE VINES-Hardy Varieties.

These vines should be planted from 6 to 10 feet apart in rows, rows 8 feet apart, either trained on trellises or tied to stakes, and thinned out during the season. Give plenty of good manure every spring, and bone dust during the season. One year old vines, 30 cts.; \$3 per doz. Two vears old, 50 cts.; \$5 per doz.

inicy.

AMINIA (Roger's No. 39). Blackish purple. BARRY (Roger's No. 43). Black, tender and sweet.

CATAWBA. Red, covered with mac bloom.
CLINTON. Black, berries small, good for wines. CONCORD. Black, large berry, sweet and aromatic. This is, without exception, the most valuable grape for general cultivation.
BEVELING. Small black fruit.

CREVELING.

CRISTINE, OF TELEGRAPH.

DELAWARE. Red, bunches and berries small, sweet.

DIANA. Pale red, medium size, musky flavor. EUMELAN. Black, large bunches and berries. Essex (Roger's No. 41). Black, medium sweet.

AGAWAM (Roger's No. 15). Red, tender and GOETHE (Roger's No. 1). Yellowish green, red on sunny side; an excellent table grape.

HARTFORD PROLIFIC. Black, early.

HARTFORD PROLIFIC. Black, early.

IONA. Red, medium berries.

ISABELLA. Black, large.

ISRAELLA. Black.

LADY. A new white grape of considerable reputation. 75 cts., 1 year.

MARTHA (White Concord). White, berries

large, very sweet, with fine, spicy aroma, vine healthy and hardy.

MERRIMAC (Roger's No. 19). Black, early, sweet.

SALEM (Roger's No. 53). Light chestnut color, large, sweet and aromatic.

WILDER (Roger's No. 4). Purplish black, early.

FOREIGN GRAPE VINES.

For growing under Glass in Hot or Cold Graperies.

In the following list of vines, we have selected only the best varieties for general use, but can furnish others if so desired. These vines are all of the best quality, extra fine and strong, and are certain of giving satisfaction, of one and two years growth; one year in six inch pots, and the two year old in ten inch pots.

One year old, \$1.50; \$15 per doz. Two year old, \$2.50; \$24 per doz.

These varieties are suitable for either hot or cold graperies:

Black Varieties. BLACK HAMBURG. MUSCAT HAMBURG. VICTORIA HAMBURG. TRENTHAM BLACK. BLACK ALICANT.

Black Varieties. BLACK PRINCE. ROYAL ASCOTT.

White and Yellow Varieties. GOLDEN HAMBURG. GOLDEN CHASSELAS.

White and Yellow Varieties. BUCKLAND'S SWEETWATER. CHASSELAS DE FONTAIN-BLEAU. SANTA CRUIZ. WHITE FRONTIGNAC. WHITE NICE.

These varieties are only suitable for hot graperies:

BLACK BARBAROSSA. Late. PRINCE ALBERT. Black, late. BARNES MUSCAT. Black, early.

DUCHESS OF BUCCLIEUGH. | MUSCAT OF ALEXANDRIA. White, late. CANNON HALL MUSCAT. White, late.

White, early.

RASPBERRY.

Plant 3 by 6 feet apart, in good soil, in the autumn or early spring; the old wood should be trimmed out in the winter.

BRANDYWINE. Perfectly hardy, prolific; fruit large, bright red, fine flavor; a splendid variety for market. \$1 per doz.; \$4 per 100.

BRINCKLE'S ORANGE. Large, orange, sweet, vigorous and productive; the richest and highest

flavored; requires protection. \$2 per doz.

DAVIDSON'S THORNLESS BLACK CAP. Early, large, black, sweet. \$1 per doz.; \$5 per 100.

FELTON'S EARLY PROLIFIC. A variety recently introduced, fruiting very early in the season, combined with the following characteristics, as described by Mr. Felton:

"The plant is short-jointed, of stocky habit, having very dark foliage, great vigor of

growth, and is perfectly hardy; were never known to winter-kill.

"Fruit large, roundish, conical, regularly formed, of a dark red color, and rich, brisk, vinous flavor, inclining to acid." \$2 per doz.; \$12 per 100.

Felton's Reliance. This variety, introduced at the same time as the above, is the best for main crop, and is described by Mr. Felton as follows:

"The Polispecies of warm stocky habit warm short idented with requirement budged darks."

"The Reliance is of very stocky habit, very short-jointed, with prominent buds and dark, heavy foliage, great vigor of growth, and perfectly hardy; showing perfectly healthy, uninjured buds on the very tips of the canes. Never known to winter-kill.

"Fruit large, many of them 2½ inches in circumference, roundish, with large fleshy seed

beds adhering slightly to the germ. Color, dark red, with a rich, sprightly acid flavor; entirely free from the insipid sweet, characteristic of so many varieties; and will remain in good condition three or four days on the bushes after they are ripe, and can be shipped in perfect order hundreds of miles to market." \$2 per doz.; \$12 per 100.

MAMMOTH CLUSTER BLACK CAP. The largest black raspberry; strong grower. \$1 per doz.;

\$4 per 100.

PHILADELPHIA. Fruit good size, purplish red color, rich and juicy; perfectly hardy, and always productive. \$1 per doz.; \$4 per 100.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

The circumstances of soil and climate greatly influence the varieties of this fruit, both in its productiveness and quality; hence the wide difference of opinion upon their respective merits. Fortunately there are varieties enough to suit all soils and tastes, and each cultivator can, by careful experiment, discover which of the most popular varieties are suited to his circumstances. The best months for planting runner plants in this vicinity are September and October for the autumn, and March and April in the spring; the spring months are generally preferred by all our extensive fruit-growers. When planted in beds for garden culture, the plants can be set from 12 to 15 inches apart, each way. For field culture the rows are about 3 feet apart, and 12 inches in the rows. The ground must be deeply dug and manured with say three inches of wellrotted cow or horse manure. When the ground freezes, cover with hay, leaves, or straw two inches deep; in the spring work this under the plants to mulch the soil and keep the fruit clean.

POT-GROWN PLANTS of the six leading sorts, viz.: Boyden's No. 30, Chas. Downing, Monarch of the West, Black Defiance, Triomphe de Gand, and Sharpless' Seedling, ARE READY AUGUST 1st, and when planted out at this time until September 15th, in rich soil and protected during the winter with a covering of leaves or straw, will give the following spring a very good when strawbarries are set out from those layared in post avery plant will live while erop. When strawberries are set out from those layered in pots, every plant will live, while the open ground plants are difficult to transplant to insure growing. Pot-grown plants of the above sorts, \$2 per 50; \$3 per 100:

STRAWBERRY PLANTS-Continued-New and Standard Varieties.

Per	doz.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
ALBANY (Wilson's). Very hardy and productive; the favorite variety for field culture; fruit good size, crimson, brisk acid flavor\$0 BLACK DEFIANCE. A hybrid between the "Triomphe de Gand" and Shape conical, sometimes flattened; perries very sometimes flattened; perries very	25	\$1 00	\$5 00
large, color dark crimson; flesh firm and solid, sweet, remarkanly juicy, and of the most exquisite aroma. Plants hardy and vigorous. Boyney's No. 30 (Seth Boyden). Berries very large, roundish conical,	50	1 50	10 00
with neck; dark scarlet, flesh firm, melting, sweet and of pleasant flavor, very reliable	50	1 50	8 00
CHAMPION, P. Fruit irregular, globe-shaped, of dark crimson color and good shape; very large, sometimes 6 inches in circumference CHARLES DOWNING. Vigorous and productive; fruit large, deep scar-	50	1 50	8 00
let, firm, juicy, sweet and rich flavor. A lavorite variety, succeeding everywhere and under any system of cultivation, continues productive on the same ground without renewing for some years CERCENT SEEDLING. One of the most productive varieties ever intro-	50	1 00	6 00
duced. Berries medium to large, bright red, and of good quality. Very valuable for market purposes	25	1 00	5 00
of the originator as the largest berry in cultivation; bright crimson color and good flavor	50	2 00	10 00
immense size, glossy crimson MONARCH OF THE WEST. Very large and productive; bright red color, delicious flavor. Plant exceedingly strong and vigorous, succeed-	50	2 00	10 00
ing everywhere except on very light, sandy soil, and under all systems of cultivation SHARPLESS' SEEDLING. From all parts of the country this variety has gained a reputation of being one of the best varieties of recent introduction. The berries are very large, generally oblong, clear light red, of excellent quality, produced on the strongest fruit stems well above the foliage. It has a hardy vigorous habit, very strong large leaves, and the plantis very prolific. From trials on our own grounds	50	1 50	8 00
we do not hesitate to endorse it highly and recommend it for every	1 00	3 00	15 00
market or home use. It is quite early and continues until very late. Special prices for large lots will be given on application.	50	2 00	10 00

INSECT DESTROYERS, FERTILIZERS, ETC.

We offer the following preparations for destroying the different kinds of Insects, which are such pests to the Gardener and Amateur, that at times they almost despair of saving their plants, until the best known remedies are tried for destroying the same, which we have endeavored to give in our list, and they not only destroy them, but at the same time promote a healthy and vigorous growth. We have a book for sale on the subject: "How to Destroy Insects on Plants and Flowers, in the Garden and House." Price, in paper cover, 30 cts. We also give a list of the best Fertilizers for Flowering Plants, Lawn, and the Garden. On page 80 will be found Syringes, Bellows, Sprinklers, etc., for applying these compounds and preparations.

BRIDGEFORD'S ANTISEPTIC LIQUID.

For the removal of Parasites, Lichens, and Insects, injurious to Plants, Trees, Shrubs, etc.

This preparation is quite distinct from any other already before the public. It is quick, safe, and effectual for the destruction of the Green Fly, Mealy Bug, Thrip, Red Spider, Mildew, Blight and Scale of every description. It contains nothing deleterious to plants, not even stanning the leaves or leaving an unpleasant smell in the house. Its application is so simple that it can be used with safety by the most inexperienced hand. Instructions for application with each bottle. Price, each, 80 cts. (Not mailable.)

GISHURST'S COMPOUND.

This is extensively used in England and on the Continent, as well as in this country, and is effectual for preventing and destroying *Green, Brown*, and *Black Fly, Mildew, Thrip, Mealy Bug*, and *Scale*, also for washing walls, frames and sashes of green-houses. With directions. Per box, 75 cts.; by mail, \$1.

CARBOLIC ACID SOAP.

It will destroy all forms of insects and parasites of every description. It kills and drives away Lice, Fleas, Ants, Bugs, Worms, Grubs, and all insects that destroy animals and plants. With directions. Per cake, 10 cts.; by mail, 20 cts.

WHALE OIL SOAP.

An effectual remedy for destroying and preventing *Insects* on Plants, Trees, Vines, etc., for washing down the bark of Trees, Grape Vines, destroying the *Aphis* or *Plant Louse*, *Slugs* on Roses, *Thrips* on Grape Vines, *Mildew*, and *Slugs* on Pear Trees. In cans, with directions. Three sizes, at 30, 60, and 80 cts. each; the two small sizes only mailable, which we mail for 60 cts. and \$1.20. Quantities of 25 lbs. and upwards sold at 10 cts. per lb.

COMBINED SOAPS.

For destroying different kinds of Insects, and Fertilizing.

A new preparation has been made for destroying different kinds of Insects, and at the same time, while the Whale Oil Soap is used as a basis, it is a good fertilizer, and is also further improved by the addition of Guano. We have the following varieties, put up in balls 3 inches in diameter, and average about 10 oz. each, as well as the Whale Oil and Carbolic mixture in cans. Hellebore and Whale Oil combined. Per ball, 50 cts. Paris Green and Whale Oil combined. "50 cts. Sulphur and Whale Oil combined. "25 cts. Tobacco and Whale Oil combined. "25 cts. Guano and Whale Oil combined, for destroying insects, and at the same time answering as a fertilizer. "25 cts.

Remit for postage on the Balls 8 cts. additional each, when ordered to be sent by mail.

CARBOLIC and Whale Oil combined, in cans, with directions. Three sizes, 40, 75, and \$1 each; the two small sizes only mailable, which we mail for 75 cts. and \$1.35. Quantities of 25 lbs. and upwards sold at 15 cts. per lb.

HELLEBORE-For Destroying Rose Slugs.

To destroy Rose Slugs: Mix two ounces of powdered white hellebore to one gallon of boiling water. When cool enough to use, apply with a syringe or a wisp broom, bending the tops of the plants over so as to reach the under as well as the upper side of the leaves, dashing the liquid upon the plant in a fine spray. One or two applications is usually sufficient for a season, and it is thoroughly effective. It can also be applied in a powdered state early in the morning while the dew is upon the plants. With directions. Per bottle, 25 cts.; by mail, 40 cts.

PYRETHRUM ROSEUM-Persian Insect Powder.

For destroying Roaches, Ants, Fleas, and all other noxious Insects. To most effectually destroy the Bugs, the powder must be thrown into the crevices, holes and places infested by them. Per bottle, 25 cts.; by mail, 40 cts.

PURE PARIS GREEN-For Destroying Potato Bugs.

The only effectual remedy for destroying that pest. Take one pound of Paris Green and twenty pounds of plaster, mix thoroughly together and put it into the Potato Bug Destroyer, or any other appliance for distributing it evenly over the plants. Apply early in the morning, while the plants are wet with dew; it then forms a paste on the plants, and is more effectual; or, mix two tablespoonfuls to a bucket of water, stirring often to prevent it settling to the bottom, and apply with a syringe or a wisp broom. Directions for use with each package. 40 cts. per lb.; by mail, 56 cts.

GRAFTING WAX.

Of first quality, put up in convenient rolls for grafting; also good for cuts and bruises on trees, which causes them to heal up rapidly. Put up, with directions for use, 1 lb., 40 cts.; ½ lb., 25 cts., and ½ lb., 15 cts. By mail, 16 cts. per lb., or fraction thereof, additional for postage.

LAWN FERTILIZER.

The Philadelphia Lawn Fertilizer is specially adapted to *Grass* and *Flowers*. After years of trial, sown broadcast, proves that it stimulates the rapid growth of grass and flowers at less cost than stable manure. It is composed of soluble chemicals, highly concentrated, free from odor or lumps; 600 lbs. sufficient for an acre; 10 lbs. for 25 feet square. In sacks of 100 lbs., \$5; 50 lbs., \$3; and 10 lbs., 75 cts. By mail, 25 cts. per lb.

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO.

A well-known stimulant to promote growth of all kinds of growing crops and house plants, from the large percentage of ammonia and phosphate it contains. The quantity used per acre is from three to four hundred pounds; before using, it should be made fine and mixed with loam, charcoal dust, or plaster. It should not be mixed with any of the following: lime, ashes, muck or clay, as they are not suitable, nor should it come in contact with growing plants when used in a dry state. For pot plants and garden purposes, it can be used as a liquid manure, and its effect is almost immediate. Prepare in the following manner: take one pound of guano to twenty gallons of water, and let stand until dissolved. Water the plants once a week with the solution, stirring it up before using. Put up in tin cans, with directions; three sizes, 15, 30 and 50 cts. each, the two small sizes only mailable, which we mail for 40 cts. and 85 cts. Per sack of 200 lbs., \$8; per ton, \$60.

PURE, FINE-GROUND BONE FOR FERTILIZING.

Recommended for vine borders and fruit trees; if sown thickly, forms an excellent restoring and quickening power on grass-plots in gardens, pleasure-grounds, etc., but should be rolled in after sown; also fine for mixing with the soil for potting plants. It is applicable to almost all kinds of plants, also acting as an agent in making the soil more porous by its slow decomposition. The quantity used per acre is from three to four hundred pounds. Per sack of 200 lbs., \$5; per ton, \$40; for less quantities than a sack, 5 cts. per lb. By would 55 cts per lb. mail, 25 cts. per lb.

SUNDRY ARTICLES.

Per battel, SPHAGNUM Moss, used by Florists for packing plants for shipment; also for growing Orchids, etc. "
SPHAGNUM Moss, used by Florists for packing plants for shipment; also for growing Orchids, etc. "
TOBACCO STEMS, for fumigating plants to destroy insects, and if used every week or two, it not only destroys the insects, but promotes a healthy growth of the plants. Per lb., 25 cts.; per sack of 5 bush,
We recommend the Eurera Fumigation. See our list for sizes and prices on page 80.

ROFFEA, the best and strongest material known for tying plants, vines, etc.

Per lb. .. Per barrel, \$2.00 1 00 ROFFEA, the best and strongest material Known for tying plants, vines, etc. Per 1b.

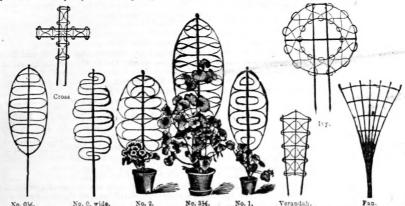
Bass (Cuba), for tying up plants and vines, budding, etc. Per lb.

Mars (Russian Bass), for budding, and covering hot-beds, second-hand, 1st qual., 25 cts. each. Per doz.

Mars (Russian Bass), second-hand, 2d qual. Used for the same purpose as above, 20 cts. each. Per doz. 75 2.50

WOODEN TRELLISES FOR FLOWER-POTS AND GARDEN.

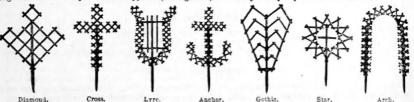
THESE trellises are in all cases made of reeds painted green, instead of wire. They retain their shape and form letter, are much lighter and equally durable. From their peculiar shape, large numbers can be put into a small space; thus making freight charges, even to most distant points, come very low.



No. 0½.	20.	U, wide	6,	- 4	10, 2,		10. 379.		NO. 1		. ,	erand	1221				Fau.	
No. 0, wide,	24×8 in. w	idee	ach	15 ct	s. pe	r doz.	\$1.50	Ivy	shape,	16 in.	di	iame	ter	eac	h 60	cts.	per doz.	\$6.00
No. 01/2,	24×71/2 in.	wide	56	20 '	4	41	2.00	66	66	20 "		66	**	66	85	66	46	8.50
No. 1,	30×10 in.	44	44	30	-6	48	3.00	66	44	24 4		64	.,	66	\$1.00	68	6.6	10.00
	30×14 "	66	66	40	66	*6	4.00	Vera	indah	shape,	2	ft. hi	igh.	66	35	65	66	4.00
No. 31/2	42×14 "	44	66	CO	11	66	6.00		55	66	3	66	6.	66	50	55	44	5.00
Fan shape,	2 feet high.		66	35		6.5	4.00	Cros	88	64	2	66	66	66	35	66	65	4.00
	17 1 11 11		6.6	65	ct	66	6.50	4.6		66	3	66		4.6	65		44	6.50
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BLACK WALNUT TRELLISES FOR POTS AND GARDEN.

These trellises are neatly made and are adjustable, and can be fastened at various widths or heights, according to the size of the plants to be supported; being oiled, are not injured by exposure to the weather.



Diar	mona.		Cros	58.		7.2	re.			Anchor.	Gott	Lic.	Star.	A	ren.	
Diamond	No. 1, 1	18 in.	high			е	ach	20	cts.				high			
	No. 2, 2									Gothic	No. 1,	18 "	35	44	20	46
Cross													-46			
**	No. 2, 2	21 "	46				66	25	44	Star	No. 1,	13 "	diam	66	20	66
	No. 1, 2									64	No. 2,	16 "	44	66	25	66
	No. 2, 2									Arch	No. 1,	30 "	high	61	50	68
Anchor	No. 1, 1	18 "	44				66	30	8.5	66	No. 2,	36 "		44	60	45
		T . T	TIT	TRIC	777	- 0	***	-		0.00		222	T OMTOTTO			

TAPERING FLOWER-POT AND GARDEN STICKS.

Made light and of durable wood, painted green. The Dahliu sticks are two-thirds heavier than the others.

11/2	ft., tar	pering	gPe	r doz.,	20 c	ts.	Per 100,	\$1.25	1 4	ft.	taperin	ag	er doz.	\$.85.	Per 100,	\$6.00
2	64	46		46	35	66	61	2.25	1 8	5 60	16		66	1.00.	66	7.00
21/2	68	66		46	50	11	44	3,25	3	66	46	Dahlia	66	.85.	65	6.00
3	65	46		46	60	46	64	4.00	4	66	61	66	66	1.00.	65	7.00
31/2	66	66		44	70	16	66	5.00	5	65	66	66	66	1.25.	64	8.50
, .									6	3 66	66	85	66	1.50.	65	10.00

Plant 4 in, long....per 100 15 cts. per 1000 \$1.00 Nursery, 12 in. long....per Nursery, 12 in. long....per 100 \$1.00 per 1000 \$6.50 Tree, notched for 25 " 1.50 15 wire, 4 in. long..... 1.00

THE FARMER'S AND GARDENER'S LIBRARY.

We keep in stock the following valuable and leading works on Agriculture, Horticulture, and Rural affairs, which we will mail on receipt of price.

Allen's Farm Book, revised and enlarged. \$2.50 | Langstroth on the Hive and Honor Book are the stock of the stock of

Allen's Farm Book, revised and enlarged\$2 50	Langstroth on the Hive and Honey Bee \$2 00
Allen's Diseases of Domestic Animals 1 00	Lewis' Practical Poultry Book 1 50
Allen's (L. F.) Rural Architecture 1 50	Lindley's Horticulture (Downing) 2 00
Alpine Plants Illustrated (David Wooster)	McClure's Diseases of the American Horse.
English work. 2 vols., each 9 00	Cattle and Sheep 2 00
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	Merrick on the Strawberry 1 00
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Bement's Amer. Poulterer's Companion 2 00	Miles on the Horse's Foot 75
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Broom Corn and Brooms (paper cover) 50	My Farm of Edgewood
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Buist's Family Kitchen Gardener 1 00	Onion Culture—How to raise Profitably 20 Pardee's Strawberry Culturist
Burr's Vegetables of America, Illustrated. 3 00	Pardee's Strawberry Culturist 75
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Chorlton's Grape Growers' Guide 75	Phantom Bouquets 1 00
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Dadd's Modern Howe Destar 1 50	Quinn's Money in the Garden 1 50 Quinn's Pear Culture for Profit 1 00
Dadd's Modern Horse Doctor	Quinn's Pear Culture for Profit 1 00
Darwin's Variations of Animals and Plants	Rand's Flowers for the Parlor and Garden. 2 50
under Domestication. 2 vols., each 2 50	Rand's Garden Flowers 2 50
Diehl's Poultry Doctor (paper cover) 25	Rand's Hardy and Tender Bulbs 1 50
Diehl's Poultry Doctor (paper cover) 25 Downing's Fruit & Fruit Trees of America 5 00	Rand's Rhododendrons
Downing's Selected Fruits 2 50	Rand's Window Gardener (New Edition). 1 25
Downing's Landscape Gard. (New Ed.) 6 50	Randall's Sheep Husbandry 1 50
Downing's Flower Garden Companion 2 00	Randolph's Parlor Gardener 1 00
Durand's Strawberry Culture (paper cov.) 50	Reed's House Plants for Everybody 1 50
Eastwood's Cultivation of the Cranberry 75	Riley's Potato Pests (paper cover)
Elliott's Lawn and Shade Trees, 1 00	Rivers' Miniature Fruit Garden 1 00
Emerson's Farmer's Encyclopædia 6 00	Roe's Manual, Culture of Small Fruits 50
Farm Gardening and Seed Growing (Brill) 1 00	Robinson's Sub-Tropical Garden, Eng. w., 3 00
Field's Pear Culture 1 25	Robinson's Ferns in their Homes and Ours 1 50
Flint (C. L.) on Grasses (New Edition) 2 50	Rose Culturist (paper cover) 30
Flint's Milch Cows, and Dairy Husbandry. 2 50	Saunders' Domestic Poultry (paper 40 cts.) 75
Forest Trees (Bryant)	Scribner's Ready Reckoner
Fuller's Grape Culturist 1 50	Song Bird Fancier (Dreer's) (paper cover). 20
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